Getting Started

In

MicroSurvey[®] CAD2002

By

MicroSurvey Software, Inc.

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Welcome

MicroSurvey Software, Inc. is pleased to present our flagship product -*MicroSurvey CAD2002*. This version adds features that our customers will love. The Active Coordinate Editor, Active Traverse Editor, Active Batch COGO, and AutoCAD 2002 compatibility will help everyone.

Our sales have grown more than 2000% since introducing MSCAD. This enables MicroSurvey to move forward *faster to produce you a better product*. Our success is due to your success with our software.

We consider all the new features to be a Breakthrough. One of our beta testers reported a 50% timesaving since our MSCAD Pro 3.1 to produce a standard lot survey. This is what we are aiming for: a better, more enjoyable product to use that saves you time!

Included with this program is almost 6 Hours of training movies. Movies make the printed documentation obsolete. That is why we reduced our manuals to a "Getting Started" book that contains the tutorials in a lay-flat book, and a "Program Guide". The Program Guide is more like a map into the on-line help system than a full reference manual. Since the help system is electronic, we can treat it as a living document that can be updated with each service pack or new CD.

We plan on introducing more exciting products for you in the next year. Watch our web site for news and updates on this and other MicroSurvey products.

Yours truly,

Darcy Detlor, President, MicroSurvey Software, Inc.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Addresses and Phone Numbers



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Calling for Technical Support

Preparing to Contact Technical Support

MicroSurvey Software Technical Support is available to help you get the most out of your MicroSurvey CAD2002 program. The following information explains how to prepare for your call so that your inquiry can be answered promptly and accurately. Take a few minutes before you place your call to check the printed documentation and the on-line help files to see if the answer is already at your disposal. Remember that there are several tutorials and over 100 Screen CAM Movies that can also help explain some topics. Our Web site on the Internet can also save you time, please check it for assistance if you can. If they do not help you then when you call please have the following information available if requested. Computer brand and model, CPU type and clock speed, other hardware attached to the computer such as plotters and digitizers, version of the program, operating system and version.

Please make sure that you have all the steps you completed prior to your problem and can explain them to the technical support representative. We may ask that you forward a copy of your data to us if we cannot find the problem immediately.

Phone/Fax Support

Introductory Support

MicroSurvey offers a 90-day complimentary support period to all of our registered users, starting the date of purchase. Introductory support is available Monday to Friday except holidays. To reach a technical representative you may use one of the following;

Pacific Time Technical Support (Head Office): 8:00AM-5:00PM

Technical Support Number: 1-800-668-3312 International Customers Please phone: +1-250-707-0000 Technical Support fax number: 1-250-707-0150

Eastern Time Technical Support Office: 9:00AM-5:30PM

North American Technical Support Number: 1-877-752-2911 International Technical Support Phone Number: +1-705-752-2911 Technical Support fax number: 1-705-752-2133

Yearly Support

For clients who have had their original 90-day complimentary support period expire and feel that they will want on going support over the next year, we have a Yearly Support Contact option available. This gives you the ability to contact us for technical support, as much as you require, and you pay a flat fee once a year. This option is not to be used in place of training but is to assist you on the occasions when you really need it. The charge for the Yearly Support Contract is to be billed and paid for prior to the support commencing. This rate is subject to change, call for current rates.

Electronic Support

MicroSurvey maintains and provides support at no charge on our Internet Web-site at the following address:

http://www.microsurvey.com/

This web-site has sections on Frequently asked questions, Technical Notes, Technical Specifications, and as required, free updates and program fixes, along with a lot of other helpful information.

Training

MicroSurvey Software, Inc. can provide training to you, in your office or in a classroom situation (where facilities and numbers allow).

MicroSurvey has training staff that will travel to almost anywhere and provide you with the professional skills you require to operate your MicroSurvey CAD2002 program. Please feel free to call and ask for a quotation or inquire about potential classroom situations. Your local dealer may also be able to setup or arrange a training session for you. Contact our head office for more information about training.

VIP Support Program

Keep on top of the technology with MicroSurvey's VIP Software Subscription program. You don't need to concern yourself about staying current – we'll do it for you. It's the worry-free way to ensure you always have the best, most up to date software anywhere, and you know exactly how much it will cost. You'll also receive unlimited technical support for your software.

What are the advantages?

- Get all upgrades to MicroSurvey CAD2002 sent to you automatically and Free!
- Unlimited telephone support included. You always talk to a real person when you call MicroSurvey's support line.
- With VIP Service, we'll always start the support process with a real person within 1 hour of your call. (during regular business hours*)
- Always keep up to date with the latest technology. We give you priority e-mail notification of all bug fixes and updates.
- You receive a **10% discount** on your future MicroSurvey software purchases (from regular or promotional pricing)
- No need to generate new purchase orders each time that a new upgrade is released. Your upgrade will come automatically.
- Is your peace of mind worth pennies per day? These days, you can hardly buy a cup of coffee for that price, but that's all you'll pay for MicroSurvey's VIP Subscription Program!
- Buy up to four years' Subscription at once. You'll know exactly what it's going to cost you, and you don't ever need to check if you have the most current MicroSurvey software version.
- We pay the shipping for new software. That's another thing you won't have to worry about.
- When you deal with MicroSurvey, you always get great service. Imagine how good the service will be when you're a VIP!

Call our office for more details on the VIP program, or see the MicroSurvey web site.

(*Note: 1 hour call back guarantee to start the support process is during Western Office hours)

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MicroSurvey CAD2002

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Hardware Requirements

MicroSurvey CAD2002 operates entirely within Windows, and has no hardware requirements over and above those of Windows itself except as noted below. We suggest the following basic system as a minimum for *efficient* operation:

- Pentium processor
- 64 megabytes RAM (More if you are working in large drawings most of the time)
- 100 megabytes free hard disk space (500MB if you wish to install all of the movies)
- SVGA or better monitor
- Video resolution set to 800x600 or better (lower resolutions may result in part of the pull down menus running off the bottom of the screen)
- Mouse, digitizing tablet or other pointing device

In order to use the data collector communication features, your system will also need an external RS-232 serial port or a USB connection for best performance with MicroSurvey FieldGeniusTM.

In order to get printed output, you will require a printer or plotter configured to work in your Windows environment. We recommend obtaining the most upto-date printer/plotter drivers off of the manufacturers Internet web site.

Software Requirements

MicroSurvey CAD2002 is designed for use with Windows 95, Windows 98, Window NT (4.0SP3+), Windows 2000, or Windows XP. Note: Windows XP users must have Administrator's rights. Most of the functions and routines are called from pull down menus or dialog boxes, which are added to the CAD menu system. Command line entry and Toolbars have also been included to allow faster entry.

When using a digitizing tablet you will require the current WINTAB driver for your tablet, and it must be installed and configured in Windows.

Getting Started

Help System

The help system is continually updated to keep current with all the advancements and new commands that are added on a regular basis. The help file also has Tutorials, Important Phone Numbers, Copyright Information, and Much more. Be sure to look through the whole help file as **it will always be more current and comprehensive than the manuals.**

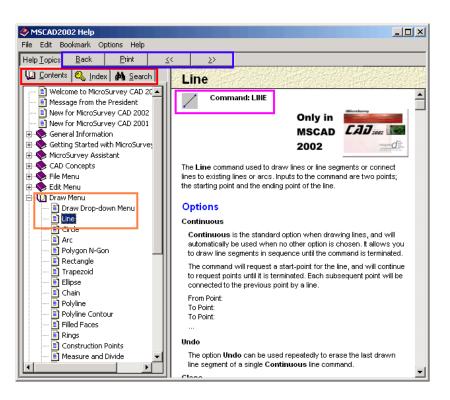
A few tips about using Help:

You can find Help using any one of these 3 methods:

- 1. By clicking on the HELP button available on most dialogs within MicroSurvey CAD2002. This will take you to the help topic on the command currently in use.
- 2. Quick tips are available on most dialogs within MicroSurvey CAD2002 by using the What's This? Help.
- 3. Access the Help System from the top of the Help menu or using the F1 key.

Have a look at the next image. The Help is arranged in the same basic order as the Menus.

- Notice that the topic for drawing a LINE is displayed. If you had located this topic using the Index or Search options, you should flip to the Contents option to locate the command in the menu system.
- Notice that the keyboard command is shown where possible as well as the corresponding toolbox / Palette button.
- The Back button will take you to the last page viewed and the forward and back arrows help you to navigate through the Help system in topic order as shown in the table of contents.
- Always look for the vertical scroll bar on the far right hand side. It's presence indicates that there is more information below that is not currently visible. Some topics are several pages long!



What's This? Help

The little **1** in the corner of the dialog box allows you to pick it then pick the portion of the dialog that you want help on while running the command.

Use this to find out about any portion of the dialog box on screen.

Startup and Overview movie

This is a long one so grab some popcorn and get ready for a full tour of MicroSurvey CAD2002! You can start this movie from the Project Manager, or from the Help Menu under MicroSurvey Movies.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Product Registration Options

Now that you have tested the program in detail and you have decided to purchase, you need to register the product. We have made this job as easy and painless as possible by allowing you to register from inside the program. We also allow you to erase the registration file in case of difficulty but this should only be done under the direction of a MicroSurvey Employee. These options are at the top of the MicroSurvey Pulldown menu:

Enter Registration Password	
Delete Registration File	
Transfer License to Another Machine	

Enter Registration Password

This command allows you to enter the MicroSurvey CAD2002 registration process. You will be shown the Registration form which we require you to fill out in order to receive your password to convert the program into a fully enabled mode. This is only needed upon initial installation, or after you have run in Demo Mode, and you have decided to purchase.

If the product is already registered then you will simply see this dialog box.

Information		X
MicroSurvey is correctly registered.		
Thank you.		
	<u>OK</u>	

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Delete Registration File



This command will erase the Hidden, System file that contains your registration password. Be VERY careful with this option and do not pick it unless you are having a problem with the password. After deleting this file, the next time you start MicroSurvey CAD2002 You will be presented with the Registration form.



The Convertible Demo

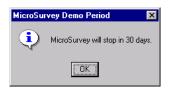
MicroSurvey CAD2002, like other MicroSurvey Software, Inc. products, is marketed in the form of a "Convertible Demo", which lets you try out all its functions without buying a copy. We encourage you to redistribute copies to anyone in complete and unaltered form. This copy will be fully functional in every way but will shut down after 30 days.

Converting to a fully functional system

If you decide to purchase the system, you can convert it to full operation by means of a password supplied by MicroSurvey Software, or an authorized dealer. When you initially start up the program, you will see the following dialog box: Choose one of the following Options:

Password not found on computer		
Welcome to MicroSurvey CAD 2002		
REGISTER	If you have purchased this program you must register to receive your machine password:	
PASSWORD	If you have already received a password from MicroSurvey Software, Inc press this button:	
DEMO	Demo Mode. This mode will run for 30 days and then stop operating.	
HELP!	If this does not make sense, please pick this button!	

If you are just testing the program out then you will see the following dialog box, after you pick demo mode.



If you choose Register Program you will see the following dialog box:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Customer Registration	<u>? ×</u>
Your name:	
Company name:	
Street Address:	
City:	
State or Province:	
Postal Code/Zip Code:	
Country:	
Phone Number:	
FAX Number:	
Email:	
Dealer Name:	
Key Number:	MSCAD2002-136064129
Print the file and FAX Micros your key number and we will have received a password	p NOTEPAD with this information. Survey Software Inc. at (250) 707-0150 with send you back a password right away. If you d from MicroSurvey, pick "Enter Password" er your password now.
OK Cancel	Help Enter Password

Fill out the information. When you press the OK button, the program will write the information along with the **Key number** into a file called REGISTER.TXT that will be located in the C:\MSCAD2002\MSCAD directory. Print this file and FAX (250) 707-0150 or Email it to register@microsurvey.com.

Register Program

As soon as payment arrangements have been made, you will be given a password. The next time you load MicroSurvey CAD2002 select the option "Password". You will be presented with a dialog box to enter the password.

Enter MicroSurvey Password:			? ×
Enter the password you o	btained from Mic	roSurvey Softwar	e Inc.:
Password:	123456		
OK	Cancel	Help	

After the password has been entered you will see,

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002



Hardware Lock Version

MicroSurvey CAD2002 is available in a hardware lock version. This version is primarily meant for International customers but can be purchased by Canadian and American customers if desired. The Rainbow Software Sentinel Hardware Lock is a method of protection that replaces the software password required for the program. Using the hardware lock can provide greater freedom by allowing you to install the MicroSurvey CAD2002 program on several computers but only have one licensed copy. You could simply transfer the hardware lock to the computer that requires it. The other computers will not be able to run the program without the hardware lock. This option is great for home and office situations. You must secure the hardware lock to your parallel printer port on the rear of your computer. Make sure the power is off before connecting or removing any cables or other devices from your computer.

To tell the program that you are using the hardware lock instead of the password protection system you must install the Sentinel Pro Drivers. The drivers are included on your CD.

<u>STEP#1</u>

For Windows 95 or Windows 98:

Change to the \Sentinel\Win_9x directory and run SENTW9x.EXE. Pick on the Functions pull down menu (near the top left of the screen) and Pick INSTALL. The following dialog comes up to confirm the location of the drivers on the CD – simply press enter to accept this.

Sentinel Install	×
Specify the Path of the Sentinel Files:	OK
E:\Sentinel\WIN_95	Cancel

Then exit out of the driver program. Your drivers are now installed for Windows 95/98.

For Windows NT4 Windows 2000 Windows XP:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Change to the \Sentinel\Win_nt directory and run INSTALL.BAT. This batch file will determine which type of computer your NT is installed on and run the appropriate program to install the drivers. Follow the prompts to install the drivers.

STEP#2

After installing the appropriate drivers, as shown above, you need to copy two more files to make MicroSurvey CAD2002 fully functional with the Hardware Lock.

The hardware lock version of the main MicroSurvey CAD2002 program DLLs are in a directory on the root of the CD called \HWLOCK. We found that some computers were having problems with the hardware lock code if they had non-standard serial ports, so we produced a special copy of the DLL for hardware lock machines.

Before you can use the hardware lock version you need to copy MSCAD.DLL and QS.DLL from the \HWLOCK directory on the CD, into your \MSCAD2002\PROGRAMS directory on the computer, making sure that you DO replace the existing files.

Transferring the License to Another Machine

Occasionally it is necessary to move the program to a newer machine. MicroSurvey CAD2002 has the ability to generate a transfer password so a new machine can "take over the license from an older machine. This will COMPLETELY DISABLE the program on the old machine, so it should **ONLY** be used if you do not plan on running MicroSurvey CAD2002 on the old machine. If you wish to keep it on the old machine, then you will need to purchase an additional license. You cannot return the license to the old machine at a later date, without getting assistance from MicroSurvey Software's Head Office.

To transfer the license to a new machine:

- 1. Begin the installation process on the **new** machine, following the instructions above for a Fully Licensed Version. This install on the **new** machine will generate and display a **Key Number** near the bottom of the Customer Registration dialog.
- On the old machine, run the command from the MicroSurvey pull down menu: Product Registration Options-> Transfer License to Another Machine. The following dialog box will be displayed:

Transfer MicroSurvey to Another Machine	? ×
-WARNING!	
You will NOT be able to reinstall on this machine without assistance MicroSurvey Software Inc.	e from
The NEW machine:	
Enter the Key number generated by the NEW machine:	
OK Cancel Help	,

3. Enter the key number from the NEW machine into this dialog. When you press Ok you will receive another warning that you are about to disable MicroSurvey CAD2002 on this old machine.

MicroSurvey X		
?	ARE YOU SURE YOU WANT TO KILL MICROSURVEY ON THIS MACHINE?	
	Yes No Cancel	

4. If you wish to do so, press Ok again, and you will receive the password for the NEW machine.

Password for NEW Machine		
This is the password for the NEW machine. You should uninstall MicroSurvey on this machine using the Add/Remove program icon in the Windows 95/NT Control Panel.		
	Password for New machine:	
48612		
	UK Help	

MicroSurvey CAD2002 will Exit at this point. Go to the new machine and enter the password. If you attempt to reload the program on the old machine, the program will advise you that the license has been transferred to another machine. If you wish to purchase a license for this machine, call our office and we can give you an unlock code that will re-enable this machine to run

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

MicroSurvey CAD2002. You cannot transfer the license back to the old machine – it is a one-way transfer only.

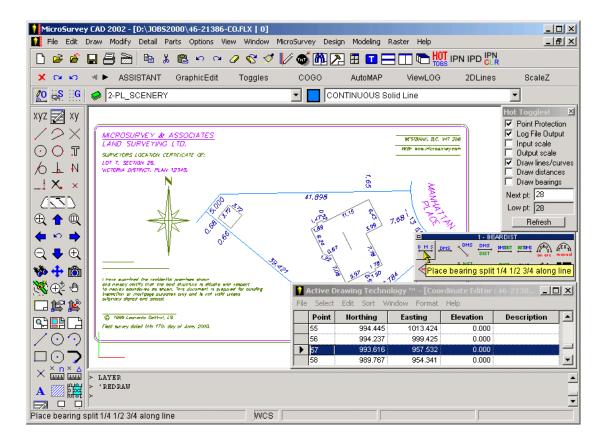
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Program User Interface

The desktop contains a series of standard elements. These are the menu bar, the toolbars, the properties bar, and the status bar.

In addition, the desktop may also contain several palettes.

The following picture shows a possible standard variant of the desktop. See the on-line help system for more details. You can pick on the picture in the help system for information on each part of the screen.



Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Desktop Configuration

Command: DESKCONF

Modification of the Desktop Layout

The DeskConf command displays a pop-up menu that lets you rearrange the desktop. The menu allows you to determine the layout of the command line, option menu or bar, property bar, left toolbar (control panel), and status line.

<u>C</u> ommand Line	►	
<u>Options</u>	Þ	<u>T</u> oolbar
✓ Properties		✓ Menu
Left Toolbar	•	<u>O</u> ff
✓ <u>S</u> tatus Bar		

The Desktop Layout pop-up menu

Command Line

The command line can be placed at the top of the screen (below the menu bar), or at the bottom of the screen (above the status line). If you are an advanced user familiar with the program's command set, you might even turn off the command line.

Option Bar

The options menu can be displayed as a bar (under the command line) or as a floating menu. Once again, if you are an advanced user familiar with the command options, you can turn off the option menu and bar.

Properties

The property bar can be turned on or off. We recommend you turn it on.

Left Toolbar

The control panel (also known as the left toolbar) can be turned on or off.

Status Bar

The status bar can be turned on or off. We recommend you leave it on.

Customizing Toolbars

The toolbars (we call them palettes) assemble buttons that represent a common set of commands, or sequence of commands.



Dragging an Icon to a Toolbar

You add command icons (or symbols) to a toolbar by simply dragging a button from a palette into a toolbar. Follow these steps:

- 1. Open a palette containing the icon of a command that you want to place into a toolbar. Type the PALMAN command and select palettes from the Palette Manager.
- 2. Hold down the left mouse button on the icon you want and drag the icon to the desired location within a toolbar.
- 3. Release the left mouse button to drop the icon at that position.

Adding an Icon to a Toolbar

Follow these steps to add an icon to a toolbar:

1. Right-click the button you want to place a new icon on. The following dialog box opens:

Button Config	X
Command:	ZOOMWIN
Imagename:	fc_win.bmp
Tooltip:	Zoom Window
Helptext:	Zoom Window: Specified by box
Protected	
OK	Cancel

Specifying the properties of a toolbar button

- 2. Specify the command name, the bitmap file, and the messages for the ToolTip of the button and the help string displayed in the status bar.
- 3. Click OK.

If you want to protect the button from being overwritten, enable the Protected check box.

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Deleting an Icon from a Toolbar

You can delete an icon from the toolbar only when the button is not protected. You unprotect a button by right-clicking the button and then disable the Protect option in the Toolbar Configuration dialog box. Follow these steps to delete an icon from a toolbar:

- 1. Hold down the left mouse button over the icon you want to delete.
- 2. Drag the icon onto the drawing window, or to the background area of the drawing area of the desktop.
- 3. Release left mouse button.

The icon is removed from the toolbar. You may then place another icon onto that button.

How to open the Desktop Configuration pop-up menu

- You can call the *Desktop Configuration* menu by typing the **DESKCONF** command.
- Also, you can open the *Desktop Configuration* pop-up menu by clicking the right mouse button in a "non-functional" area of the program's desktop. Such area is either the background area upon where the drawing viewports are displayed or areas in the property bar, context bar, or toolbars that are not covered by buttons or drop-down lists. If necessary, reduce the size of the current drawing(s), cascade the drawing(s), or minimize the drawing(s) to get some free space of the drawing area background. Right-click to this area to open the *Desktop Configuration* menu. You exit this pop-up menu by left clicking to some other area or component on the desktop.

Workflow

How MicroSurvey CAD2002 Works

MicroSurvey CAD2002 creates a database that contains connectivity information, coordinate locations, descriptions, traverses, bearings, and distances. The program tracks the entities stored in the CAD drawing by their handle numbers. Many files are created to store this information.

In order to limit the number of files you need to work with, we combine the data files into one file when you close the MicroSurvey CAD2002 job. The database is stored in a file with the extension .MSD. This file is stored wherever your CAD drawing is stored. When you are running MicroSurvey CAD2002, this file is renamed to the extension .MBK, and it serves as an emergency backup file. The MSD file is expanded into a directory that has the same name as your job with the extension .MSJ. If you are running MicroSurvey CAD2002 and you look in the directory where your job is located, you will see this .MSJ subdirectory. When you close the MicroSurvey CAD2002 job by exiting or closing the drawing, then the files will be automatically compressed into one file, and the directory will be removed.

MicroSurvey CAD2002 has an Automatic backup timer that will save the drawing and the database regularly. In the event that the .MSD file cannot be opened, the system will automatically attempt to open the .MBK file. If neither file can be opened (very unlikely), then the system can still reconstruct the coordinate database and the connectivity database directly from information we store in the drawing.

If you have only the drawing created in MicroSurvey CAD2002 and no database for whatever reason, we can still recover everything from the drawing automatically upon opening the FLX file. You don't have to do anything; we do it all automatically for you. The drawing must have been created in MicroSurvey CAD2002 or completely re-scaled or refreshed in MicroSurvey CAD2002.

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Workflow

This summary is intended to provide an introduction to users who are not familiar with MicroSurvey CAD2002and outlines the steps necessary to prepare a survey drawing.

Generally you will be starting with data from a data collector, from field notes, or from direct COGO data entry. You may also extract data from existing CAD drawings.

When you first start MicroSurvey CAD2002 you must either open an existing drawing (.flx, dwg, or dxf file) or start a new one. Opening an existing drawing will automatically open and link to the associated MicroSurvey CAD2002 coordinate database (.msd file). If you start a new drawing, a new MicroSurvey CAD2002 database file will be automatically created.

On new projects, you will be shown the Main Job Defaults. You should fill out the dialog box and set up the basic job information and scale factors. Next you will need to set the System Toggles to choices appropriate to the job. Where you start next depends on the data source. Most options can now be found on the Assistant or in the MicroSurvey pull down menus.

For data collectors you will either download directly from the data collector using the choices on the Data Collector Communication menu or reading a file from the data collector using the choices on the Data Collector File Analysis menu. For field note entry you will use the Enter Traverse command on the Traverse Coordinating & Balancing menu. For manually entered COGO data, you will use the COGO command from the Points/Lines/Curves menu. (you can simply type COGO if you wish as a short cut) For point, line and curve data in a pre-existing CAD drawing, you will use the Auto Add Points to Objects command in the Coordinate Point Utilities menu.

When you enter a traverse in MicroSurvey CAD2002, either by downloading a data collector or by manually typing in the data, the program creates a traverse database. Each traverse is contained in a separate database. The databases are stored in the project directory when MicroSurvey CAD2002 is loaded and running, and they are automatically compressed into the .MSD file when MicroSurvey CAD2002 is unloaded.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

There is a set order that you should use when working with raw data information in MicroSurvey CAD2002:

- 1) Manually enter, load from a file or download the data into the traverse file.
- 2) If you are entering the data manually, and the Auto Coordinate toggle is ON, then points will be coordinated and drawn onto the MicroSurvey screen as you enter the data. If you download the data from a data collector, any coordinates in the ASCII file will be entered immediately in the coordinate database. The raw data shots read in from the data collector ASCII file are NOT processed into coordinates until you select Recoordinate Traverse.
- 3) Edit the raw data to correct any known errors by selecting Edit Traverse File.
- Enter any starting setup and backsight coordinates into the coordinate database before you attempt to coordinate the traverse. Use Store and Edit Coordinates on the Coordinate Point Utilities.
- 5) Select Coordinate Traverse. This is the program that analyzes the raw data and computes the coordinates for all the raw data shots taken in the field.
- 6) Use the Active Coordinate Editor and examine the MicroSurvey drawing for errors.
- 7) Correct errors using Edit Traverse File and Recoordinate the traverse. When you run Recoordinate traverse on a traverse that has already been coordinated, you will trigger a point protection alert for each point processed. To avoid this, turn off Point Protection in System Toggles, then the entire traverse will then be process without interruption.
- 8) To see the line work for the traverse go to the Show Traverse Graphically command.
- 9) Use the Compute Closure option to analyze the closure of the traverse.
- You may balance the traverse using one of several options, Angle Balance, Transit Balance, Crandall's, Least Squares, or Compass Balance. See Traverse Balancing for details.
- 11) If you detect an error after balancing, you can revert back to the original or edited traverse and re-coordinate it again starting at step

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

For more examples of MicroSurvey workflow, please see the Tutorials

Files types used by MicroSurvey CAD2002

An outline for how MicroSurvey CAD2002 saves your drawings.

A suggested folder name to save your jobs in might be C:\JOBS2000. Then create a new one for 2002, etc. as desired. We do NOT recommend that you place your jobs in our MSCAD2002 folder or in a sub folder under MSCAD2002. Also - try and keep your folder names simple and not too many levels deep. The job name should also be kept simple. Under this folder you can have many jobs, each with it's own name. When you start a new job or open an existing job, there are several files created automatically on the hard drive in the folder you selected.

Below is an example of what files are created by MicroSurvey - using the file JOBNAME.

<u>Standard Job Files:</u>

Drawing File Database File	\rightarrow \rightarrow	jobname.flx or jobname.dwg jobname.msd
Temporary Folder	\rightarrow	<dir> jobname.msj</dir>
Backup of Drawing file Backup of Database file	\rightarrow \rightarrow	jobname.bak jobname.mbk

Note that for MicroSurvey CAD2002 you can set the program to store all files in DWG format from R12-R2002.

When the Job is opened, the Drawing file goes into your computer memory, and the Database file is opened into a temporary folder. The temporary folder has the same name as the JOB but has an extension of MSJ attached to it.

You should not touch this folder and nothing should be placed in here except via the automated routines in our program. We place this temporary MSJ folder in the same location on the hard drive as the job. This is why you cannot open a job from your floppy drive as it is too slow and does not have enough space!

When you save the job, the contents of this folder are compressed and saved into the MSD file. If you exit the program this folder is erased, along with

everything in the folder. This is why you should not place anything in this folder yourself.

Each time you save the job you are taking the current information in memory and saving it to the FLX or DWG file. Then we take the current contents of the MSJ folder and save it to the MSD file. At the same time, if a FLX/DWG and MSD file already exist then we rename the copy already on the hard drive. The FLX/DWG file becomes the BAK file, and the MSD file becomes the MBK file. This way you have backups of your work in case you need them. If a BAK file and MBK file already exist then they are simply replaced by the newer copy.

As you work through a job you will create other files as well. The LOG file is saved automatically in the same folder as the FLX/DWG file. This file maintains a record of the survey commands run with their output. There is a toggle to control this file as well as the ability to blank the file.

If you do any work in the Modeling menu and you decide to save your surfaces then you will create a QSB file. We suggest you save it in the same folder as the FLX file as well. This QSB file is not automatically saved and must be done manually - also for loading it must be done manually each time you wish to use it in the job.

The program will also save Raster functions in the FLI file and any Helmert's Transformation data sets in the HELMERTS.BIN file.

Drawing Calculations Log File ->	JOBNAME.LOG
Modeling Surface File ->	JOBNAME.OSB
Roster Images File ->	JOBNAME.FLI
Helmerts Transformations File ->	HELMERTS, BIN

Other files can be generated, depending upon what you do in the program. If you download a data collector you may have a Raw data file or a Coordinate file. You must tell us where to save these files on the hard drive and in some cases even what to call them. We might suggest one of two locations to place these files. First might be a folder called C:\DOWNLOADS, it would be at the same level as JOBS2000 but separate. Second you may want to place the DOWNLOADS folder under the JOBS2000 folder producing, C:\JOBS2000\DOWNLOADS as a location to save all your download files. This is up to you.

Depending upon what type of collector you are using, the file names may be sent directly from the collector to our program. Other brands will require you

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

to provide the name and extension. If you are providing the name then be sure that it reflects your job name, is unique and has an extension on it.

Suggested extensions might be RAW for raw data files and COR or TXT or ASC for coordinate files. (TDS collectors use RW5 for raw files and CR5 for coordinate files, and both use the name stored in the collector automatically) Or course there are many other files that you can create with MicroSurvey, they can range from Report files and closure files, to ASCII exported files and upload collector files, and even Legal Descriptions. You can name these anything you desire but we recommend that the naming structure be consistent and use appropriate extensions, and always keep the files together in the JOBS2000 folder so you know where the files are. We allow you a lot of flexibility but you have the ultimate control and if you do not know how to work in Windows to create the correct folders then you may wish to receive some training in this area before jumping in too deep.

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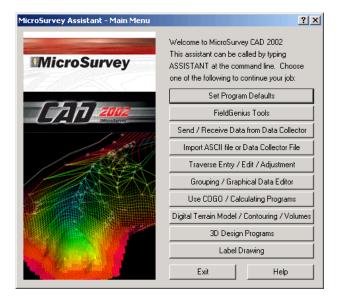
MicroSurvey Assistant

These menus are designed to "assist you in developing a job from first principles to completed survey drawing, with minimal knowledge by the user.

Assistant Main Menu

The main menu is structured so that no matter what you have to do to start a job, you should be able to do it directly from here.

As you move your mouse around on the assistant, you will see different pictures appear for each of the buttons. They are there to help you remember what each button will do for you. Picking on one of the buttons will take you to a second level of menus that provide more programs. Investigate them all so you will know where to find what you need.



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Assistant - Set Program Defaults

Use this dialog to modify the Program Defaults.

You can modify the Main Job Defaults under the General button. The Toggles are also available to you from this dialog, along with all the other defaults used to setup such things as distances, elevations, point numbers, etc. The CAD Settings and Drawing Units will display the appropriate options allowing you to set the working units, grid, snap, point style, OSNAPs, trim radius, highlighting options, mirror text options, and a whole lot more.

MicroSurvey Assistant -	Defaults Menu 🛛 🔀
These options control I builds your drawing and	· ·
General	Drawing Details
Drawing Units	COGO Toggles
Bearings	Distances
Points	Elevations
Descriptions	Lot Areas / Labelling
Streets / Roads	CAD Settings
Ok He	elp Exit

Assistant – FieldGenius Tools

MicroSurvey's new FieldGenius line of data collectors has a super productive and easy to use interface. Our extensive experience with a variety of manufacturer's data collectors ensured that when we built an interface, it would be better than anything on the market. Our ActiveSync integration makes data transfer and import as painless as possible.

FieldGenius Tools	
-IMPORT TOOLS	
Import FieldGenius Project	
Import FieldGenius Raw File	
Import FieldGenius Coordinate File	
EXPORT TOOLS	
Export FieldGenius Project	
Export FieldGenius XYZ file	
Ok Help Exit	

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Assistant - Send/Receive Data from Data Collector

MicroSurvey A	MicroSurvey Assistant - D C 💦 🔀		
Choose to Dow data to your col	nload from or Up lector:	oload	
Download to Computer			
L	Jpload to Collect	or	
Ok	Help	Exit	

This short menu assists you if you are downloading a file from your data collector to the computer or uploading a file from the computer to your data collector.

Assistant - Import ASCII File or DC File

Another method of importing point data into MicroSurvey CAD2002 is via an ASCII file. This file would have information like; Point Numbers, Northings, Eastings, Elevations, Descriptions, each describing a point, and in one of several different formats in a text file known as an ASCII file.

You can also read a data collector file that you downloaded previously, incorporating the data into your job.

Several other tools have been added to this menu to allow you to join points by linework in an automated method.

Import ASCII File or DC File ? X This menu allows you to start your drawing by importing data. Import Data Collector ASCII File ACCII Import ASCII Import ASCII Import ACCII File Connect Points by Description (Z X Y .) Connect Points by SDRMAP Method Connect Points by Nikon AIMS Method Connect Points by Nikon AIMS Method Exit

Assistant - Traverse Calcs

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This menu option allows you to manually enter, edit, list, recoordinate, or show a traverse. It also allows you to compute closures and balance the traverse.

Data collector files are also considered to be traverses and therefore you have the ability to manipulate those files as well. Especially useful for the data collector file is the Re-coordinate traverse option which is required to calculate coordinates from the original Raw data saved in your data collector files.

Mi	croSurvey A	ssistant - Tra	verse	? ×
	This menu is us closure and ba	ed to enter edi lancing.	: compute	
	Se	et Current Trave	rse	
	Enter	Traverse Field	Notes	
	E	dit Traverse Da	ta	
Ī	Lis	t Traverse Reco	ords	
	Re-Coordinate Traverse			
	Compute Traverse Closure			
	Show the Traverse			
	Compass Balance			
lĪ	Vertical Balance			
	Crandall's Adjustment			
	Least Square Adjustment			
Ī	Ok	Help	Exit	

Assistant - COGO/Calculating Programs

Here are the shortcuts used by almost everyone. COGO is one of the most used portions of MicroSurvey CAD2002. Working with lines and curves, generating streets from centerlines, and then taking those streets and adding blocks and lots to create a subdivision. Finally this section allows you to take the lots and place houses on them, with labeling of the lot numbers and areas.

MicroSurvey Assistant - Calculations	х
This menu contains general COGO programs and loads useful toolboxes for computations:	
COGO - Command Line	
Line Calculations	
Curve Calculations	
Lines & Curve Calcs Toolbox	
Right of Ways	
Streets & Intersections Toolbox	
Subdivisions / Lots / Houses Toolbox	
Ok Help Exit]

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Assistant - DTM/Contouring/Volumes

For the customers that need to take their survey drawings a step further and create surfaces from the point and line data, we have made the transition to the Modeling program as seamless as possible. The more common activities of creating Surfaces, TINs, Contours, and continuing further to calculate volumes between multiple surfaces, are all made available to you here along with many other options.

М	icroSurvey Assistant - DTM	×	
	Create DTM from Drawing Elements		
	Create DTM from ASCII Import file		
	Create Breaklines from Drawing Elements		
	Show / Draw Surface Points		
	Show / Draw Breaklines		
	Show / Draw TIN Model		
	Show / Draw Grid Model		
	Show / Draw TGRD Model		
	Show / Draw Contours		
	Label Contours		
	Set Contour Interval	Ī	
	Post Spot Elevations		
	Compute Area Volumes		
	Load Modeling / DTM Palette		
	Ok Help Exit	1	
	,,,,,,,,,,,,_		

Assistant - 3D Design Programs

This menu is used for the more advanced design sections of MicroSurvey CAD2002. These routines are explained in detail in the Help system.

MicroSurvey Assistant - 3D Design	×	
This menu allows you to do advanced calculations in 3D for roads and new sites.		
Create or Edit Xsection Template		
AutoRoute Program		
Full Surface Cross Sections		
AutoSite Design Program		
Ok Help Exit		

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Assistant - Label Drawing

This menu is a short cut to all of your text and labeling routines. Many of the Toolboxes can be accessed here to help make rapid labeling possible. Other routines such as line and curve tables and area calculations are added to assist you. The toolboxes, or palettes, display many options and can be left on the screen for future usage.

Mi	icroSurvey Assistant	- Labelir	ig 🔀	(
	This menu runs labeling	programs	or	_
	loads useful toolboxes.			
Name of Street	Label Coo	rdinate		
	Add & Edit Te	xt Toolbox	(
	Lines and Curv	es Toolba	×	
	Line Ta	ible		
	Curve Ta	ables		
	Ties & Leaders & S	ymbols Ta	olbox	
	Areas by Poin	t Numbers		
	Areas by Objec	t Selectio	n	
	Ok Help		Exit	

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Data Collector Tutorial

Because of the size and complexity of this tutorial we have broken it down into 11 smaller steps to make it easier for you to follow.

Step 1) Starting the Job

Step 2) Importing a Data Collector File

Step 3) Viewing the Drawing

Step 4) Line Connection – Z-coding

Step 5) Create Surfaces

Step 6) 3D Viewing and Advanced Rendering

Step 7) Cleanup of Screen

Step 8) Quick Contours

Step 9) Setting up a Boundary

Step 10) Final Contours

Step 11) Labeling Contours and Saving Your Work

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Starting the Job

In this introductory tutorial we will load a data collector file and annotate the points, connect the break lines, then build a contoured topographic model of the surveyed site. We will start with a new empty drawing and project and build everything from scratch.

To begin, start a new drawing by going to the **MicroSurvey Project Manager**, found under the **File pulldown menu**.

- Projec	e <mark>y Project Manager</mark> t Directory:	? ×
C	reate Project Directory Set Project Directory	
Project D	-	
Drawings		Movies
	Audit database and drawing on load	n Dovies
New	Open Delete Help Cancel	98
	Brawing: Use Template	

Then pick on the NEW button to start a new job.

Then fill in the name of the job and call it SOKKIA.FLX,

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Enter New M	SCAD Pro Drawing Name:				? ×
Look jn: 🔂	Jobs2000	• E	<u></u>	d	
Download:	8		_	_	
🗋 Uploads					
, File name:	SOKKIA		_		0
rile <u>n</u> ame.	JOURNIA		- 1		<u>O</u> pen
Files of type:	*.flx		-		Cancel
					Find

Pick on the **OPEN** button.

Next you will see the following dialog box.

Set the scale and other settings as shown below.

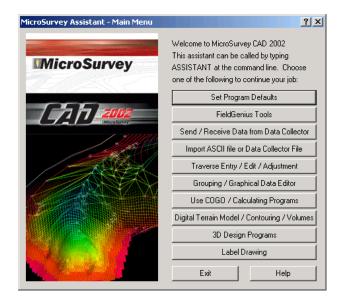
General Configuration Options	
Data version number: 03.10 Distances: C Metric C Feet C Feet C Azimuths C South	
Drawing Scale factor: 1000	
Default Leroy Text Size: 100	
Input Scale factor: 1	
Output Scale factor: 1	
Point Protection Tolerance: 0.001	
Set Surface File and Current Surface	
MicroSurvey 10/11/12 Data File:	
Browse	
Job Description: Data Collector Example	
oob Description. J	
Client name: Mr. Noremac	
Client name: Mr. Noremac	

Pick on the **OK** button to continue.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Importing a Data Collector File

You will see the MicroSurvey Assistant on screen (if you do not, pick on the Assistant button from the option bar)



From the assistant pick the Import ASCII File or Data Collector File button.

Import ASCII File or DC File
This menu allows you to start your drawing by importing data.
Import Data Collector ASCII File
ASCII Import
AutoMAP Library Editor
Process AutoMAP Connections
Connect Points by Description (ZXY.)
Connect Points by SDRMAP Method
Connect Points by Nikon AIMS Method
Ok Help Exit

Then from this dialog pick the Import Data Collector ASCII File button.

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SMI RAW ASCII file	EMXS Raw	
Sokkia 20/22/24	Sokkia 33 / PowerSet	
Nikon 300	Nikon 400	
Nikon 500	Nikon 700	
Nikon DR2 (Cansel)	TDS 48/500/Husky	
Geodimeter 400 (older)	Newer Geodimeter (stacked)	
Leica GSI 8 / 16	Leica/Wild GRE / Gif 10	
Leica DXM MicroSurvey	Topcon FC4/On Board	
Topcon 210/310 Meas.	Topcon 210/310 Coord.	

Now select the button that says Sokkia 20/22/24.

You will then be presented with the Toggle Check dialog box to confirm that they are correct or to change them if required.

Import Toggle Check	<u>?×</u>
System Toggles	
Point protection	Description translation
CAD Drawing Controls	
🔽 Draw point numbers	✓ Draw elevations
Draw descriptions	🔽 Draw points
AutoMAP Controls	
✓ Draw AutoMAP Symbols	Set Up AutoMAP System
OK Car	ncel Help

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Next you will see the following dialog.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Enter name of Sokkia Raw Data file:			? ×
Look jn: 🔁 Jobs2000	- 🗈 🛛	2 🖻	
Downloads SUKKIA.PRJ Uploads			
File name: Files of type: *.*			<u>O</u> pen Cancel <u>H</u> elp

Change it to the \MSCAD2002\Tutorial folder and pick on the file named SOKKIA.RAW.

Enter name o	f Sokkia Ra w Data file:					? ×
Look jn: 🔂	Tutorial	-	£	<u></u>	Ĕ	
🔝 contours.F						
CONTOUF	IS.pst					
🛛 🖻 Fc4-big2.ra	w					
🖻 smi.raw						
🔹 🖻 sokkia.raw						
📄 🖹 survey.raw						
File <u>n</u> ame:	sokkia.raw		_			<u>O</u> pen
Files of type:	× × .			-		Cancel
						Help
					_	Tob

Then pick on the **OPEN** button to continue. This is a Sokkia coordinate data collector file.

Then you will see the following dialog box:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Create a New traverse database file or use an Existing one?					
MicroSurvey is about to store the data you are "importing" into a database file called a 'traverse' database file.					
You are being asked if you want to put this data into a new database file or append onto an existing file.					
If you are importing a downloaded data collector or total station file, then you should realize that this will NOT alter the original downloaded data file.					
If you are not sure, then you should make a NEW file.					
New file Existing file					
Cancel Help					

Select New Traverse, because this is a new traverse database.

Enter **Sokkia** as the new traverse name in the following dialog box, and pick the **SAVE** button to continue.

	<u>?</u> ×
Save in: 🔁 SOKKIA.msj 💽 🖛 🛍 📸	
DB_COORD.NX DB_LINE.NX DB_NODE.NX DB_POLY.NX DB_TEXT.NX	
File name: SOKKIA Save	•
Save as type: The Cance	

Fill in information about the job in the dialog box below and then pick the **OK** button.

Enter Traverse Parameters 🛛 📪 🗙					
Job Description:	Tutorial				
	ME+YOU				
Instrument Number:	1				
Temperature:	нот				
Pressure:	LOW				
OK Cancel Help					

This collector file contains only coordinate information and therefore all the points are passed directly through to the database and screen. As the data

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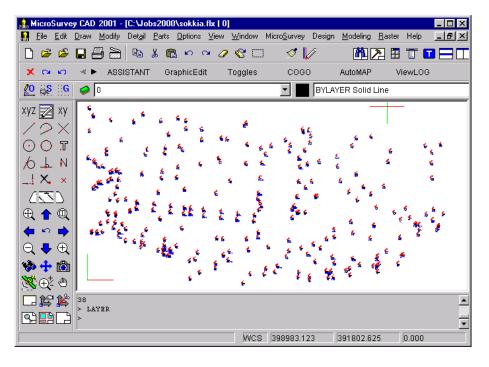
points are loaded, you will see the data collector records scroll by in the text window, but because the view is not over the site, you don't see anything until the end when the program automatically does a zoom extents for us.

You will see this dialog box in the middle of the screen.

MicroSurvey 🛛 🕅
Edit the raw data file?
<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o
Pick on NO
MicroSurvey 🔀
Do you want to re-coordinate the traverse?

And NO.

Then when the Assistant menus come back on screen – hit **EXIT** on each one until they are removed from screen and you are left with just the job on screen.



Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

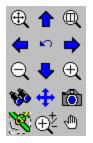
Viewing the Drawing

(This step of the tutorial is to help show the points in the job in a view that will help you understand the program. This entire step is not required when doing your own jobs later)

You will see all of the labeled points from the job. If you zoom in on a couple of points, they would look like this.



(The zoom commands are found on the left side of the screen where the 4 blue arrows point up, down, left and right)



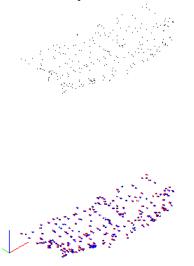
The annotation (text) is drawn at the current elevation (usually zero), but the points are drawn at their actual 3D elevation. You can see this by looking at your drawing from an oblique view.

Select the ISO View SW icon button found on your left side screen menu.



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You will see from this oblique view that the points are at their elevation towards the top of the screen and the annotation is at an elevation of zero.



Now pick the **Top View (Plan View)** icon button found on your left side screen menu, to return to a normal view.



Line Connection – Z-coding

We are going to connect points sharing the same description with 3D break lines, so let's create a layer on which to place them. Select the green layers icon in the top left portion of the screen, as shown here.



Make a new layer called "lines" and make it current as follows:

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	ew	1	Rena	me <u>S</u> elect	Cancel
Current Layer:				Used Layers:	
LINES				6 of 4096	
Properties		Statu	•		
Layer Name	<u>0</u> n		s Ihw		
Alphabetically Sorted	O <u>f</u> f	<u>L</u> ock	Erz	Linetype	Color
0	On	Unl	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Black
DESCRIPTION ELEVATION	On On	Unl Unl	Thw Thw	CONTINUOUS CONTINUOUS	Cyan Yellow
LINES MSPOINT	On	Unl	Thw Thw	CONTINUOUS	Black
POINTNUMBER	On On	Unl Unl	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Black Cyan
					-

Type in **LINES** in the edit box and press the **New button**. Highlight the **LINES** layer listing below and press the **Current** button. Then pick the **OK** button to exit the dialog box.

From the MicroSurvey pulldown menu, select AutoMAP System \rightarrow Connect Points by X Y Z, and you will see

XYZ Connection Method Option					
Welcome to the XYZ Connection program.					
This program will connect your points based upon the XYZ prefix you have added to the descriptions.					
You have the option of connecting in 3D for breaklines, 2D for basic surveying, or skip the connection method.					
3D Lines 2D Lines					
Skip XYZ Method Help					

We will be using these as break lines for our topographic surface, so pick the **3D Lines** button.

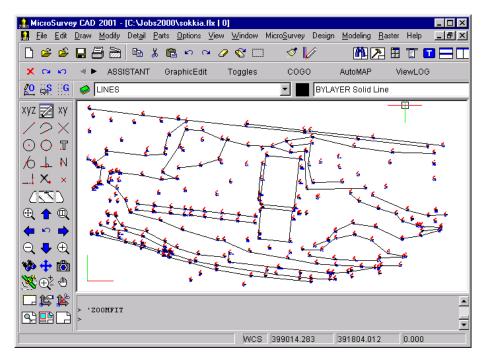
You will see some linework being drawn on screen and then you will see the following dialog box.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

MicroSu	vey		×
?	Blank Descri	ption Codes	(ZXY)?
	Yes	<u>N</u> o	

The data collector file in this example uses Z coding to allow for fast automatic connection of points with lines. Normally, you would blank the description codes to remove the leading Z character, but for this demo, answer **NO** to blank description codes so you can see them.

Now your screen should look like this. The lines you see are in 3D, just like the points that were used to create the lines.



Create Surfaces

Now you have points and break lines, which is all you need for a topo map and surface.

We will extract the data from which to make our map by using the Data Extraction filters in the Modeling routines. This allows us to be very specific

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

on what we are using to create our surface. You do not always need to use the filters but doing so allows you full control.

Go to the Modeling pulldown menu and pick on **Configuration Settings**. This dialog will appear:

Surfaces Configuration					
Configuration Options:					
Grids	Draping				
Contours	Break Lines				
Data Extraction	Boundaries				
Units Posting					
ASCII Point Load Slopes					
Cross Sections Surface Operations					
OK					

Pick on the Data Extraction button and this dialog box comes up.

Extract Configuration	×
Densify during extract	Densify Step Size
Filter by Entity	Size: 📋 🔽 Auto
Filter by Layer	Layer:
☑ Filter by Z	Z Range Minimum Z: 2
Extract only frame points	Maximum Z: 90000
Maximum number of points: 200	0000
OK Car	icel Help

Pick on the **Filter by Entity** button and then pick **OK** to continue, and **OK** again to exit the previous dialog.

Next go to the Modeling pulldown menu and select Extract from Drawing \rightarrow Extract to Surface. You will see the dialog box shown here. Accept the surface name of Ground and pick the OK button to continue.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Dialog		? ×
This program merg	jes points into the selected or	entered surface.
Select DTM Surl	face: GROUND	•
🔽 Make	e surface current 🛛 🗖 Clea	r before extract
[(ÖK Cancel	Help

Now you will be asked what it is you are picking to create your surface. On this dialog pick **POINT** from the list – then pick the **SELECT** button and then the **OK** button to continue.

Entity Filter	? ×
3Dface Arc Attdef Attrib Circle Dimension Insett Line Polyline Shape Solid Text Trace	Select Delete
OK Car	icel Help

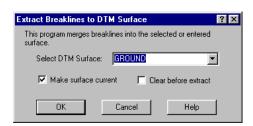
Next select the points, by windowing the entire drawing, or simply press **ENTER** and the routine will grab everything in the drawing automatically for you. Don't worry if you get the break lines too as we have told it to filter out just the points at this time.

```
264 points total in surface.
```

You have now placed all the points on the surface **Ground**. Now we need to do the same thing with the breaklines.

Pull down the Modeling menu and select Extract from Drawing \rightarrow Extract Breaks. This will show the following dialog box, similar to the one above.

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Pick **OK** to accept the surface name **Ground**. Both the points and breaklines must be on the same surface.

Now you will see the following dialog box.

Entity Filter	?×
Point	
	Select
	Delete
	Reset
ОК	Cancel

Pick on the **RESET** button and then pick on **LINE** and **POLYLINE**, as shown below.

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Entity Filter	? ×
3Dface Arc Attrib Circle Dimension Insert Line Point Point Shape Solid Text Trace	Select Delete Reset
DK	Cancel

Then pick on the **SELECT** button. What you are doing is telling the routine that you no longer wish to pick points but now wish to pick lines and polylines to add them as breaklines to your surface. Then pick on the **OK** button to continue.

Now you can select the breaklines by making a window around the drawing, or by simply pressing **ENTER** to select everything on screen. Don't worry if you get the points too as the filter will only use the 3D lines and polylines it finds.

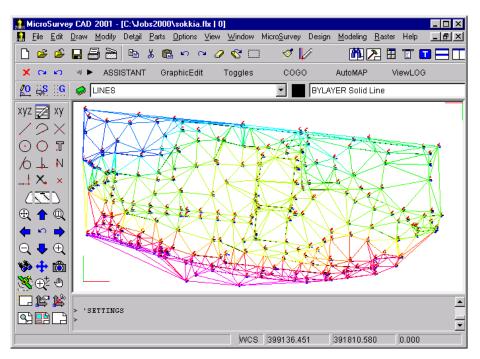
```
179 additional points added to current surface.
```

Note: The order is important here. Extract points first, then breaks. This puts the extracted data into a surface named what you decide. The default is GROUND. We don't see anything yet because we just created a surface in memory, but have not displayed it.

3D Viewing and Advanced Rendering

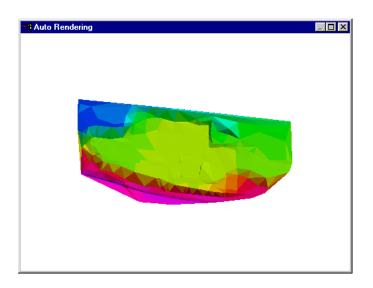
Most of the time you would just create and draw contours at this point, but we will take a two-minute side trip to explore basic site visualization in 3D. To start with, we are going to create and draw a TIN (Triangulated Irregular Network) representing the topography by selecting **TIN** from the Modeling menu, pressing return to select the **<GROUND>** surface and then answering **D** to Draw the surface (rather than the temporary Show) and press return *twice* to draw it as a **polyface mesh** entity with invisibility as **NONE**. This is the 3D surface representing the points and breaks of the surface.

Here is what you should now see.

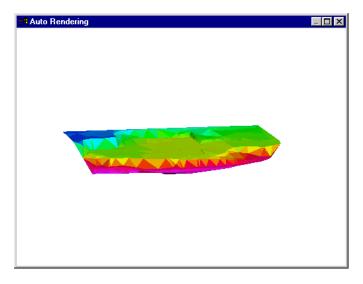


An interactive rendered view of this may be displayed by selecting **Animated Rendering** selection from the **VIEW** pulldown menu. This will display the rendered surface in a window.

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This display is interactive. Left-click and hold the mouse button down in the window and your cursor changes to a pointing hand. Move the hand slowly (while holding the left mouse button down) and the image will rotate in 3D in real time.



This feature is good for quick looks and can impress a client.

Pick the X in the top right of the window to remove it from the screen.

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Cleanup of screen

We will erase the TIN from the screen so we can see the rest of the job. We will use a shortcut to do this. Press an **E** (for erase) followed by **<enter>**, then when prompted to select objects, answer **L <enter>** to select the last object drawn, then press **<enter>** again. MicroSurvey has shortcuts called *selection sets* like Last and Previous that can speed your work.

(If the Tin does not erase then try again and pick one of the triangles while in the erase command)

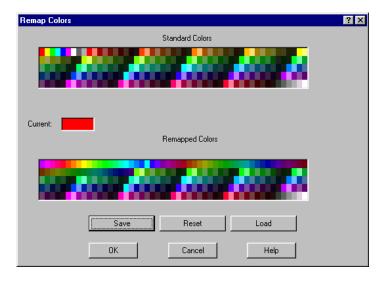
Occasionally you may need to redraw the display in MicroSurvey to clean up artifacts from erasing entities.

Pick one of these 3 buttons on the left side menu to run the redraw command.



Quick Contours

Contours may be generated by three different methods. To set the correct method for what you require we need to do 2 things. First we need to set the color map to what we require. Go to the Modeling pulldown menu \rightarrow Color Options \rightarrow Reset Color Map.



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Pick on the **RESET** button and then the **OK** button.

What this is doing is setting the colors to standard CAD colors so you can set your pen widths for plotting easily.

Now we need to tell the routine which method to use to color the contours and to set the interval.

Go to the Modeling pulldown menu \rightarrow Color Options \rightarrow Contour Color Settings

Contour Parameters			×	Set your defaults to
Color Contours?				match this dialog
Yes		🔿 No		
Contour Color Method				
C Cycle	🔿 Split	💿 Inte	rval	
Color by Cycle		Color by Interval		
Number of Colors	24	Contour Interval	2	
Starting Color	1	Highlight Interval	5	
Color by Split				
Split Elevation	0	Contour Color	1	
Lower Color	1	Highlight Color	5	
Higher Color	5			
OK	Cano	el Help		

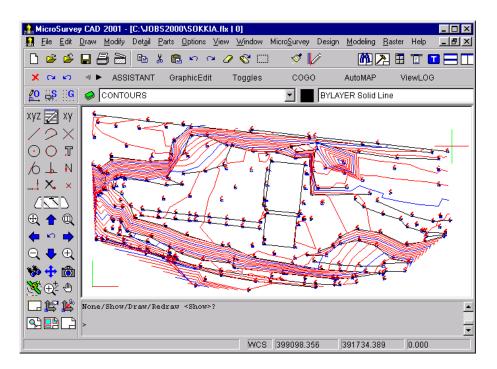
We will draw our contours on their own layer. Make a new layer named contours and make it current, just like you did for the lines layer previously. Select the Layer Management dialog and type in **CONTOURS** in the edit box and press **New**. Highlight the **CONTOURS** layer and press the **Current** button. Pick **OK** to close the dialog box.

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CONTOURS Current N Current Layer: N	BW		<u>R</u> enar	me <u>S</u> elect Used Layers:	Cancel
CONTOURS				7 of 4096	
Properties		o			
Laura Mana	0	Statu			
Layer Name	<u>0</u> n	_	<u>T</u> hw	E1	
Alphabetically Sorted	O <u>f</u> f	Lock	<u>F</u> rz	Linetype	Color
0	On	Unl	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Black
CONTOURS	On	Unl	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Black
DESCRIPTION ELEVATION	On On	Uni Uni	Thw Thw	CONTINUOUS	Cyan Yellow
LINES	On	Uni	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Black
MSPOINT	Ön	Uni	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Black
POINTNUMBER	On	Unl	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Cyan

Select the **Contour** command from the **Modeling pulldown menu**, press **<enter>** to accept the **<GROUND>** surface (the surface to which you extracted your points) and press **<enter>** to temporarily "show the contours".

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The contours are NOT yet part of the drawing. They are only in memory and displayed temporarily.

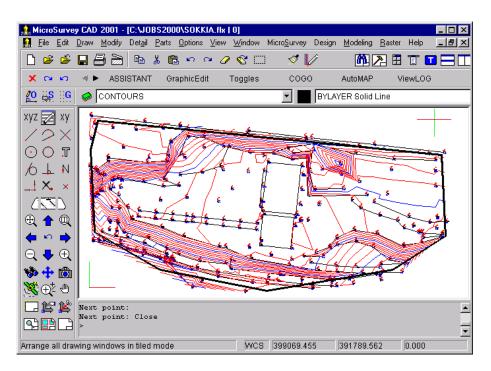
The contours are displayed temporarily until the next refresh of the screen, such as pan or zoom or redraw. If there was a problem with a bad elevation, you could fix it before drawing permanent contour lines.

Setting up a Boundary

Most of the time in a topo survey you will take shots outside of the actual property lines for control, but you may only want to display contours within the property outline. We will do this by setting up and using a boundary. A boundary acts like a Trim line, cropping the contours so they do not pass over the polyline. We will add a boundary polyline, then draw and label contours for this site.

Draw a polyline similar in shape to the bold line shown below to use as a boundary. This line might represent a property line or an arbitrary trim line for the contours. (Your polyline will not be bold by default. We made this one bold so you could see it easily.)

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If you are unfamiliar with the polyline command, type **PL** then left click on each location where you would like a vertex, then finish by typing a **C** to close the polyline into a closed polygon suitable for a boundary. (See the MicroSurvey help for more information).

Select this polyline as a boundary, by running the **Boundary Options** \rightarrow Set **Boundary** command from the **Modeling pulldown menu** and selecting the polyline boundary you just created. Press <enter> to complete the selection. Now the contours will be limited to within this boundary, when we run the contour command again to draw them. (See the help file for more on boundaries, including nested boundaries)

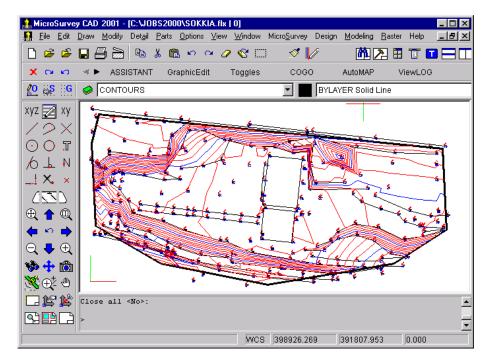
Refresh the screen by picking on one of these 3 buttons on the left side menu.

The contours disappear because they were displayed temporarily with the <u>show</u> command. Now we will draw them permanently, honoring our new boundary.

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Final Contours

Select **Contour** from the **Modeling pulldown menu**, press **<enter>** to accept the **<GROUND>** surface (the surface to which you extracted your points) and pick **DRAW** from the Option Bar, and **NO** to the Close All prompt.



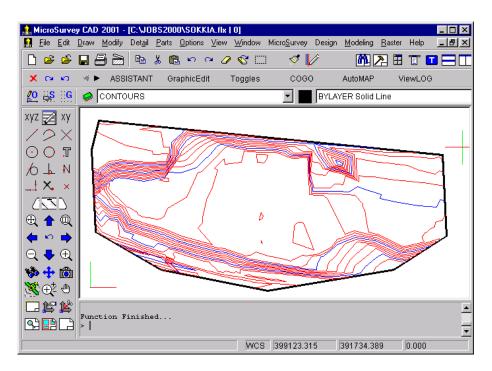
You will now see the following on screen.

The drawing is getting cluttered, so let's turn off all layers except the **Contours** layer. Go to the **MicroSurvey pulldown menu** \rightarrow Layer Control \rightarrow Isolate. Then pick on one of the contours and press <enter>.

What you are left with is this:

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Erase the polyline we drew for the boundary, as it is no longer needed, because the contours are now drawn and trimmed.

Type **E** enter and pick the boundary polyline, then press enter.

Labeling Contours and Saving Your Work

Zoom in on the steep slope in the NW part of the site. To zoom window, press Z < enter > W < enter > and specify two corners. The white box shows you where to pick for the Zoom Window command.

Or, you can use the use button on the left side of the screen to zoom window.

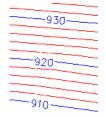
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Select Annotate \rightarrow Label Contours from the Modeling pulldown menu. You will be prompted for a text height. You may specify one graphically by clicking on the screen to indicate the text height, or enter a number. In this case a height of 2.5 was used.

Next you will be repeatedly prompted for label locations.

Click on contours where you would like labels, and the labels will be placed and the contours trimmed as needed.



NOTE: To label many contours in a straight row, draw a polyline across the contours where you wish to have them labeled. Then run the Label Contours command again – this time after giving the text height, pick the CONTROL button found on the option bar. Then by following the prompts, select all the contours to label (be sure to not pick the polyline to be used as control lines to label along). After picking all the contours to be labeled – press enter. Then pick the control polyline and you should see the labels start to draw on the contour lines exactly where the control polyline intersected them. The Control polyline is automatically removed from the drawing.

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Example:

934
930
914

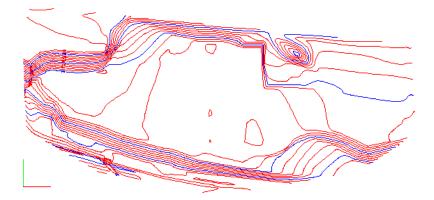
Now lets Zoom to the Extents of the drawing to see everything on screen.

Type **Z** <enter> then **E** <enter> or pick the $\textcircled{\textcircled{}}$.button.

Now we are going to Smooth the contours. Go to the **Modeling pulldown** menu \rightarrow Annotate \rightarrow Smooth Contours.

Either pick the contours to smooth or simply press **<enter>** to select them all automatically.

After smoothing your diagram should look like this.



NOTE: Be sure to complete **ALL** Labeling before running the Smooth Contours command. You cannot smooth the contours, because the labeling routine will not work as designed and may give you bad results.

Now save your job by picking the save command on the file menu. You also need to save the surface by going to the **Modeling pulldown menu** \rightarrow **Surface Operations**. Pick the surface name on the left side of the dialog and then select the **Write QSB button**.

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Surface Management			? ×
Current Surface: GROUND Surfaces: GROUND PBT 0	Surface Operations	1st Surface Operator Constant V 2nd Surface	
	Surface Management	n Operation	
	Detailed <u>I</u> nfo Clear <u>P</u> arts	<u>Set Current</u> <u>Copy</u> <u>D</u> elete	
Select All Clear Selection	<u>R</u> ead QSB	<u>W</u> rite QSB	

Set the folder to Jobs2000, the same location we started the job. Do not place the file in the SOKKIA.MSJ folder. Enter the name SOKKIA and press the **SAVE** button.

Write Q5B File			<u>? ×</u>
Save in: 🔄 Jobs2000 💌 🔄	- 🔁	📸 🎫	
☐ Downloads ☐ SOKKIA.msj ☐ Uploads			
File name: SOKKIA		Sav	e
Save as type:	•	Cano	el
		Help	

Pick the OK button on the previous dialog to continue

Your surface is now saved along with the drawing and the database.

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You may now exit the program via the File pulldown menu.

(End of tutorial)

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Simple Traverse Tutorial

Because of the size and complexity of this tutorial we have broken it down into 9 smaller steps to make it easier for you to follow.

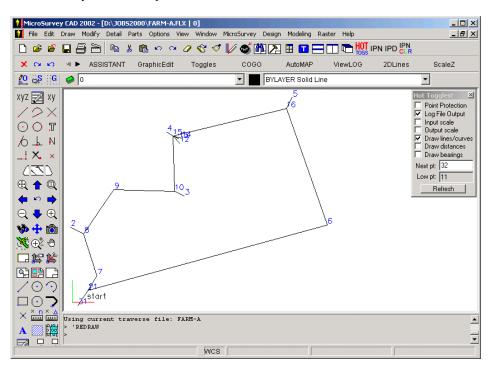
- Step 1) Starting the Job
- Step 2) Setting the Defaults
- Step 3) Manual Traverse Entry
- Step 4) Start Entering Shots
- Step 5) List of Data to Enter
- Step 6) Coordinating the Traverse
- Step 7) Computing Closure
- Step 8) Adjust Angles + Compass Balance
- Step 9) Listing the Traverse

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Starting the Job

In this cookbook-style tutorial we will enter a simple 2D traverse around a farm. This traverse was done to locate the corners of the boundary, and to locate a building on the farm.

Here is what your finished product will look like.



Overview:

The surveyor began by setting up on one corner of the farm property and assigning a coordinate of North = 1000, East = 1000, Elev = 0, Point number = 1. He then backsighted an iron bar with a known direction of 214 degrees 12 minutes, 15 seconds. Since he could not directly set up on all the bars on the property because of rocks, hedges, and fences, he traversed around the property taking side shots into the corners. On the traverse, he also located three corners of a shed.

To Begin:

Start a new drawing by going to the MicroSurvey Project Manager (found under the FILE pulldown menu) and picking the **NEW** button.

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MicroSurvey Project Manager
Create Project Directory Set Project Directory
Drawings : Preview:
Audit database and drawing on load Movies New Open Delete Help Cancel
Template Drawing:
Set Template

Then fill in the name of the job and call it **FARM-A**. Then pick **Open** to continue.

Enter New project name, then press Save		<u>? ×</u>
Save in: 🔄 Jobs2000	- + 🖻 (* 🎟
Downloads		
Uploads		
SOKKIA.flx		
1		
File name: FARM-A		Save
Save as type: .flx	•	Cancel

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Setting the Defaults

Once the new job opens you will be asked to fill out the following as shown, setting the units to **Feet**, **Azimuths** and the scale to **1=500'**. Do not pick the OK button yet!

General Configuration Options					
Data version number: 04.00 Distances: C Metric C Feet C Azimuths South					
Drawing Scale factor: 500					
Default Leroy Text Size: 100					
Input Scale factor: 1					
Output Scale factor: 1					
Point Protection Tolerance: 0.00001					
Set Surface File and Current Surface					
MicroSurvey 10/11/12 Data File:					
Browse					
Job Description: Farm Survey					
Client name: MicroSurvey					
Miscellaneous info: Tutorial #2					
Set these defaults as Permanent					
OK Toggles Cancel Help					

Main Job Defaults dialog box

From the bottom of this dialog box, select the **Toggles** button. Set the System Toggles as shown in the 3 Figures below.

Preferences	<u>?×</u>
General Settings Field Note En	try CAD Drawing Controls
AutoSave Minutes: Next Point Number:	1
Point protection Point description Print Degree Symbol Log File Output Clear Log File	Input scale factor Uutput scale factor COGO vertical angle AutoAdd Database List East, North Format
OK	Cancel Help

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Preferences	? ×
General Settings Field Note Entry	CAD Drawing Controls
Mode: SideShot ▼ ✓ Instrument/Target Heights ✓ Horizontal/Vertical distance True Azimuth Surveying	Description translation Auto Coordinate Offset shots Auto number points
OK Preferences	Cancel Help
General Settings Field Note Entry	CAD Drawing Controls
 CAD Lines Pop Up Draw AutoMAP Symbols Draw lines/curves Draw distances Draw bearings 	CAD Curves Pop Up Carves Pop Up Carves Pop Up Carve point numbers Carves Draw descriptions Carves Draw elevations Carves Draw points Carves Draw

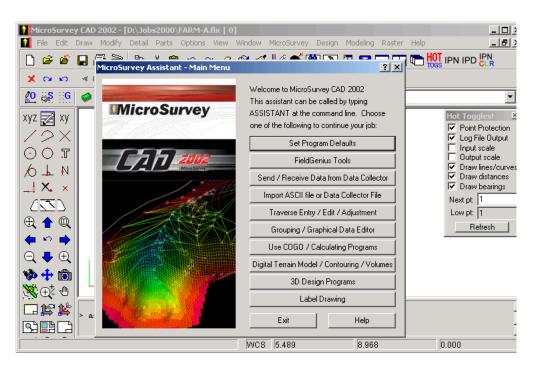
System Toggles dialog boxes

Now press the **OK** button to return to the previous dialog – and press the **OK** button again to continue.

Manual Traverse Entry

This is what your screen should now look like: (if the Assistant is not on screen then pick the Assistant button from the Option Bar near the top left of the screen.

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Next, from the Assistant, pick the **Traverse Entry** / **Edit** / **Adjustment** button:

MicroSurvey Assistant - Traverse 💦 🙁 🗙					
This menu is used to enter edit compute closure and balancing.					
Se	et Current Trave	rse			
Enter	Traverse Field	Notes			
E	dit Traverse Da	ta			
Lis	List Traverse Records				
Re-Coordinate Traverse					
Compute Traverse Closure					
Show the Traverse					
Compass Balance					
Vertical Balance					
Crandall's Adjustment					
Least Square Adjustment					
Ok	Help	Exit			

Pick the Enter Traverse Field Notes button.

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Create a New traverse database file or use an Existing one?					
MicroSurvey is about to store the data you are "importing" into a database file called a 'traverse' database file.					
You are being asked if you want to put this data into a new database file or append onto an existing file.					
If you are importing a downloaded data collector or total station file, then you should realize that this will NOT alter the original downloaded data file.					
If you are not sure, then you should make a NEW file.					
		New file	Existing file		
		Cancel	Help		

Pick on the New Traverse button

MicroSurvey will respond with a dialog box for you to enter your job name. Enter **FARM-A** in the dialog box as shown below:

Enter the Tra	verse File Name:				? ×
Save in: 🔁	FARM-A.MSJ	•	← 🗈	-111 *	
DB_COORI DB_LINE.N DB_NODE. DB_NODE. DB_POLY.N DB_TEXT.N	X NX 4X				
File name:	FARM-A			Sav	e
Save as type:	*.nx		•	Cano	el
				Help	

Pick the **SAVE** button to continue. You will be prompted with a dialog box to fill out with information about the traverse:

Enter Traverse Parameters			
Job Description:	Traverse 1		
Crew:	West		
Instrument Number:	101		
Temperature:	70F		
Pressure:			
Car	ncel Help		

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7	n
1	U

Pick OK and then you will be asked:



Answer this NO, as we will use the normal dialog boxes to enter the traverse.

Answer Yes to the following dialog, so we start entering data with dialog boxes:

MicroSur	yey X	I
?	Use dialog box for entering shot data?	
[Yes No	

We will work with the dialog boxes so answer YES to this.

Now you are asked to enter the information for your first setup station, with appropriate backsight information.

We have a Setup Point of 1 with coordinates of N=1000, E=1000, Z=0 so enter the **Setup Point Number** as 1 and then pick the **EDIT** button to the right of the point number. Fill in the new Dialog as shown below and pick Ok to finish. NOTE: Use the TAB key to move between fields:

e kareka		o l vi
Coordinate Edit	ing	<u>? ×</u>
Point Number:	1	Сору
Northing:	1000	
Easting:	1000	
Elevation:	0.	
Description:	START	
€		
9	₹₽€	0
OK	Cancel	PickPoint
Help	Command	Line Entry

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We have a backsight azimuth of 214 degrees 12 minutes 50 seconds from where we set up, so a backsight azimuth of **214.1250** in the edit box, as shown below: (Leave the other entries as shown)

Enter the Setup Info	rmation	<u>? ×</u>
Zoom/Pan Buttons:	Setup Point Number: 1	Edit
	Backsight Point Information:	
	Backsight Point Number: O	Edit
\mathbb{Q}	Backsight Bearing 💿 214.1250	
Instrument Information		
	True Azimuth Surveying OFF	
Instrument Readi	ng when Sighting Backsight: 0	
	Instrument Height: 0	
🗖 Store this as a	n Occupy Point Record (not part of traverse k	pop)
OK	Cancel Help	

Now pick the **OK** button to continue.

The program will go immediately into the data entry mode.

Start Entering Shots

Enter the first shot information into the dialog box as shown below.

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Enter Correct Data f	or Shot ? ×
Setup pt.: 1	Bksite pt.: 0
Horizontal Angle:	177.0930
Horizontal Distance:	98.44
Vertical Distance:	0.
Target Height:	0.
Point number:	7
Description:	
Parallel Offset:	0.
Perpendicular Offset:	0.
	Toggles
OK Next :	setup Help

(If the above dialog asks for Vertical Angles and Slope Distances instead of the Horizontal Distance and Vertical Distance, then you did not set the system toggles correctly. Exit out of the Traverse Entry Mode, change the Toggles to match what was given earlier and start the traverse entry over again) Pick the **OK** button or press **<enter>** to continue

The program will compute the coordinate and display the information in a dialog box:

Calculated Coordinates: 🛛 🗙					
Point Number:	7				
Northing:	1084.0483958				
Easting:	1051.2474464				
Elevation:	0.0000000				
Description:					
OK	Cancel				

Pick OK to accept this information.

MicroSurvey allows you to switch back and forth between entering traverse legs and entering side shots at any time. We will enter the traverse and side shots together.

Rather than fill up this entire manual with screen shots showing the information to type into this tutorial, we are going to list the shots and setup

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information to enter. (To start a new setup, just pick **Next Setup** or press **Esc** at the **Enter Correct Data For Shot** dialog box. The program will return to the setup dialog box.)

At this point you will be asked for the next side shot to be entered from the same setup. We have no more shots from this setup so we need to traverse forward to the last shot we just finished entering.

Pick the **Next Setup** button or press the **Esc** key on your keyboard to return to the **Enter the Setup Information** dialog box.

Enter the Setup Info	rmation	? ×
Zoom/Pan Buttons: $ \begin{array}{c} \hline \hline$	Setup Point Number: Backsight Point Information: Backsight Point Number: Backsight Azimuth 0.	Edit
Instrument Informatio	n: True Azimuth Surveying OFF ng when Sighting Backsight: Instrument Height:	
0	IK Cancel Help	

List of Data to Enter

You will notice it has automatically updated the **setup point number** and the **backsight point number** with the following data:

Set up on Point 7 and backsight 1. Pick the **OK** button to accept these values.

Now you can enter the next Shot

Horizontal Angle :131.0316 Horizontal Distance :248.31 Vertical Distance :0 Point Number :8 Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate.

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Next pick the Next Setup button to go back to the setup dialog box.

Set up on Point **8** and backsight **7**. Pick the **OK** button to accept these values.

Enter the following Shot:

Horizontal Angle :134.2554 Horizontal Distance :83.92 Vertical Distance :0 Point Number :2 Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate. Do **NOT** Pick the **Next Setup** button.

Enter the following Shot:

Horizontal Angle :231.5652 Horizontal Distance :302.5 Vertical Distance : 0 Point Number :9 Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate. Next pick the **Next Setup** button to go back to the setup dialog box.

Setup on Point **9** and backsight **8**. Pick the **OK** button to accept these values.

Enter the following Shot:

Horizontal Angle :237.1721 Horizontal Distance :341.71 Vertical Distance : 0 Point Number :10 Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate. Next pick the **Next Setup** button to go back to the setup dialog box.

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Setup on Point **10** and backsight **9**. Pick the **OK** button to accept these values.

Enter the following Shot:

Horizontal Angle :203.2344 Horizontal Distance :60.18 Vertical Distance : 0 Point Number :3 Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate. Do **NOT** Pick the **Next Setup** button.

Enter the following Shot:

Horizontal Angle :86.3210 Horizontal Distance :312.35 Vertical Distance : 0 Point Number :15 Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate. Next pick the **Next Setup** button to go back to the setup dialog box.

Setup on Point **15** and backsight **10**. Pick the **OK** button to accept these values.

Enter the following shot:

Horizontal Angle :**123.1746** Horizontal Distance :**40.19** Vertical Distance : **0** Point Number : **4** Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate. Do **NOT** Pick the **Next Setup** button.

Enter the following Shot:

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Horizontal Angle :**317.1045** Horizontal Distance :**56.92** Vertical Distance : **0** Point Number :**12** Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate. Do **NOT** Pick the **Next Setup** button.

Enter the following Shot:

Horizontal Angle :**300.1321** Horizontal Distance :**38.54** Vertical Distance : **0** Point Number :**13** Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate. Do **NOT** Pick the **Next Setup** button.

Enter the following Shot:

Horizontal Angle :287.3017 Horizontal Distance :51.68 Vertical Distance : 0 Point Number :14 Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate. Do **NOT** Pick the **Next Setup** button.

Enter the following Shot:

Horizontal Angle :258.1506 Horizontal Distance :658.78 Vertical Distance : 0 Point Number :16 Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate.

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Next pick the Next Setup button to go back to the setup dialog box.

Set up on Point **16** and backsight **15**. Pick the **OK** button to accept these values.

Enter the following Shot:

Horizontal Angle :131.4731 Horizontal Distance :69.42 Vertical Distance : 0 Point Number :5 Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate. Do **NOT** Pick the **Next Setup** button.

Enter the following Shot:

Point Number : 6 Horizontal Angle :264.1350 Horizontal Distance :695.37 Vertical Distance : 0 Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate.

Next pick the Next Setup button to go back to the setup dialog box.

Setup on Point 6 and backsight 16, and Pick the **OK** button to accept these values.

Enter the following Shot that is back to the original setup point:

Horizontal Angle :273.5655 Horizontal Distance :1399.37 Vertical Distance : 0 Point Number :21 Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Next pick the Next Setup button to go back to the setup dialog box.

Setup on Point **21** and backsight **6**. Pick the **OK** button to accept these values.

Now take the final shot to the closing foresight point. This is the starting backsight point.

Horizontal Angle :139.3500 Horizontal Distance :100 Vertical Distance : 0 Point Number :31 Description :

Pick the **OK** button to continue. Press the **OK** button to accept the calculated coordinate.

Next pick the Next Setup button to go back to the setup dialog box.

This concludes the survey data entry. You can exit by picking the **CANCEL** button.

Coordinating the Traverse

You should be back to the assistant menu shown below:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

MicroSurvey A	ssistant - Tra	verse ? 🗙					
This menu is us closure and bal	ed to enter edit ancing.	: compute					
Se	et Current Trave	rse					
Enter	Traverse Field	Notes					
E	dit Traverse Da	ta					
Lis	List Traverse Records						
Re-0	Coordinate Trav	erse					
Comp	oute Traverse Cl	osure					
S	Show the Traverse						
Compass Balance							
Vertical Balance							
Crandall's Adjustment							
Leas	Least Square Adjustment						
Ok	Help	Exit					

We are going to Edit your Traverse Data to ensure you have not made any mistakes in entry

Pick on the Edit Traverse Data button.

You will see the following Summary:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Edit Windo	w Format H	Help						
Job Desc	Crew	Inst Num	Temp	Pressure	Start Date			
Traverse 1	West	101	70F		10/12/101			
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht				
1		214°12'50"	0°00'00"	0.00				
Shot Pt	Trgt Ht	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East	Elev
7	0.00	177°09'30"	90°00'00"	98.44		1084.048	1051.247	-0.000
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht				
7	1		0"00'00"	0.00				
Shot Pt	Trgt Ht	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East	Elev
8	0.00	131°03'16"	90°00'00"	248.31		1320.770	976.276	-0.000
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht				
8	7		0"00'00"	0.00				
Shot Pt	Trgt Ht	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East	Elev
2	0.00	134°25'54"	90 ° 00'00"	83.92		1358.684	901.409	-0.000
9	0.00	231"56'52"	90°00'00"	302.50		1570.443	1147.067	-0.000
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht				
9	8		0°00'00"	0.00				
Shot Pt	Trgt Ht	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East	Elev
10	0.00	237°17'21"	90°00'00"	341.71		1560.523	1488.633	-0.000
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht				
10	9		0°00'00"	0.00				
Shot Pt	Trgt Ht	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East	Elev
3	0.00	203°23'44"	90°00'00"	60.18		1535.033	1543.149	-0.000
15	0.00	86°32'10"	90°00'00"	312.35		1872.719	1478.821	-0.000
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht				
15	10		0"00'00"	0.00				
Shot Pt	Tropt Ht	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East	Elev

Close the Assistant dialog that appeared on top of the window.

Scroll down using the bar on the right to see the rest of the listing as shown below:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Edit Window	v Format H	lelp						
Shot Pt	Trgt Ht	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East	Elev
10	0.00	237 ° 17'21"	90°00'00"	341.71		1560.523	1488.633	-0.000
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht				
10	9		0°00'00"	0.00				
Shot Pt	TrgtHt	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East	Elev
3	0.00	203°23'44"	90°00'00"	60.18		1535.033	1543.149	-0.000
15	0.00	86°32'10"	90"00'00"	312.35		1872.719	1478.821	-0.000
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht				
15	10		0°00'00"	0.00				
Shot Pt	TrgtHt	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East	Elev
4	0.00	123°17'46"	90"00'00"	40.19		1893.715	1444.551	-0.000
12	0.00	317 ° 10'45"	90"00'00"	56.92		1832.205	1518.802	-0.000
13	0.00	300 ° 13'21"	90"00'00"	38.54		1854.375	1512.715	-0.000
14	0.00	287°30'17"	90"00'00"	51.68		1858.730	1528.571	-0.000
16	0.00	258°15'06"	90"00'00"	658.78		2027.051	2119.268	-0.000
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht				
16	15		0°00'00"	0.00				
Shot Pt	TrgtHt	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East	Elev
5	0.00	131 ° 47'31"	90°00'00"	69.42		2088.206	2152.119	-0.000
6	0.00	264°13'50"	90"00'00"	695.37		1370.833	2349.304	-0.000
Station	BSPt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht				
6	16		0°00'00"	0.00				
Shot Pt	TrgtHt	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East	Elev
21	0.00	273 ° 56'55"	90"00'00"	1399.37		999.941	999.980	-0.000
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht				
21	6		0"00'00"	0.00				
Shot Pt	TroptHt	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East	Elev

(If you do have errors then you can edit the entry and make the correction now.)

(If you do have errors then you can edit the entry and make the correction now.)

Select Re-coordinate Traverse from the Edit Menu on the Active Drawing Editor. Or you can type Ctrl-R if the editor window is current.

You will be given the option of creating a Re-coordination Report or Log. Accept the defaults as shown:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Recoordination Report (Log)	<u>? ×</u>
Multiple Shots Option C Let me choose the shots C Choose Very Last Shot as the Correct Shot C Average multiple shots	
Point Protection Status : ON BS and VA check routine Back Sight (BS) Check Vertical Angle Check Dist. Tolerance (m / feet) 0.05 Angle Tolerance (dms) 0.01	
OK Cancel Help	

After the traverse has been coordinated you will be returned to the Assistant. Pick the **EXIT** button to leave the Assistant.

Next go to the **Option Bar** and pick on the button marked **ViewLOG**.

You will see the following Window appear.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Hydrogram Job Description: Farm Survey 3:36:26 07/30/00 Page No.: cocessing traverse : FARM-A he file contains 9 instrument setups 7 N: 1084.048 E: 1051.247 E1: 0.000 D: 8 N: 1320.770 E: 976.276 E1: 0.000 D: 8 N: 1320.770 E: 976.276 E1: 0.000 D: 9 N: 1570.443 E: 1147.1067 E1: 0.000 D: 9 N: 1570.443 E1: 10.000 D: 10 N: 1560.523 E: 1488.633 E1: 0.000 D: 14 N: 1893.715 E: 1444.551 E1: 0.000 D: 14 N: 1893.715 E: 1518.100 E1: 0.000 D: 4 N: 1893.715 E: 1518.100 E1: 0.000 D: 13 N: 1854.375 E: 1512.715 E1: 0.000 D: 14 N: 1858.730 E: 1528.571 E1: 0.000 D: 14 N: 1858.730 E: 1528.571 E1: 0.000 D: 14 N: 1370.833 E: 2349.304 E1: 0.000 D: 15 N: 1370.833 E: 2349.304 E1: 0.000 D: 5 N: 2088.206 E: 2152.119 E1: 0.000 D: 21 N: 999.941 E: 999.980 E1: 0.000 D: 11 N: 917.247 E: 943.752 E1: 0.000 D: 21 N: 999.941 E: 999.980 E1: 0.000 D: 11 N: 917.247 E: 943.752 E1: 0.000 D:	_	_		-	_		<u>+</u>
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31 N: 917,247 E: 943.752 E1: 0.000 D:	6 N: 1:	370.833	E: 2349.30	4 El:	0.000	D:	
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Setup BS BS Check BS Offset(ft) VA Check VA Offset(dd.mms) 1 0 N/A 0.000 N/A 0.0000 7 1 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 8 7 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 9 8 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 10 9 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 15 10 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 16 15 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 6 16 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000	1 N:	917.247	E: 943.75	2 El:	0.000	D:	
1 0 N/A 0.000 N/A 0.0000 7 1 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 8 7 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 9 8 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 10 9 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 15 10 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 16 15 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 6 16 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000			Reco	ordination	n Repor	t	
7 1 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 8 7 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 9 8 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 10 9 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 15 10 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 16 15 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 6 16 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000	etup	BS	BS Check	BS Offset	t(ft)	VA Check	VA Offset(dd.mmss)
8 7 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 9 8 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 10 9 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 15 10 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 16 15 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 6 16 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000		-		0.000			
9 8 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 10 9 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 15 10 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 16 15 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 6 16 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000		_					
15 10 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 16 15 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 6 16 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000							
15 10 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 16 15 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 6 16 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000	-	-				Passed	0.0000
16 15 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000 6 16 Passed 0.000 Passed 0.0000							
						rassed	0.0000
21 U PASSEU U.UUU PASSEU U.UUUU							
			Passed	0.000			
raverse Coordination Complete.	erse Co	ordinati	on Complete.				

You may print this report now by going to the **File** pulldown menu on this window, and pick the **Print** command.

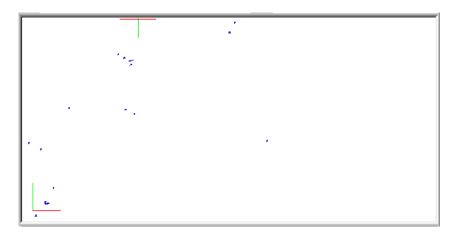
Pick the X in the top right of the window to close it.

Pick the Zoom Extents Button on the right of the screen, $\textcircled{\textcircled{}}$



Now your screen should look like this:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002



Save the project by entering the SAVE command.

Computing Closure

Now we will compute the closure error. Select the **ASSISTANT** from the option bar, then pick **the Traverse Entry** /**Edit**/ **Adjustment** button. Then pick the **Compute Traverse Closure** button. You will be asked:

MicroSurvey	×
Have you run the Coordinal Are you satisfied with the re	
Yes	No

Pick the YES button to continue.

Now you will be asked if you have a Closed Loop or Open traverse.

Is this an Open Traverse or Closed Loop Traverse?
Traverse Types:
Open Traverse: Defined as a traverse where the end point does not loop back to the original starting point. It does close to a known point and can be mathematically closed and balanced.
This Traverse is sometimes called a "Closed Traverse" in school text books.
0R
Closed "Loop" Traverse: Defined as a traverse that has the last setup point located at the original Backsight point at the beginning of the traverse. The last shot must be to the original starting setup point.
Open Closed Loop Cancel Help

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Select **Open Traverse**, because we have an external backsight and closing foresight on this traverse.

MicroSurvey quickly analyzes the traverse and finds the last instrument setup point number. It offers this as the closing point number: Our traverse matches the first of the 3 scenarios presented:

Enter Closing Point	×
The Closing Point (CP) must be a "known point". Enter the CP number that matches one of the following three pictures:	
LS: Last Setup Point FS: Last Foresight Point (Known Point)	
LS = CP $FS = CP$ $LS(Unknown)$ $LS = CP$ $NO FS$	
Closing Point: 2 (Note: As a default, the last setup is shown here as a closing point.)	
OK Cancel Help	

Pick the **OK** button to continue.

You will be shown the calculated coordinates of point 21:

Coordinate Edi	ting	? ×
Point Number:	21	Сору
Northing:	999.941052929	18
Easting:	999.980198034	
Elevation:	0.	
Description:		
		++
OK	Cancel	PickPoint
Help	Command	Line Entry

You must change these to reflect the true coordinates of point 21. To make this easy for you pick on the button marked **Copy.**

This brings up another dialog that allows you to enter in the point number that has the correct coordinates for point 21.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Copy Coordina	? ×	
OK	Cancel	Help

21 is the same point as 1 so enter point number 1 and Pick **OK** to return to the previous dialog.

It will now look like this:

Coordinate Edi	ting	? ×
Point Number:	21	Сору
Northing:	1000.	
Easting:	1000.	
Elevation:	0.	
Description:		
• • •		
OK	Cancel	PickPoint
Help	Command	Line Entry

Pick the **OK** button to continue.

Enter Closing Foresight Point 31, as shown below:

Ente	r Closing Foresight Po	int:	×
en		: Enter CFS point number. This CFS Iar Misclosure. If you did not take FS (Fig ht Point Number.	
	Picture Examples Fig 1	Fig 2	
	LS = CP FS	LS = CP NO FS	
	Closing Foresight Poi	int (CFS):	
(N	ote: As a default, final sho	t from the last setup is shown here as a CF Cancel Help	S)

Pick the **OK** button to continue.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

You are asked for the	actual coordinates of point 31.	The numbers shown are
the calculated values.	Enter in the following KNOV	VN values, as shown:

Coordinate Edit	ting	? ×
Point Number:	31	Сору
Northing:	917.296	
Easting:	943.786	
Elevation:	0.	
Description:		
		- ++
OK	Cancel	PickPoint
Help	Command	Line Entry

Pick the **OK** button to continue and the Traverse Closure Report will be generated on the Command Window.

Then pick the **EXIT** button on the Assistant.

Pick the **ViewLOG** button from the Option Bar and then scroll down using the slide bar on the right, until you see the following. (Remember you can print this by going to the **File** pulldown menu on the Log Window and run the **Print** command.)

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Closure Cal Starting BS	.culations:	┉┧┅┅┙┧╩┅┅┥╴	┉┉┤╩┅┉┥	┙┙┙┫╝┙┙┥	<u>1</u> —'—
Starting B	culations:				
	bearing: 214°12'50'	' Ending FS Bearing	r: 214°12'14″		
From Pt	Angle	Distance	To Pt		
1	177°09'30″	98.440	7		
7	131°03'16″	248.310	8		
8	231°56'52″	302.500	9		
9	237°17'21″	341.710	10		
10	86°32'10″	312.350	15		
15	258°15'06″	658.780	16		
16	264°13'50″	695.370	6		
6	273°56'55″	1399.370	21		
21	139°35'00″	100.000	31		
Actual (Actual D:	Closing North : 10 Closing East : 10 Stance Error :	000.000 000.000 0.062			
C:\Jobs2000 L4:11:38 07)\ FARM-A Job Descr 7/30/00	iption: Farm Survey	¥ 	Page No.: 2	_
Total Tra	sure Ratio 1: 6 werse Length: 4056.8 e Direction : 18°34	330			_

Pick the X in the top right corner of the window to close it.

Adjust Angles + Compass Balance

We are now going to do an Angular Balance on this traverse. Go to the **MicroSurvey Pulldown menu** \rightarrow **Traverse Coordinating and Balancing** and pick on the **Angle Balance** option. Answer **YES** to the following:

Point protection is on. Do you want it turned off? $({\rm Y}/{\rm N})$

The angles on this traverse will be balanced. The closure will be recomputed and displayed. Pick on the **ViewLOG** button again and scroll down to the bottom to see the results shown here.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

<u>File E</u> dit	<u>Find/Replace</u>	<u>t</u> elp				
╞──┤	└───┤╧────	┧┯┯┷┥┲┯┷┥	└───┤╩───┤─	┙┙┥╋┙┙┙┥┙┙╸	┫ᢩᡨᡨᡨᡨ	
nmular	Adjustment:					
Pt#	Bearing	Distance	Northing	Easting	Pt#	
1	31°22'16″	98.440	1084.049	1051.246>	7	
7	342°25'28″	248.310	1320.768	976.265>	8	
8	34°22'16″	302.500	1570.451	1147.042>	9	
8	296°51'22″	83.920	1358.679	901.397>	2	
9	91 ° 39'33″	341.710	1560.557	1488.609>	10	
10	358°11'39″	312.350	1872.752	1478.766>	15	
10	115°03'17″	60.180	1535.072	1543.126>	3	
15	76°26'41″	658.780	2027.158	2119.196>	16	
15	105°41'56″	51.680	1858.768	1528.519>	14	
15	118°25'00″	38.540	1854.411	1512.663>	13	
15	135°22'24″	55.920	1832.954	1518.049>	12	
15	301°29'25″	40.190	1893.745	1444.495>	4	
16	160°40'27″	695.370	1370.971	2349.320>	6	- 1
16	28°14'12″	69.420	2088.317	2152.039>	5	
6	254°37'18″	1399.370	999.872	1000.053>	21	
21	214°12'14″	100.000	917.168	943.839>	31	
lew clo	sure calculat	ed is 1: 292	10			
	Closure Di					
	Closure Dir	ection : 157°20	5'20"			
INS		Page: 2	Line: 68 Col	: 1		

Pick the X in the top right corner of the window to close it.

Next you can perform a compass balance by going to the **MicroSurvey pulldown menu** \rightarrow **Traverse Coordinating and Balancing** and pick on the **Compass Method Adjustment** option.

The traverse will be balanced according to the Compass Rule. The coordinates for the main traverse and any side shots will be adjusted.

Now Pick on the **ViewLOG** button again and scroll down to the bottom to see the results shown here.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

	1		2	4	5
	└───┤╧───		44	·⊥───⊥⁴───⊥──	uu-liu-
mpass	Balance Adj	ustment:			
D + 4		D .(Territory Dell	
Pt#	Bearing 31°22'15″	Distance	Northing 1084.051	Easting Pt# 1051.246> 7	
1	31 22'15" 342°25'30″	98.441 248.313	1084.051	976.267> 8	
8	342 25'30" 34°22'15"	248.313 302.504	1520.773	976.267> 8 1147.045> 9	
8	296°51'24″		1358.685	901.399> 2	
8 9		83.920			
-	91°39'30″	341.712	1560.571	1488.614> 10	
10	358°11'40″	312.354	1872.771	1478.773> 15	
10	115°03'14″	60.180	1535.087	1543.131> 3	
15	76°26'39″	658.785	2027.187	2119.205> 16	
15	105°41'57″	51.680	1858.787	1528.525> 14	
15	118°25'01″	38.540	1854.430	1512.669> 13	
15	135°22'25″	55.920	1832.972	1518.055> 12	
15	301°29'26″	40.190	1893.764	1444.502> 4	
16	160°40'25″	695.362	1371.009	2349.333> 6	
16	28°14'10″	69.420	2088.346	2152.048> 5	
6	254°37'21″	1399.358	999.931	1000.073> 21	
21	254°37'21″	100.000	917.296	943.786> 31	
lance	Complete.				

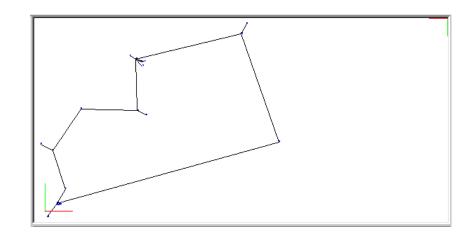
Pick the X in the top right corner of the window to close it.

Now lets see the traverse on the screen. to the MicroSurvey pulldown menu → Traverse Coordinating and Balancing and pick on the Show Traverse Graphically option.

MicroSur	vey 🔀
?	Draw Traverse Lines into Drawing
	Yes <u>N</u> o

Answer **NO** if you wish to see the linework temporarily until a redraw command cleans up the screen. Answer **YES** if you wish to draw every line into the drawing permanently. (With the toggles and labeling defaults controlling their appearance) I Entered **NO** and this is what I get:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002



Listing the Traverse

Finally, we will dump a listing of the traverse to the Log file. Go to the **MicroSurvey pulldown menu** \rightarrow **Traverse Coordinating and Balancing** and pick on the List **Traverse File** option. There are two formats of the listing: long and short.

MicroSurvey		\times
🤅 Sha	ort Form Listing?	
(<u>Y</u> es] <u>N</u> o	

Pick YES for the Short Listing.

Now Pick on the **ViewLOG** button again and scroll down to the bottom to see the results shown here.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002



<u>File E</u>										
<u>L</u>	- <u>1</u>	┙┛┛╧		-1	<u>_</u>			4	┙┛┛┛┫	<u>5</u>
					Traverse	e Prim	nt ()ut		
Job D	escri	ptior	1:	Crew	r: In	nst:		Temp:	Press:	
Trave:	cse l			ME	+ YOU 1			HOT	HIGH	rument Height
Setup	Bε	cksig	,ht	BS	Azimuth	E	SS F	leading	Inst	rument Height
1	0			214	1.1250		0.0	0000	0.00	0
								0.000 D:		
										Description
								0.000		
		cksig	tht	BS	Azimuth	F	S F	eading	Inst	rument Height
7	1			N/A			0.0	0000	0.00	0
7	N:	1084.	051	E:	1051.246	El:		0.000 D:		
								0.000 D:		
										Description
8								0.000		
setup	Be	cksi	int	85	Azimuth	1	55 F	(eading)000	1nst 0.00	rument Height
					076 267					U
2	19: M.	1024	051	L: F.	9/0.20/	E1:		0.000 D: 0.000 D:		
										Description
								0.000		Description
9								0.000		
										rument Height
9	8			N/A			0.0	0000	0.00	0
9	N:	1570.	460	E:	1147.045	El:		0.000 D:		
8	N:	1320.	773	E:	976.267	El:		0.000 D:		
	HZAr	ıgle	HZI)ist	VTDist	Par	Dff	PerpOff	TgtHt	Description
10	237.	1721	343	1.710	0.0000	0.00	00	0.000		
Setup	Be	cksiç	,nt	BS	Azimuth	F	SS F	leading	Inst	rument Height O
10		1560		N/A	1400 614	F1.	υ.(000 D.		U
10	N:	1550.	371	E:	1488.614	EI:		0.000 D:		
									TatHt	Description
										rescription
15	86	3210	313	2.350		0.00	10	0.000 0.000	0.000	
Setur	Be	cksi	nht.	BS	Azimuth	0.00 F	35 F	leading	Inst	rument Height
15	10			N/A		-	Ő.(0000	0.00	rument Height O
15	N:	1872.	771	E:	1478.773	E1:		0.000 D:		-
10	N:	1560.	571	E:	1488.614	El:		0.000 D:		
Pt#	HZAr	ıgle	HZI	Dist	VTDist	Par	Dff	PerpOff	TgtHt	Description

Keep scrolling to see the entire listing.

(Remember you can print this by going to the **File** pulldown menu and picking on the **Print** command.) Pick the **X** in the top right corner of the window to close it.

You may also create a separate report rather than appending it to the ViewLOG, by going to the MicroSurvey pulldown menu \rightarrow Print/Edit/View Reports and picking on the Traverse Listing option.

Change the default folder to JOBS2000 and give it a report name as shown:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Enter Report filename:	<u>? ×</u>
Save in: 🔂 Jobs2000	💽 🖻 💆 💼 🗐
Downloads FARM-A, PRJ Uploads	
File name: FARM-A.txt	<u>S</u> ave
Save as <u>type:</u> *.txt	Cancel

Pick the **SAVE** button to continue. Next choose from the 2 formats available.

MicroSurvey 🔣						
Short F	Form Listing?					
<u>Y</u> es	<u>N</u> o					

Answer **NO** this time to see the following Long Format:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

File <u>E</u> dit <u>F</u> ind/Replace <u>H</u> elp	
<u>↓</u>	· <u>-</u>
:\Jobs2000\FARM-A Job Description: Farm Survey 4:45:55 07/30/00	Page No.: 1
Tob Header: Rec Num : 10000 Rec type: 100 Tob : Traverse 1 Crew: ME + YOU Inst: 1 Temp: HOT Pres: HIGH Date: 06/30/100 Feet/Metric: FEET Time: 30/06/100 12:46	
Closure Information: Acc Num : 11000 Starting point: 1	
North: 1000.000 East: 1000.000 Elev: 0.000 Start BS pt : 0 Start BS dir : 214.1250 Anding point: 21	
North: 1000.000 East: 1000.000 Elev: 0.000 Ind FS dir : 214.1214 Ind FS Pt: 31 North: 917.296 East 943.786 Time: 30/06/100 13:49	
Closure results: Record Number : 12000 Record type: 175 Traverse type:0 Closure direction : 157.2620 Total Distance 4056.830 Closure distance Error: 0.13888 Angular Error: 0.0036 Number of stations: 9 Time: 30/06/100 14:16	
Instrument Setup: kec Num : 13000 Rec type: 200 Point: 1 Inst : 0.000 % Pt : 0 BS dir: 214.1250 BS read: 0.0000 itatus : GODD	
INS Page: 1 Line: 1 Col: 1	

It is MUCH longer than the short listing so be sure to scroll down to view it all. If you decide to print the long format then make sure you have lots of paper available.

The new Active Drawing Technology Editor offers formatted listings of much higher quality than ever available. Following is a print preview from the File menu of the Editor:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

t <u>N</u> ex	t Page Prey	Page <u>I</u> wo	Page Zoo	m <u>I</u> n Zoon	n <u>O</u> ut <u>C</u> lo:	se	
Job Desc	Crew	InstNum	Temp	Pressure	Start Date		
		101	70F		10/12/101	I	
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht	10/12/101		
1		214"12'50"					
Shot Pt	Trgt Ht	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East
7	0.00			98.44		1084.048	1051.247
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht			
7	1	•	0°00'00"				
Shot Pt	Trgt Ht	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East
8	0.00	131"03'16"	90°00'00"	248.31		1320.770	976.276
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht			
8	7		0°00'00"	0.00			
Shot Pt	Trgt Ht	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East
	0.00		90°00'00"	83.92		1358.684	901.409
9	0.00	231"56'52"	90°00'00"			1570.443	1147.067
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht			
9	8		0°00'00"	0.00 Slp Dist			
Shot Pt	Trgt Ht		Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East
10	0.00		90°00'00"			1560.523	1488.633
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read				
10			0°00'00"	0.00			
Shot Pt	Trgt Ht	i Hiz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East
3	0.00			60.18		1535.033	1543.149
15	0.00	86"32'10"	90°00'00"	312.35		1872.719	1478.821

(End of tutorial)

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Property Line Tutorial

Because of the size and complexity of this tutorial we have broken it down into 14 smaller steps to make it easier for you to follow.

Step 1) Starting the Job

Step 2) COGO Calcs (Property Boundaries)

Step 3) Distance/Distance Intersection

Step 4) 3 Point Curve

Step 5) More COGO

Step 6) Bearing/Distance Intersection

Step 7) And More COGO

Step 8) COGO One More Time

Step 9) More 3 Point Curves

Step 10) Setting the Toggles

Step 11) Locating the Buildings (Using OFFSETS)

Step 12) Work on the SHED

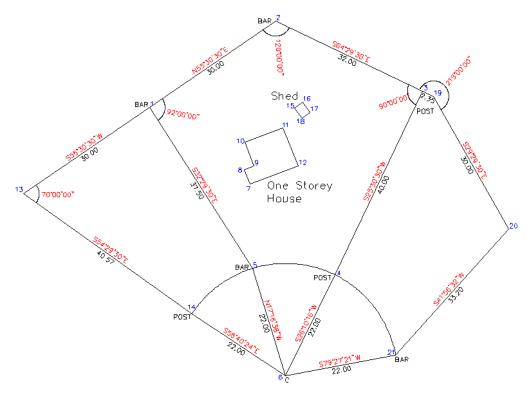
Step 13) Line Inverse

Step 14) Job Complete

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Starting the Job

In this tutorial, we will be using COGO Only, to calculate a drawing of three adjacent properties with a house and shed on the center property. During this tutorial, we will record our entry into the new **Active Batch Cogo System**. The figure below illustrates some of the field notes taken by a survey party to give you a feeling for what you are entering.



Property field notes

From the Project Manager, make sure you are working in the Jobs2000 folder.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

MicroSurvey Project Manager							
C:\Jobs2000							
Create Project Directory Set Project Directory							
Project Drawings: Drawings : Preview:							
SOKKIAFLX							
Audit database and drawing on load							
New Open Delete Help Cancel							
Template Drawing:							
Use Template							
Set Template							

Then pick on the **NEW** button to start a new job. Set the new job name to COGO.

Enter New MS	SCAD Pro Drawing Nar	ne:		? ×
Look jn: 🔁	Jobs2000	•	E 💆	
Downloads				
Uploads				
SOKKIA.flx				
File <u>n</u> ame:	[COGO]			<u>O</u> pen
Files of type:	*.flx		-	Cancel
	7			Find

Pick the **OPEN** button to continue.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

General Configuration Options								
Data version number: 04.00 Distances: C Metric C Feet C Feet C Azimuths C South								
Drawing Scale factor: 250								
Default Leroy Text Size: 100								
Input Scale factor: 1								
Output Scale factor: 1								
Point Protection Tolerance: 0.00001								
Set Surface File and Current Surface								
MicroSurvey 10/11/12 Data File:								
Browse								
Job Description: Cogo Entry								
Client name: MicroSurvey								
Miscellaneous info: Tutorial #3								
Set these defaults as Permanent								
OK Toggles Cancel Help								

Set the MicroSurvey General Configuration Options to **Metric, Bearings** with a scale factor of **1:250**. This scale is chosen so the bearings and distances will be clear in MicroSurvey.

Using the same procedure as the Traverse tutorial, set up the MicroSurvey system toggles as shown.

Preferences		? ×		
General Settings Field Note En	try CAD Drawing	Controls		
AutoSave Minutes: Next Point Number:	1			
Point protection	Input scale factor			
Point description	Output scale factor			
Print Degree Symbol	COGO vertical angle			
🔽 Log File Output	🗹 AutoAdd Database			
Clear Log File	🔲 List East, Nor	th Format		
ОК	Cancel	Help		

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Preferences	<u>?×</u>
General Settings Field Note Entry	CAD Drawing Controls
Mode: SideShot Instrument/Target Heights Horizontal/Vertical distance True Azimuth Surveying	Description translation Auto Coordinate Offset shots Auto number points
OK	Cancel Help
General Settings Field Note Entry	CAD Drawing Controls
 CAD Lines Pop Up Draw AutoMAP Symbols Draw lines/curves Draw distances Draw bearings 	 CAD Curves Pop Up Draw point numbers Draw descriptions Draw elevations Draw points
ΟΚ	Cancel Help

If the Assistant appears on screen, pick the EXIT button to remove it.

COGO Calcs (Property Boundaries)

Before we start performing COGO calculations, turn on the Batch COGO recording control by typing: **MS_BATCH** or select it from the **MicroSurvey** \rightarrow **Points / Lines / Curves \rightarrow Active Batch COGO \rightarrow Load Control Dialog**. The following dialog should appear

Batch CO	GO							×
No batch	file is curre	ntly set.						
Set	Start	Stop	Edit	Run	Er	ase	Comm	ent

Pick the Set button and choose New:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

MicroSurvey			×		
New	or Existing batch	file?			
New Existing Cancel					

You will be prompted to enter a batch file name. Enter "Property Line Tutorial" and press Save.

Enter New batch file name, then press Save	Note: We have
Save in: 🔁 Jobs2000 💌 🗲 🖻 📸 🖽	included this batch file
Downloads	for your use as a later
FARM-A.msj	comparison, or if you
FieldGenius archive data	want <i>cheat</i> , you can
FieldGenius temporary drawing backup Juploads	just load the batch file
Oploads	and run it. Do not do
	this if you really want
	to learn how to use our
File name: Property Line Tutorial Save	<u>COGO.</u>
Save as type: *.bch Cancel	

Now, Pick the Start button, and the dialog should show Recording ON.

To begin calculating the property boundaries, Pick the **COGO** button from the Option Bar, or type COGO at the MicroSurvey command prompt. Respond as shown to these prompts:

```
Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt
(Recording) Enter From Point <1>:1 <Enter>
```

That coordinate is not in the file. Please enter it now.

Fill out the dialog as shown (be sure to use the mouse or the TAB key to move between fields in the dialog)

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Coordinate Editing	1		
Point Number: 1 Copy			
Northing: 1000			
Easting: 2000			
Elevation: 0.			
Description: BAR			
OK Cancel PickPoint			
Help Command Line Entry			

Pick the **OK** button to continue.

Because point #1 did not exist, MicroSurvey automatically asked you to define its location.

Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt
(Recording) Enter From Point: <1> <Enter>
Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle
Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS:<>:155.3030 <Enter>
Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance
Enter the Distance: <>: 30 <Enter>
Enter the Solve Point: <2>: 2 <Enter>
Enter Description:<>: BAR <Enter>
1 N55°30'30"E 30.000 1016.989 2024.726 2
Pick the side you want the bearing placed/Above/Below: A <Enter>

The bearing you just entered can be read as: First Quadrant (1), Fifty-five degrees, Thirty minutes, Thirty seconds, or N 55° 30'30" E.

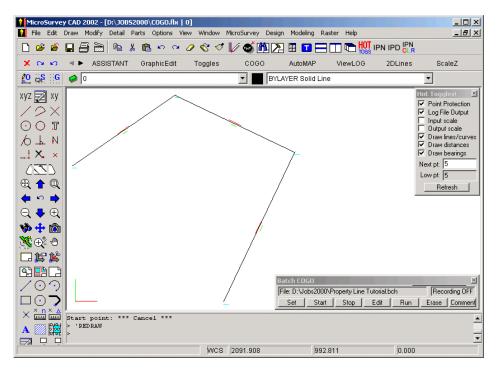
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Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt (Recording) Enter From Point: <2> (At this point pick the Zoom Extents button on the left side menu so we can see the info already entered) ('ZOOMFIT will appear on the command line) (Recording) Enter From Point: <2> <Enter> Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS: <>: 2..1-120 <Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter the Distance: <>: 32 <Enter> Enter the Solve Point: <3>: <Enter> Enter Description:<BAR>: POST <Enter> 2 S64°29'30"E 32.000 1003.208 2053.607 3 Pick the side you want the bearing placed/Above/Below: A <Enter> By replying to ENTER BEARING with "2..1-120", you told MicroSurvey to take the bearing from point 2 to point 1 and turn a counterclockwise angle of 120 degrees. Now let's continue... Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt (Recording) Enter From Point: <3><Enter> Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS:<>: 2..3+90 <Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter the Distance: <>: 40 <Enter> Enter the Solve Point: <4>: <Enter> Enter Description:<POST>: <Enter> S25°30'30"W 3 40.000 967.107 2036.381 4 Pick the side you want the bearing placed/Above/Below: A <Enter>

Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt
(Recording) Enter From Point: <4> ZE <Enter> (ZE is Zoom
Extents)

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At this point the screen should look like this:



Rather than continuing from point 4, we are going to jump back to point 1 and started a new calculation:

```
(Recording) Enter From Point: <4>1 <Enter>
Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle
Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS:<>: 1..2+92 <Enter>
Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance
Enter the Distance: <>: 37.5 <Enter>
Enter the Solve Point: <5>: <Enter>
Enter Description:<BAR>: <Enter>
1 S32°29'30"E 37.500 968.370 2020.144 5
```

Pick the side you want the bearing placed/Above/Below: A <Enter>

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Distance/Distance Intersection

Next is a DISTANCE - DISTANCE calculation so we can establish the center point of the curve at the front of the property. Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt (Recording) Enter From Point: <5>4 <Enter> Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS: <>: <Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter the Distance: <>: 22 <Enter> Enter the Solve Point: <6>: <Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter Distance2: <>: 22 <Enter> Enter the To Point: <5> <Enter> Point :6 North : 947.363 East : 2026.678 Do you want to use this solution (Y/N) (N for other solution) Y <Enter> 4 S26°10'16"W 22.000 947.363 2026.678 6 Enter Description:<BAR>: C <Enter> Pick the side you want the bearing placed/Above/Below: A <Enter> N17°16'38"W 22.000 6 968.370 2020.144 5 Pick the side you want the bearing placed/Above/Below: A <Enter> Point :6 North : 947.363 East : 2026.678 Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt (Recording) Enter From Point: <6> ZE <Enter>(ZE is Zoom Extents)

Note that no special commands were required to do the DISTANCE -DISTANCE calculation; MicroSurvey knew to do this when you replied to a

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bearing prompt with the **<enter>** key. This logic is followed for all intersection calculations. Since this calculation yields two possible solutions, you were offered the opportunity to use the "other" solution. Generally MicroSurvey works in a clockwise manner, so the first solution offered is usually the clockwise solution.

3 Point Curve

Now we do a 3 point inverse to draw the curve and get the curve information:

Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt
(Recording) Enter From Point: <6>5..6..4 <Enter>

Curve Inverse	Information <table-cell></table-cell>	×		
Radio	us: 22.000			
Delta Ang	le: 43°26'55''			
Arc Leng	th: 16.683			
Tangent Leng	th: 8.766			
Chord Leng	th: 16.286			
Chord Bearin	ng: S85°33'11''E			
OK	Help			
Arc:	16.68	Chord:	16.29	Tangent:
Delta:	43.2655	Radius:	2	2.00

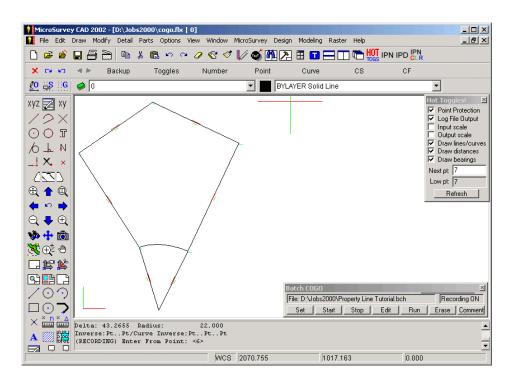
By entering three numbers as shown above, you told MicroSurvey to compute an angle clockwise from point 5 to point 4 with point 6 as the center of curvature.

You should see this now:

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107

8.77



More COGO

Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt
(Recording) Enter From Point: <6> 1 <Enter>
Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle
Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS:<>: 2..1 <Enter>
Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance
Enter the Distance: <>: 2..1 <Enter>
Enter the Solve Point: <7>:13 <Enter>
Enter Description:<C>: (space) <Enter>
1 S55°30'30"W 30.000 983.011 1975.274 13

Pick the side you want the bearing placed/Above/Below: A <Enter>

Entering the distance as "2..1" tells MicroSurvey to use the distance from point 2 to point 1, or 30 meters in this case.

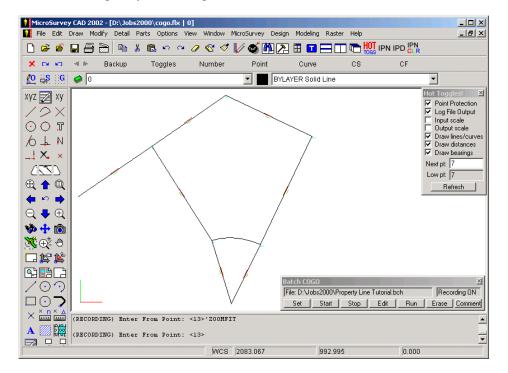
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Bearing/Distance Intersection

Next we want to do a BEARING - DISTANCE calculation from point 13 and point 6. Again, we will get two possible solutions and this time the "other" solution will be the one we want.

```
Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt
(Recording) Enter From Point: <13> ZE <Enter>(ZE is Zoom
Extents)
```

At this point your drawing should look like this:



(Recording) Enter From Point: <13> <Enter>

Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS:<>: 13..1+70 <Enter>

Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter the Distance: <>: <Enter>

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Enter the Solve Point: <14>: <Enter> Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing #2 like QDD.MMSS: <>: <Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter Distance2: <>: 22 <Enter> Enter the To Point: <14> 6 <Enter> Point :14 North : 933.912 East : 2044.087 Do you want to use this solution (Y/N) (N for other solution) N <Enter> Point :14 North : 959.450 East : 2008.296 Do you want to use this solution (Y/N) (N for other solution) Y <Enter> 13 N56°40'24"W 22.000 959.450 2008.296 14 Enter Description:< >: POST <Enter> Pick the side you want the bearing placed/Above/Below: A <Enter> S56°40'24"E 22.000 947.363 14 2026.678 6 Pick the side you want the bearing placed/Above/Below: A <Enter>



Do a redraw to ensure the screen looks clean by picking one of these 3 buttons on the left side menu.

And More COGO

Now we calculate point 19:

Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt
(Recording) Enter From Point: <14> 3 <Enter>

Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS:<>: 2..3 <Enter>

Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter the Distance: <>: 2.35 <Enter>

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Enter the Solve Point: <7>:19 <Enter> Enter Description:<POST>: (space) <Enter> 3 S64°29'30"E 2.350 1002.196 2055.728 19 Pick the side you want the bearing placed/Above/Below: A <Enter> Since we did not want any description for this point, we used the spacebar to blank the default that was offered. Now we calculate Point 20: Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt (Recording) Enter From Point: <19> < Enter> Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS: <>: 229.2930 <Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter the Distance: <>: 1..2 <Enter> Enter the Solve Point: <7>: 20 <Enter> Enter Description:<BAR>: (space) <Enter> 19 S29°29'30"E 30.000 976.083 2070.497 20 Pick the side you want the bearing placed/Above/Below: A <Enter>

Now we will calculate Point 21 using a Distance-Distance Intersection. Take the second distance from the points on the drawing by entering a two point inverse:

Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt
(Recording) Enter From Point: <20> <Enter>

Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS:<>: <Enter>

Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter the Distance: <>: 33.2 <Enter>

Enter the Solve Point: <21>: <Enter>

Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance

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Enter Distance2: <>: 4..6 <Enter> Enter the To Point: <21> 6 <Enter> Point :21 North : 951.388 East : 2048.307 Do you want to use this solution (Y/N) (N for other solution) Y <Enter> 20 S41°56'32"W 33.200 951.388 2048.307 21 Enter Description:< >: BAR <Enter> Pick the side you want the bearing placed/Above/Below: A <Enter> S79°27'21"W 22.000 21 947.363 2026.678 б Pick the side you want the bearing placed/Above/Below: A <Enter> Point :21 North : 951.388 East : 2048.307

More 3 Point Curves

Next we do a 3 point inverse to draw the curve between points 4 and 21 and get the curve information:

```
Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt
(Recording) Enter From Point: <21> 4.6..21 <Enter>
```

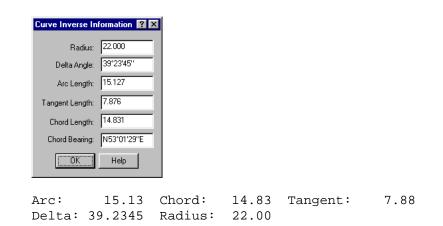
Curve Inverse In	formation 🔛 🔀
Radius:	22.000
Delta Angle:	53°17'05''
Arc Length:	20.460
Tangent Length:	11.037
Chord Length:	19.730
Chord Bearing:	S37°11'11''E
OK	Help

Arc: 20.46 Chord: 19.73 Tangent: 11.04 Delta: 53.1705 Radius: 22.00

And the last curve can be calculated between points 14 and 5.

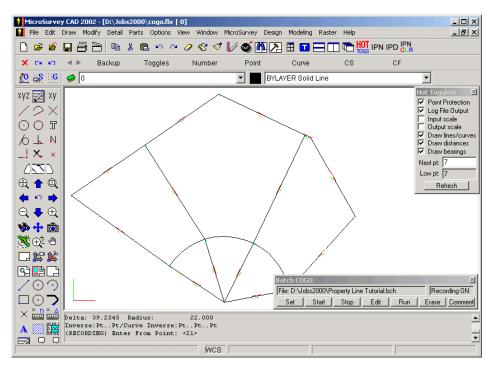
Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt
(Recording) Enter From Point: <21> 14.6.5 <Enter>

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Setting the Toggles

At this point your job should look like this:



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Now we will use the Hot Toggles dialog to change the toggles so that MicroSurvey will not draw bearings and distances on the sides of the house and shed.

Click on the **Draw Bearings** toggle. Click on the **Draw Distances** toggle.

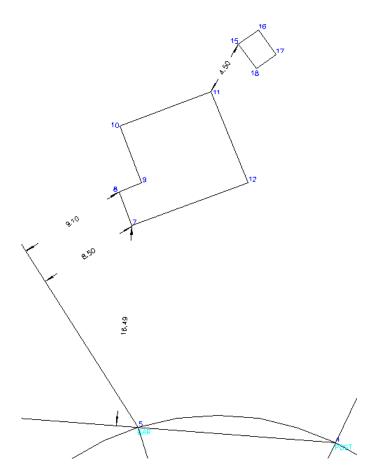
The Hot Toggles dialog should now look like this:

Hot Toggles! 🛛 🛛
Point Protection
🔽 Log File Output
Input scale
C Output scale
Draw lines/curves
Draw distances
Draw bearings
Next pt: 7
Low pt: 7
Refresh

Locating the Buildings (Using OFFSETS)

Now we will locate the house and shed on the center property. The figure below shows these structures in expanded detail as defined by the field notes.

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We begin locating the structures with a BEARING - BEARING intersection with OFFSETS. The bearings are taken from the lines by doing two point inverses. The offset distances are entered by using a % sign. Long ago one of our customers said they always write their field notes with o/s to signify offsets so they recommend we use the % sign. It works...

Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt
(Recording) Enter From Point: <21>5 <Enter>

Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS:<>: 5..1%8.5 <Enter>

Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter the Distance: <>: <Enter>

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Enter the Solve Point: <7>: <Enter> Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing #2 like QDD.MMSS: <>:5..4%-16.49 <enter> Enter the To Point: <6> 5 < Enter> Enter Description: <C> (space) <Enter> 984.947 5 N01°39'31"W 16.584 2019.664 7 7 S01°39'31"E 16.584 968.370 2020.144 5 To review: the % sign used in the bearings tells MicroSurvey that you are entering information on an offset. Positive is to the right and negative is to the left of the reference line. Next is a BEARING - DISTANCE intersection with an OFFSET. Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt (Recording) Enter From Point: <7> 5 <Enter> Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS: . 5..1%9.1 < Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter the Distance: <>: <Enter> Enter the Solve Point: <8>: <Enter> Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing #2 like QDD. SS: <>: <Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter Distance2: <>: 3 <Enter> Enter the To Point: <6> 7 <Enter> Point :8 North : 987.749 East : 2018.591 Do you want to use this solution (Y/N) (N for other solution) Y <Enter> 5 N20°57'17"W 3.000 987.749 2018.591 8

Enter Description:<C>: (space) <Enter> S20°57'17"E 3.000 8 984.947 2019.664 7 Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt (Recording) Enter From Point: <8> <Enter> Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS:<>: 8..7-90 <Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter the Distance: <>: 2 <Enter> Enter the Solve Point: <9>: <Enter> Enter Description:< >: <Enter> N69°02'43"E 2.000 988.464 2020.459 8 9 Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt (Recording) Enter From Point: <9> < Enter> Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS:<>: 9..8+90 <Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter the Distance: <>: 5 <Enter> Enter the Solve Point: <10>: <Enter> Enter Description:< >: <Enter> 9 N20°57'17"W 5.000 993.133 2018.671 10 Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt (Recording) Enter From Point: <10> < Enter> Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS: <>: 10..9-90 <Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter the Distance: <>:8 <Enter> Enter the Solve Point: <11>: <Enter>

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Enter Description:< >: <Enter> N69°02'43"E 10 8.000 995.994 2026.142 11 Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt (Recording) Enter From Point: <11> <Enter> Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS:<>: <Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter the Distance: <>: 8.1 <Enter> Enter the Solve Point: <12>: <Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter Distance2: <>: 10.2 <Enter> Enter the To Point: <12> 7 < Enter> Point :12 North : 988.504 East : 2029.224 Do you want to use this solution (Y/N) (N for other solution) Y <Enter> 11 S22°21'59"E 8.100 988.504 2029.224 12 Enter Description:< >: <Enter> 7 12 S69°35'36"W 10.200 984.947 2019.664 Point :12 North : 988.504 East : 2029.224

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Work on the SHED

This completes the house; now we proceed to the shed. For the following DISTANCE - DISTANCE calculation, we will select the "other", or NEAR solution. Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt (Recording) Enter From Point: <12>11 <Enter> Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS:<>: <Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter the Distance: <>: 4.5 <Enter> Enter the Solve Point: <15>: <Enter> Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance Enter Distance2: <>: 17.5 <Enter> Enter the To Point: <12> 2 <Enter> Point :15 North : 999.541 East : 2023.372 Do you want to use this solution (Y/N) (N for other solution) N <Enter> Point :15 North : 999.881 East : 2028.410 Do you want to use this solution (Y/N) (N for other solution) Y <Enter> 11 N30°16'10"E 4.500 999.881 2028.410 15 Enter Description:< >: <Enter> N12°09'07"W 15 17.500 1016.989 2024.726 2 Point :15 North : 999.881 East : 2028.410 Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt (Recording) Enter From Point: <15> 2 <Enter>

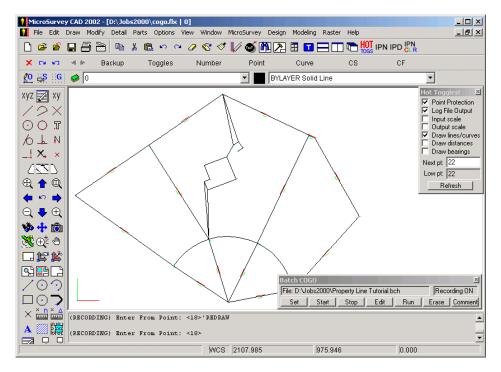
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```
Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle
Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS:<>: <Enter>
Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance
Enter the Distance: <>: 16.8 <Enter>
Enter the Solve Point: <16>: <Enter>
Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance
Enter Distance2: <>: 2 <Enter>
Enter the To Point: <3> 15 <Enter>
Point :16 North : 1001.049 East : 2030.033
Do you want to use this solution (Y/N) (N for other solution) Y <Enter>
    S18°24'55"E
                   16.800
                             1001.049
2
                                         2030.033
                                                     16
Enter Description:<POST>: (space) <Enter>
16
     S54°15'40"W
                    2.000
                             999.881
                                        2028.410
                                                    15
Point :16 North : 1001.049 East : 2030.033
Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt
(Recording) Enter From Point: <16> <Enter>
Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle
Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS: <>: 16..15-90 <Enter>
Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance
Enter the Distance: <>: 2.5 <Enter>
Enter the Solve Point: <17> : <Enter>
Enter Description:< >: <Enter>
16 S35°44'20"E
                   2.500
                             999.020
                                         2031.494
                                                      17
Inverse:Pt..Pt/Curve Inverse:Pt..Pt..Pt
(Recording) Enter From Point: <17> < Enter>
Options: +/- or Pt..Pt+-Angle
```

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Enter Quadrant Bearing like QDD.MMSS:<>: 17..16-90 <Enter>
Options: C#=-*/sin/cos/tan... or Pt..Pt(+-*/) a Distance
Enter the Distance: <>: 15..16 <Enter>
Enter the Solve Point: <18> : <Enter>
Enter Description:< >: <Enter>
17 S54°15'40"W 2.000 997.851 2029.870 18

We need to erase a few extra lines that are on the drawing, but at this point your drawing should look like this:



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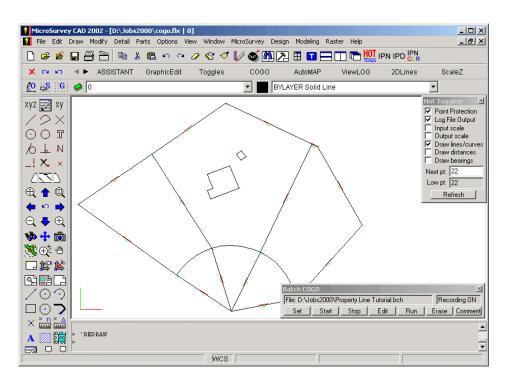
Line Inverse

Inverse:PtPt/Curve Inverse:PtPtPt
(Recording) Enter From Point: <18> 1518 <enter></enter>
Line Information: ? × Number: Northing: Easting: Elevation: Starting Point: 939.881 2028.410 0.000 Ending Point: 18 937.851 2029.870 0.000 Bearing/Azimuth: S35°44'20''E Distance: 2.500 Scaled Distance: OK Help Help Help Help Help
15 S35°44'20"E 2.500 997.851 2029.870 18
Inverse:PtPt/Curve Inverse:PtPtPt (Recording) Enter From Point: <18> Esc

Job Complete

The shed is now complete. Finally, by deleting unneeded lines, we get the property drawing shown below.

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Final property drawing

Save your job by picking the SAVE command from the File pulldown menu.

Now, Pick the Stop button on the Batch COGO Control window. It should show Recording OFF.

Pick the Edit button and you should see something like this window. It has been expanded so you can see more:

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	wing Technolog	gy ™ - [Batcl	n COGO Editor	: Property Lin	e Tutorial]				
Edit Win	dow Help		1999 - 1999 1997 - 1999					2.	
BU 	QU								
TL	ON	<u> </u>							
TB	ON	1							
TD	ON	<u> </u>							
TF	ON	4000 000000	00000 0000000	0.00000000	BAB				
SP	·····	1000.000000	÷	0.00000000	BAR BAR				
TR TR	1		30 32	2	POST				
TR TR	2		32 40	3 4	POST				
TR	د 1	23+90	40 37.5	4 5	BAR				
DD	4	12+92	ە. <i>ب</i> ە 6	22	DAR 5		с		
TR	4	22	2.1	13	5	CW	<u> </u>		
BD	13			22	6	ccw	POST		
TR	13	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	19	•	CCW	POST		
TR	ۍ 19	2:.3	2.35 1.2	20					
DD	20	33.2		46	6	CW	BAR		
TD	OFF	33.2	21	40	0	CW	DAN		
тв	OFF	<u> </u>							
BB	5	51%8.5	7	54%-16.49	5				
BD	5	÷	8	3	7	cw			
TR	8		2	9			<u>i</u>		
TR	9		5	10					
TR	10	109-90	8	11					
DD	11	8,10	12	10.2	7	cw			
DD	11	4.5	15	17.5	2	CCW			
DD	2		16	2	15	CW			
TR	- 16		2.5	17					
TR	17		1516	18					

Pick the SP and you can edit the starting coordinates.

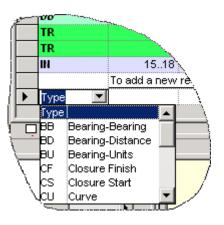
Store Pt	Pt Num	North	East	Elev	Description
SP	1	1000.000000	2000.000000	0.00000000	BAR

Pick the Edit menu and you can see all the commands available for building a batch file:

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E	
Undo	Ctrl+Z
Redo	Ctrl+Y
Сору	Ctrl+C
Duplicate	Ctrl+D
Paste	Ctrl+V
Delete	
Find	Ctrl+F
Run Batch File	Ctrl+R
Interactive Mode	
Convert To Comments	
Convert from Comments	
Insert Bearing-Bearing (BB)	
Insert Bearing-Distance (BD)
Insert Bearing Units (BU)	
Insert Closure Finish (CF)	
Insert Closure Start (CS)	
Insert Comment	
Insert Curve (CU)	
Insert Distance-Angle (DA)	
Insert Distance-Distance (Di	D)
Insert Delete Point (DP)	
Insert Inverse (IN)	
Insert List Point (LP)	
Insert Store Point (SP)	
Insert Toggle Bearings (TB)	
Insert Toggle Distances (TD)
Insert Toggle File (TF)	
Insert Toggle Lines (TL)	
Insert Traverse (TR)	

Scroll to the Bottom of the Grid and Pick the Type Cell \rightarrow it will change to a pull down combo box with all the record types listed:



(End of tutorial)

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Earthwork Volume Tutorial

Because of the size and complexity of this tutorial we have broken it down into 14 smaller steps to make it easier for you to follow.

- Step 1) Starting the Job
- Step 2) Setting the Defaults and Toggles
- Step 3) Importing a Data Collector File
- Step 4) Creating the Traverse File
- Step 5) Processing and Editing the Traverse File
- Step 6) Coordinate the Traverse
- Step 7) Working with AutoMAP
- Step 8) Start the First Surface
- Step 9) Make the First TIN
- Step 10) Start the Second Surface
- Step 11) Extract the Second Surface
- Step 12) Make the Second TIN
- Step 13) Calculate Volumes between the 2 Surfaces
- Step 14) Cross Sections across the Job

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Starting the Job

From the Project Manager, make sure you are working in the Jobs2000 folder.

Then pick on the **NEW** button to start a new job. Set the new job name to VOLUMES

Enter New M	ISCAD Pro Drawing Name:					?>	<
Look jn: 🔂	Jobs2000	•	£	<u></u>	ä		
Download Uploads COGO.flx FARM-A.fl	k						
J File <u>n</u> ame: Files of <u>t</u> ype:	VOLUMES *.flx			•		<u>O</u> pen Cancel Find	

Pick the **OPEN** button to continue.

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Setting the Defaults and Toggles

As soon as the job is open you are asked to check or set the General Defaults.

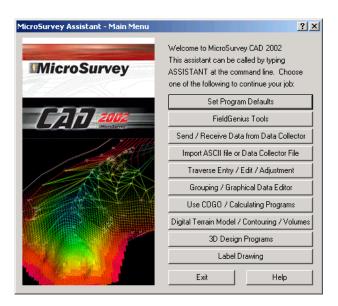
General Configuration Options				
Data version number: 04.00 Distances: C Metric C Feet C Feet C Azimuths C South				
Drawing Scale factor: 500				
Default Leroy Text Size: 100				
Input Scale factor: 1				
Output Scale factor: 1				
Point Protection Tolerance: 0.00001				
Set Surface File and Current Surface				
MicroSurvey 10/11/12 Data File:				
Browse				
Job Description: Farm Survey				
Client name: MicroSurvey				
Miscellaneous info: Tutorial #2				
Set these defaults as Permanent				
OK Toggles Cancel Help				

Please take the time to make your General Defaults the same as shown here. Pick the **OK** button to continue.

Now that your job is open, you have many options presented to you. The first set of options are available from the **MicroSurvey Assistant – Main Menu**. This is a floating dialog box with commands on it that you can pick.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002





We will go and check and set the program defaults. To do this pick the button **Set Program Defaults**. Next you will be given another dialog box to choose from.

MicroSurvey Assistant - Defaults Menu 🛛 😤 🗙				
These options control how MicroSurvey builds your drawing and does your calculations.				
General	Drawing Details			
Drawing Units	COGO Toggles			
Bearings	Distances			
Points	Elevations			
Descriptions	Lot Areas / Labelling			
Streets / Roads	CAD Settings			
Ok Help Exit				

In this dialog box we can choose to set any of the drawing defaults that we may need. In this tutorial we are going to assume that everything we do not look at is considered okay for this job.

We need to check our Toggles so pick the **COGO Toggles** button. This will show you the following dialog boxes. Please make yours look the same as ours shown here. When done pick the **OK** button.

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Preferences		? ×
General Settings Field Note Entry CA	D Drawing	Controls
AutoSave Minutes:		
Next Point Number:	_	
	out scale fa	ator
	itput scale f	
	IGO vertica	- 1
	toAdd Data t East. Nort	
Clear Log File		
ОК С	ancel	Help
Preferences		? ×
General Settings Field Note Entry CA	D Drawing	Controls
Mode: SideShot		
	Description Auto Coord	n translation
	Offset shot	
	Auto numb	er points
ОК С	Cancel	Help
Preferences		? ×
General Settings Field Note Entry CA	D Drawing	Controls
CAD Lines Pop Up	CAD Curv	
	Draw poin	
	Draw desc	
	Draw elev	
✓ Draw bearings	Draw poin	iis
ОК С	Cancel	Help

System Toggles dialog boxes

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Pick the **OK** button to continue. This will take you back again to the **MicroSurvey Assistant – Defaults Menu**. Press the **OK** button to return to the **MicroSurvey Assistant – Main Menu**.

Importing a Data Collector File

From here we are going to go through the steps to read our data collector file from the hard drive into our program and save it into a traverse file.

Pick on the button labeled **Import ASCII File or Data Collector File**. You will see this next dialog box.

In	Import ASCII File or DC File					
	This menu allows you to start your drawing by importing data.					
	Import Data Collector ASCII File					
	ASCII Import					
	AutoMAP Library Editor					
	Process AutoMAP Connections					
	Connect Points by Description (ZXY.)					
	Connect Points by SDRMAP Method					
	Connect Points by Nikon AIMS Method					
	Ok Help Exit					

We are going to import a data collector raw file so pick the button labeled **Import Data Collector ASCII File**. This will bring up a dialog box with all the different collector types that we support.

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MicroSurvey Assistant - Import DC File						
Choose the Data	Choose the Data Collector to Analyze:					
SMI RAW ASCII file	EMXS Raw					
Sokkia 20/22/24	Sokkia 33 / PowerSet					
Nikon 300	Nikon 400					
Nikon 500	Nikon 700					
Nikon DR2 (Cansel)	TDS 48/500/Husky					
Geodimeter 400 (older)	Newer Geodimeter (stacked)					
Leica GSI 8 / 16	Leica/Wild GRE / Gif 10					
Leica DXM MicroSurvey	Topcon FC4/On Board					
Topcon 210/310 Meas.	Topcon 210/310 Coord.					
Ok Help Exit						

As you can see, the list of supported collector files is very large and includes all the major brands on the market. For this tutorial we will use a file collected in the Topcon format. (This is not saying that Topcon is the collector of choice, only that the file used in this tutorial was of this format. All of the other collector formats would give equally suitable data in this type of job.)

Pick the button labeled **Topcon FC4/On Board (bottom left corner of the dialog)**. As soon as you do you will be presented with the following dialog box;

In	nport Toggle Check
	System Toggles
	Point protection
	CAD Drawing Controls
	✓ Draw point numbers ✓ Draw elevations
	☑ Draw descriptions ☑ Draw points
	AutoMAP Controls
	Draw AutoMAP Symbols Set Up AutoMAP System
	OK Cancel Help

This allows you to quickly check or change your toggles before proceeding. Pick the **OK** button to continue.

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You will then be asked to give the file name of the collector file. Go to the **\MSCAD2002\TUTORIAL** directory and pick on the file **Fc4-big2.raw**.

Enter name of	TOPCON ray	v data file:				<u>?</u> ×
Look in: 🔂	Tutorial		•		* 🎫 -	
CNB-MAP.RI	LC	🏧 map001.tif	1	sokkia.	.raw	
CONTOURS	.flx	GAMPLE-3D.flx		survey	raw.	
CONTOURS	.pst	SAMPLE-3D.pst				
📓 Fc4-big2.rav	w	CAMPLE-HELMERTS	.fl×			
MAGE.RLC		DA SAMPLE-HELMERTS	.pst			
COT.FLX		📓 smi.raw				
•						►
File name:	Fc4-big2.raw] [Oper	n l
Files of type:	*.*		ľ	-	Cance	el
					Help	

Once you have selected the correct file, press the OPEN button to continue.

Creating the Traverse File

You will then be presented with the dialog box asking if this is a New or Existing Traverse.

Create a New traverse database file or use an Existing one?					
re the data you are ''importi	ng'' into a database file calle	d a 'traverse' database file.			
You are being asked if you want to put this data into a new database file or append onto an existing file.					
If you are importing a downloaded data collector or total station file, then you should realize that this will NDT alter the original downloaded data file.					
If you are not sure, then you should make a NEW file.					
Now file	Evisting file				
THEW HIS	E Nisting file				
Cancel	Help				
	re the data you are "importi want to put this data into a loaded data collector or tota d data file. u should make a NEW file. New file	re the data you are "importing" into a database file calle want to put this data into a new database file or append loaded data collector or total station file, then you should d data file. u should make a NEW file. New file Existing file			

This is a **New Traverse** so pick the New Traverse button. Now you will be asked to name your traverse file. This allows you to have several traverses in one job and keep them all organized so you can work on them separately.

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Enter the Tra	verse File Name:		<u>? ×</u>
Look in: 🔂	VOLUMES.MSJ		📸 🎫 -
DB_COORI DB_LINE.N DB_NODE. DB_POLY.I DB_POLY.I DB_TEXT.M	IX NX NX		
File name:	Volumes		Open
Files of type:	*.nx	•	Cancel
			Find

You can name your traverse file anything that makes sense to you. I have chosen the name **VOLUMES** for the traverse. The program will use the project name as the default. Once you have entered the name press the **Save** button.

Next you will be asked to enter some information about this traverse. You may leave this blank if you wish but a good practice is to fill in the information as it is used later in printouts.

Enter Traverse Parameters		
Job Description:	Stock Pile	
Crew:	2 Guys	
Instrument Number:	4	
Temperature:	75F	
Pressure:		
OK Ca	ncel Help	

Then press the **OK** button to continue.

From this point, the program very quickly reads the raw data file from the hard drive and stores it into our traverse file. You will see the information scrolling very quickly at the top of the screen in the prompt area. You should see 4 points on the main screen. These were points entered as coordinates in the raw collector file. The rest of the shots have been recorded as raw data and have not been coordinated. We will do that next...

Processing and Editing the Traverse File

You will see this dialog box in the middle of the screen.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

MicroSurvey	×
Edit th	ie raw data file?
Yes	No

Pick on **YES** so we can see the raw data in the traverse file and confirm that it is correct and complete.

Job Desc	Crew	Inst Num	Temp	Pressure	Start Date			
Stock Pile	2 Guys	4	75F		10/12/101	I		
Station	BS Pt	BS Azm	BS Read	Inst Ht				
1	2		180°00'00"	1.560				
Shot Pt	Trgt Ht	Hz Ang	Vt Ang	Slp Dist	Desc	North	East	Elev
2	1.450	180°00'00"	99 ° 59'50"	71.938	NL	4929.154	5000.000	87.62
5	1.450	340°23'10"	95°47'55"	125.156	NL	0.000	0.000	0.00
118	2.100	181"35'55"	120°08'10"	23.280	BOTTOM	0.000	0.000	0.00
119	2.100	187°53'30"	113°03'00"	30.130	BOTTOM	0.000	0.000	0.00
120	2.100	191°40'05"	109°01'50"	36.320	BOTTOM	0.000	0.000	0.00
121	2.100	189°59'35"	105°40'55"	43.510	BOTTOM	0.000	0.000	0.00
104	2.100	181°41'25"	120°07'00"	23.290	TOP	0.000	0.000	0.00
105	2.100	159°42'50"	117°06'30"	20.950	TOP	0.000	0.000	0.00
106	2.100	136°51'45"	115°24'45"	19.860	TOP	0.000	0.000	0.00
107	2.100	115°52'50"	118°09'50"	20.660	TOP	0.000	0.000	0.00
108	2.100	100°37'25"	122 ° 56'05"	19.980	TOP	0.000	0.000	0.00
109	2.100	79°40'25"	111"38'25"	20.450	TOP	0.000	0.000	0.00
110	2.100	51°03'50"	116°53'20"	20.820	TOP	0.000	0.000	0.00
111	2.100	36°34'40"	120°22'30"	22.650	TOP	0.000	0.000	0.00
117	2.100	36°34'40"	120°22'30"	22.640	BOTTOM	0.000	0.000	0.00
116	2.100	31"43'20"	117°00'35"	24.980	BOTTOM	0.000	0.000	0.00
115	2.100	16°47'55"	112°03'20"	30.570	BOTTOM	0.000	0.000	0.00
114	2.100	15°07'15"	109°53'05"	33.590	BOTTOM	0.000	0.000	0.00
113	2.100	9°27'10"	108°19'40"	36.070	BOTTOM	0.000	0.000	0.00
112	2.100	356°26'25"	106°18'35"	40.280	BOTTOM	0.000	0.000	0.00
103	5.000	346°38'20"	101°22'35"	42.950	BOTTOM	0.000	0.000	0.00
102	6.000	335°34'25"	98°29'40"	48.280	BOTTOM	0.000	0.000	0.00
101	6.000	333*16'20"	97°47'15"	52.640	BOTTOM	0.000	0.000	0.00

Coordinate the Traverse

Select Re-coordinate Traverse from the Edit Menu on the Active Drawing Editor. Or you can type Ctrl-R if the editor window is current.

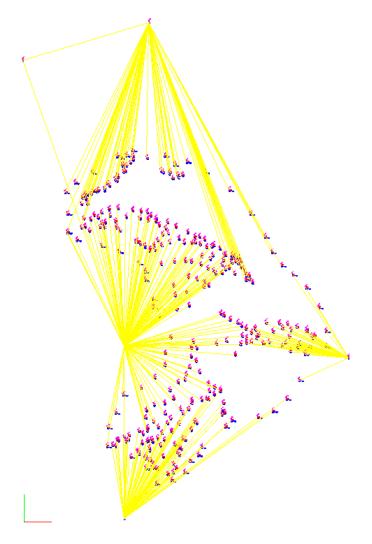
You will be given the option of creating a Recoordination Report or Log. Accept the defaults as shown:

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Recoordination Report (Log)	? ×
Multiple Shots Option	
Et me choose the shots FS Shots Report	
C Choose Very Last Shot as the Correct Shot	
Average multiple shots	
Point Protection Status : ON	
BS and VA check routine	
Reack Sight (BS) Check React Vertical Angle Check	
Dist. Tolerance (m / feet) 0.05	
Angle Tolerance (dms) 0.01	
OK Cancel Help	

Now you will see the coordinates being calculated in the prompt area on top of the screen as well as the information being drawn into the graphics window. The entire job will be imported and displayed on screen.

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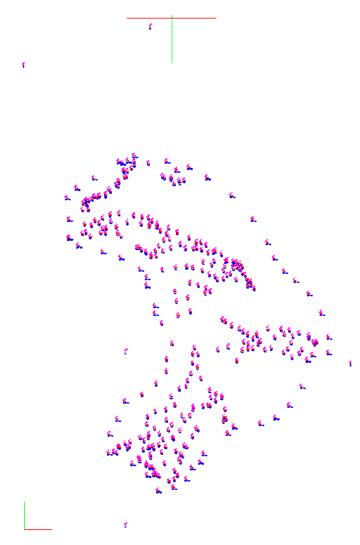


The linework you see is only temporary and will be erased as soon as you do a zoom command or a redraw command. You will be left with nothing but the points at that time. To be able to do a zoom or redraw command we have to exit out of the MicroSurvey Assistant menus. Press the **OK** button and then the **EXIT** button to get out of the assistant. Then do a **Zoom Fit** (zoom extents) by picking this button on the left of the screen.



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You will now see the points as shown below.

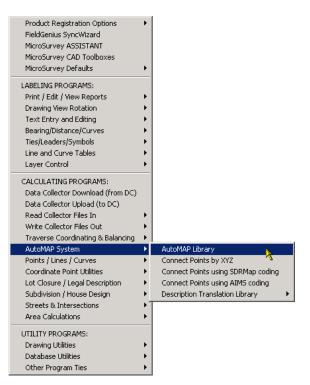


Working with AutoMAP

Our objective is to calculate the volume of this pile of earth. To do this we need to layer separate the data to help us build the two surfaces. In other words we want all the points with descriptions of TOP to be on one layer and the points with descriptions of BOTTOM on a different layer. This will make it easier to select the correct points to create surfaces to generate volumes.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

To do this we are going to use the AutoMap program. You can find this in the MicroSurvey pulldown menu as shown. This command is available in other locations as well.



This will display the dialog box below.

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AutoMAP Library Ec	liting System	? ×
Current Library:		
C:\MSCAD2001\msc	ad\mscad.csv	
Descriptions in Lib Double click to ea		
ICI AI ICI_AP ICI_CM ICI_DIP ICI_FSC ICI_FSCP ICI_FSCP ICI_FSCP ICI_FSRP ICI_FSWP ICI_FSWP ICI_FTH ICI_FLP	New Renam	Edit Delete
New Library	Open Library	Save Library
ОК	Help Scan Dbase	
Proces	s AutoMAP Connection	ns Now

This is a powerful command but we will just use a portion of it's power in this tutorial. First thing you need to do is pick the **New Library** button. This will remove the current listing of descriptions (which do not match our current job) and allow us to then pick the **Scan Dbase** button which will go to our job and look up every description we used and display them, ready for editing.

AutoMAP Library Ec	liting System	? ×
Current Library:		
Descriptions in Lib Double click to ea		
BOTTOM NL TOP		
	New	Edit
	Renar	ne Delete
New Library	Open Library	Save Library
OK	Help	Scan Dbase
Proces	s AutoMAP Connectio	ns Now

This job has 3 different descriptions. BOTTOM, TOP and NL. We do not need the NL description as it only defined the control points and is not related to the surfaces we are creating, so we are going to delete this description from

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our list. This will not erase the points for the job. It only means that the points will not be relocated to another layer or have linework connecting them, so do not worry. Pick the description **NL** from the left side of the dialog and then pick the **Delete** button.

You will be asked if you are sure that you wish to delete this description.

MicroSu	vey 🔀
?	Delete AutoMAP Library Entry(s)?
	Yes <u>N</u> o

Pick the YES button to continue.

This will leave you with only the BOTTOM and TOP descriptions to be edited. Now pick on the description BOTTOM and pick the **Edit** button. You will now see this dialog box.

AutoMap Editor			? ×
Point Description:	BOTTOM		
Labeling Defaults:			Symbol Preview:
Plotted Description:	воттом		
Legal Writer Description:			
Description Text Layer:	воттом		
Browse Symbol:			
Symbol Scale Factor:	0 🗖 No Scale	ок	Cancel Help
Symbol Insertion layer:	воттом		
Connecting line trim radius:	0		
Move to Layer:	Z method & AutoMAP Conn	ection Info: -	AutoMAP Line Work
	Layer: BOTTOM	-	C 2D Connection
	Linetype: CONTINUO	US 🖣	3D Connection
	Color	-	C Lines
Point Node			0 :Width

This dialog box has many options on it. The ones we are concerned with are in the bottom half. Set your program to match the dialog below. We are not applying any symbols, but we are going to draw a 3D polyline connecting all the points with the description Bottom, in increasing point number order. We

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AutoMap Editor		? ×
Point Description:	воттом	
Labeling Defaults:		Symbol Preview:
Plotted Description:	ВОТТОМ	
Legal Writer Description:		
Description Text Layer:	воттом	
Browse Symbol:		
Symbol Scale Factor:	0 🗖 No Scale	
Symbol Insertion layer:	воттом	OK Cancel Help
Connecting line trim radius:	0	
Move to Layer:	Z method & AutoMAP Con Layer: BOTTOM Linetype: CONTINUC	Connect Points C 2D Connection C 3D Connection

the description and polyline. Note: Set the layer color to Red.

are also moving the nodes, elevations and point numbers to the same layer as

When you have set all the options as above then press the **OK** button and edit the description TOP in the same method. The settings are shown below. **Note: Set the layer color to Blue.**

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AutoMap Editor			? ×
Point Description:	TOP		
Labeling Defaults:			Symbol Preview:
Plotted Description:	TOP		
Legal Writer Description:			
Description Text Layer:	TOP		
Browse Symbol:			
Symbol Scale Factor:	0 🗖 No Scale		
Symbol Insertion layer	TOP	ОК	Cancel Help
Connecting line trim radius	: 0		
Move to Layer:	-Z method & AutoMAP Con	nection Info: -	AutoMAP Line Work
	I TOD		Connect Points 2D Connection
Vumber	Layer: TOP		 2D Connection 3D Connection
Elevation	Linetype: CONTINUC	DUS 🗾	C Lines
Point Node	Color		Polylines
			0 :Width

Pick the **OK** button after setting the above dialog.

Lets save this library for future use. Pick on the Save Library button.

Enter AutoMA	P Library Name:			? ×
Save in: 🔂	MSCAD	- 1	<u> 1</u>	
blocks houselib mapping Palettes a fieldtofinish a mscad.csv	🛐 Nikon.csv 🛐 sdrmap.csv .csv			
File <u>n</u> ame:	VOLUMES			<u>S</u> ave
Save as <u>t</u> ype:	*.CSV		-	Cancel
				<u>H</u> elp

Give the library a unique name of VOLUMES, as shown above. Pick the **SAVE** button to continue.

Now all that is left is to process the settings for the descriptions. Press the **Process AutoMAP Connections Now** button.

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Now you will see the following dialog box;

XYZ Connection Method Option			
Welcome to the XYZ Connection program.			
This program will connect your points based upon the XYZ prefix you have added to the descriptions.			
You have the option of connecting in 3D for breaklines, 2D for basic surveying, or skip the connection method.			
3D Lines 2D Lines			
Skip XYZ Method Help			

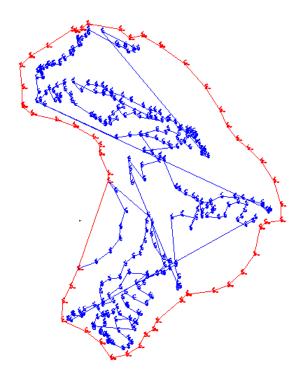
Because we are not using the Z-Coding option in this example, simply pick on the **Skip XYZ Method** button to continue.

Using the layer manager (green button near the top left side of the screen) we will freeze the layers shown below by picking on the **layer names** to highlight them. Hold down the Control Key on the keyboard to make a multiple selection. Pick the **FRZ** button to freeze the layers – lastly, pick the **OK** button to exit the command.

er Manager Layer				ОК
<u>Current</u> Current Layer: 0	3W	<u>R</u> enam	e <u>S</u> elect Used Layers: 7 of 4096	Cancel
Properties Layer Name I Alphabetically Sorted	Stat <u>O</u> n <u>U</u> nl O <u>f</u> f <u>L</u> oc	k <u>I</u> hw	Linetype	<u>Co</u> lor
0 BOTTOM DESCRIPTION ELEVATION MSPOINT POINTNUMBER	On Unl On Unl On Unl On Unl On Unl On Unl	Thw Thw Frz Frz Frz Frz Frz	CONTINUOUS CONTINUOUS CONTINUOUS CONTINUOUS CONTINUOUS CONTINUOUS	Black Red Blue Magenta Black Red
TOP	Ön Ünl	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Blue

Now your job should look like this.

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The Bottom points have all been placed on the BOTTOM layer and connected by a 3D Polyline and the Top points have all been placed on the TOP layer and connected separately by another 3D Polyline.

Start the First Surface

Now we are ready to generate 2 surfaces to calculate volumes from. The first surface will have all of the Top and Bottom points to define the upper surface of the pile.

To do this we will load the palette from the Modeling pulldown menu by picking on the option **Load Modeling Toolbox**. The following palette (toolbox) will appear on screen. Move it to a convenient location on the right of the screen.

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<u>□1 - S</u> ‡‡	urface Models
	**
*# 7 +	±₽ ; ‰
9	D X
Ŧ	<u>⊳</u> ≥
£	→ 🖺



To extract points to a surface, **pick this button**.

The following dialog box will appear. Please fill it out as shown below and then pick the **OK** button to continue.

Extract to Surface	? X
This program merges points into the selected or entered surface	.
Select DTM Surface: TOP	
Make surface current	11000
OK Cancel Help	

After picking the OK button you will be asked to select all the points to be used in this surface. We need all of the points on screen to form the top surface so **simply press the ENTER button to select them all**.

It should report in the command prompt area;

```
727 points total in surface.
```

We have now defined the surface by extracting the points, but we now also need the breaklines to add more detail and make the surface accurately reflect the surface edges of the pile.

To extract the breaklines to the same surface, **pick this button**.

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The following dialog box will appear. Please fill it out as shown below and then pick the **OK** button to continue. <u>Note: remove the Clear before extract</u> <u>checkbox!</u>

Extract Breaklines to DTM Surface	? ×
This program merges breaklines into the selected or entered surface.	
Select DTM Surface: TOP	ĺ
Make surface current	
OK Cancel Help	

After picking the OK button you will be asked to select all the breaklines to be used in this surface. We need all of the linework on screen to help form the top surface so **simply press the ENTER button** to grab them all. You should see something like this on the text screen:

```
2 Break Lines extracted
337 stacked points dropped,
Auto densification...
756 triangles built
1206 triangles built
1308 triangles built
1348 triangles built
1372 triangles built
1386 triangles built
1398 triangles built
321 additional points added to current surface
```

Make the First TIN



Next we need to create a TIN for this surface. **Pick this button**. If from the palette.

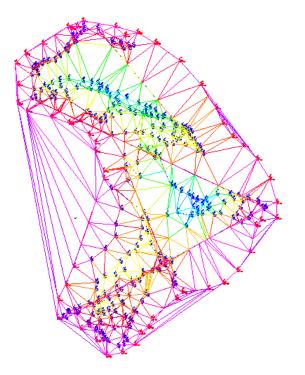
The TIN command will ask you several questions. Answer them as follows;

Surface name <TOP>: <Enter>

None/Show/Draw/Redraw <Show>? <Enter>

This will temporarily display the TIN so we can confirm that the TIN has been generated correctly.

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A redraw or zoom command will remove the TIN from the screen.

Start the Second Surface

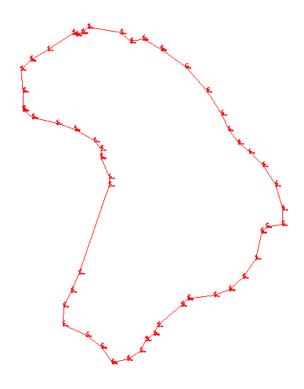
Now we need to create the Bottom surface. It is difficult to pick the points around the outside edge of the pile without accidentally picking other points as well, so we will isolate the bottom layer on screen. This command can be found on the **MicroSurvey pulldown menu** \rightarrow Layer Control then pick the **ISOLATE** option.

After the command load you will be asked to:

Select item on layer to isolate: Pick on one of the red lines,
then press <ENTER>

Now the job should look like this:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002



Extract the Second Surface

To extract the points to a new surface, pick this button.



The following dialog box will appear. Please fill it out as shown below and then pick the **OK** button to continue.

Extract to Surface ? 🗙
This program merges points into the selected or entered surface.
Select DTM Surface: BOTTOM
Make surface current V Clear before extract
OK Cancel Help

After picking the OK button you will be asked to select all the points to be used in this surface. We need all of the points on screen to form the bottom surface so **simply press the ENTER button** to grab them all.

It should report in the command prompt area;

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002



117 points total in surface.

So far we have the points that help define the surface but we now also need the breaklines.

To extract the breaklines to the same surface, **pick this button**. The following dialog box will appear. Please fill it out as shown below and then pick the **OK** button to continue. **NOTE: Remove the Clear before** <u>extract check box.</u>

Extract Breaklines to DTM Surface 🛛 🛛 🔀		
This program merges breaklines into the selected or entered surface.		
Select DTM Surface: BOTTOM		
Make surface current		
OK Cancel Help		

After picking the OK button you will be asked to select all the breaklines to be used in this surface. We need all of the linework on screen to help form the bottom surface so simply press the ENTER button to select them all.

Make the Second TIN



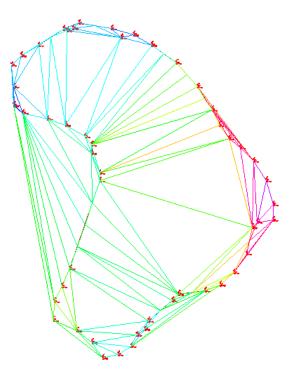
Next we need to create a TIN for this second surface. **Pick this button**. from the palette.

The TIN command will ask you several questions. Answer them as follows; Surface name <BOTTOM>: <Enter>

None/Show/Draw/Redraw <Show>? <Enter>

This will temporarily display the TIN so we can confirm that the TIN has been generated correctly.

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A redraw or zoom command will remove the TIN from the screen.

Calculate Volumes between the 2 Surfaces

Now we can finally calculate the volume between the surfaces called TOP and BOTTOM.

We can calculate the volume in two different ways. First we will run the **Surface Volume** command from the **Modeling pulldown menu** \rightarrow **Volumetrics**.

Fill out the two surface names as shown with the **TOP** surface on the left and the **BOTTOM** surface on the right. Be sure to pick the check box beside Surface Name to be able to enter the BOTTOM surface

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Surface Volume	? X
First Surface: Surface Name: top	Second Surface:
Volume Based On: Planar Tin Tin with Derivatives Grid Tgrd Label Areas	File Output: File Name Image: State Stat
OK	Cancel Help

Now pick the **OK** button and volumes will be calculated and displayed in the command prompt area on screen. Flip to the command prompt window by pressing the **F2 function key** (a second time to return to the normal screen)

The volume will be displayed like this.

Using conversion factor of 1. Volume of TOP-BOTTOM based on a planar tin. Positive Volume Negative Volume Net Volume 46522.834 -3.449e-005 46522.834

The negative volume shown here is so small that it does not affect the job in any way and was due to minor deviations in the way the two TINs were generated. Your final volume is 46,522.834 m³ (because our job was in metric – if it had been feet then the units would have been cubic feet by default)

The Second way to calculate the volumes between the same two surfaces is the Area Volume command.



Run the Area Volume command by **picking this button** from the palette.

Fill out the surfaces in exactly the same way as we did above for the Surface Volume command. Pick **OK** to continue.

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Now for the slight difference between the two methods. You are now prompted...

```
Select area polygons:
Return to select all visible or
Select objects: Pick the RED polyline around the bottom of
the pile and press <enter>
```

(**NOTE:** When doing one of your real jobs instead of this tutorial – the polyline around the base may not be created properly with the AutoMAP command due to the order the points were picked up in, in the field. You may find that you have to manually draw a polyline from point to point instead.)

The polyline you pick now is the one that we drew with AutoMAP, around the base of the pile.

The volume report will be the same – confirming that we have the correct answer.

Using conversion factor of 1.

Volume of TOP-BOTTOM based on a planar tin.

Area	Positive Volume	Negative Volume	Net Volume
	46522.834	-3.449e-005	46522.834

Area 1 will also be labeled on the drawing.

Cross Sections across the Job

For those who wish to confirm the volume by seeing cross sections to prove the answer, we have just the feature to do this.

Under the **Design pulldown menu** \rightarrow **AutoRoute** options there is a command **Across Full Surface**.

Design Design Toolbox Design Defaults Design Label Precision	
DESIGN PROGRAMS: Design <u>P</u> alettes Auto Site <u>D</u> esign	
AutoRoute Volumes Sewer/Storm Mains Water Mains UTILITY PROGRAMS:	HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT Design Alignment Edit Alignment Label Alignment Create Using Lines and Arcs Read. HRZ File
Te <u>x</u> t Line <u>F</u> ence Line I_ree Line Pa <u>r</u> king Stall Layout Symbol Palettes ▶	Vite .HRZ File Query POT for Alignment Info VERTICAL ALIGNMENT Create Cross Section Template
	Extract Existing Ground Profile Design Vertical Alignment Edit Vertical Alignment Query/Label VPI Bead.VRT File Write .VRT File
	CROSS SECTIONS: Create <u>N</u> ew Design Surface Extract Cross Sections from Alignment Across Full Surface

You will be asked which surface you wish to plot. Select TOP and press OK.

Surface Name	? ×
	•
ВОТТОМ ТОР	
ОК	Cancel

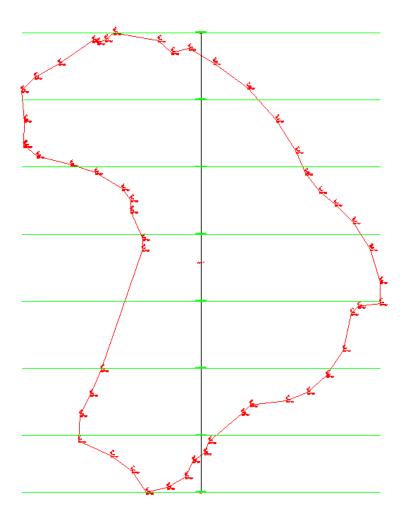
Next you will be asked which way do you wish to run the center line for all the cross sections to be related to. Then you will be asked for the Interval for the cross sections.

Begin on which side of surface
North/South/East/<West>: N <Enter>

Enter cross section interval: ${f 20}$

A center line and cross section lines will be drawn over the job as reference.

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If you wish, you can erase these lines, or leave them for later reference. Your choice!



I left them on in my example by answering NO.

Next you will be asked if you wish to plot the cross sections.

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MicroSurvey	×
? Plot cr	oss sections?
<u>Y</u> es	<u>N</u> o

Answer **Yes** to this and you will get the following dialog box that controls the grid on the cross sections.

Cross Section Grid Parameter	ters ? 🗙	
Grid Interval	Label Interval	
Elevation 5.0	Elevation 5.0	
Offset 10.0	Offset 5.0	
Station Range	Grid Size	
From 0.00	All same size	
To 120.00	C Fit to section	
Offset Labels	Exaggeration 2	
C Horizontal	Sheet Width 1190.0	
 Vertical 	Sheet Height 840.00	
OK Cancel Help		

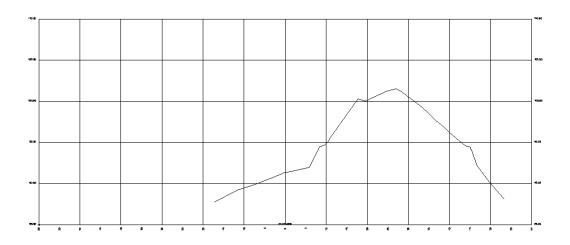
Fill your dialog box out as shown above and when completed press the **OK** button. Note: This job is a Metric job, so the width and height of the sheet are in mm. If you were working in feet, you would put in the inch size of the paper you were using, like 24 x 36

. When you pick the Ok button, You will be prompted with:

Pick lower left corner: This is the insertion point for the cross sections so select a starting point over to the right of the diagram so they do not overlap each other.

Below is one of the cross sections enlarged.

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You can change the color of the layers to get better visual results or for setting pen widths for plotting.

As a double check you can calculate the volume under the cross sections, to work out the volume the old hand method.

Save your job by picking the **SAVE** command from the File pulldown menu. Then be sure to save your surfaces, as you were shown in the Data Collector Tutorial.

(End of tutorial)

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Road Design Tutorial

Because of the size and complexity of this tutorial we have broken it down into 9 smaller steps to make it easier for you to follow.

- Step 1) Opening the Job
- Step 2) Create the Ground Surface
- Step 3) Inputting the Horizontal Alignment
- Step 4) Stationing and Saving the Horizontal Alignment
- Step 5) Create Profile
- Step 6) Design New Profile
- Step 7) Create Cross Section Template
- Step 8) Create New Road Surface
- Step 9) Output Cross Sections

Opening the Job

Start by opening the CONTOURS.FLX file from the Project Manager. The CONTOURS.FLX file should reside in your \MSCAD2002\TUTORIAL directory by default.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

MicroSurvey Project Manager ? 🗙
Project Directory: D:\MSCAD2001\Tutorial
Create Project Directory Set Project Directory
Project Drawings:
Drawings : Preview:
CONTOURS FLX EV_STEP1.FLX EV_STEP10.FLX EV_STEP11.FLX EV_STEP12.FLX EV_STEP13.FLX EV_STEP14.FLX EV_STEP14.FLX EV_STEP14.FLX EV_STEP14.FLX EV_STEP14.FLX
Audit database and drawing on load Movies
New Open Delete Help Cancel
Template Drawing:
🗖 Use Template
Set Template

Pick on the job name and then pick the **Open** button.

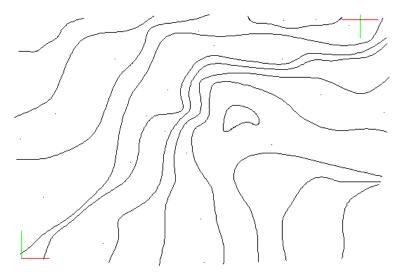
The system General Configuration Options should be set to match the following for this job to work cleanly. Press the **OK** button once they are confirmed to be correctly set.

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General Configuration Options	? ×		
Data version number: 03.10			
Distances: Directions:			
Metric Gerings (NSEW)			
C Feet C Azimuths C Sout	h		
Drawing Scale factor: 1000			
Default Leroy Text Size: 100			
Input Scale factor: 1			
Output Scale factor: 1	-		
Point Protection Tolerance: 0.001			
Set Surface File and Current Surface			
MicroSurvey 10/11/12 Data File:			
Browse			
Job Description: Simple Road Design			
Client name: MicroSurvey			
Miscellaneous info: Tutorial #5			
🔲 Set these defaults as Permaner	nt		
OK Toggles Cancel	Help		

Exit out of the **MicroSurvey Assistant** if it comes up on screen. We will not need this excellent tool for this tutorial.

You will see a series of contours and a few points, they will be used to define your existing surface.



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Create the Ground Surface

Do the SAVEAS command to create a new drawing using the contours as a starting point. This will protect the original data so you can execute the tutorial again if you wish.

Type **SAVEAS** and press **enter**, or go to the File pulldown menu and pick on the **SAVEAS** command..

Save As					? ×
Savejn: 🔂	Jobs2000	-	<u></u>	d	
Downloads	3				
COGO.flx					
🛛 👰 FARM-A.fb					
SOKKIA.flx					
M VOLUMES	. 118				
, File <u>n</u> ame:	CONT.flx				<u>S</u> ave
Save as type:	FLX Drawing (*.flx)		•		Cancel
					<u>H</u> elp

Change the default folder to save in \JOBS2000 and change the file name to CONT.FLX then pick the SAVE button to continue.

Next, we need to extract all of the 3D point data and 3D breaklines (contours) to create the existing surface.

To do this we are going to control what is on screen by isolating the points and the breaklines on screen, one at a time. Under the **MicroSurvey pulldown** menu -> Layer Control pick the ISOLATE option.

Select item on layer to isolate: (pick on one of the points and press Enter) Now all you will see on screen are the points.

Next we will load the Modeling palette from the **Modeling pulldown menu** by picking on the option **Load Modeling Toolbox**. The following palette (toolbox) will appear on screen. Move it to a convenient location on the right of the screen.

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<u>■1 - S</u> 	urface Models

*‡ ? _	±₽ ₽ 70000
	2 3
Ŧ	<u>⊳</u> 🤌
£	→ 🗒



To extract points to a surface, **pick this button**.

The following dialog box will appear. Please fill it out as shown below and then pick the **OK** button to continue.

Dialog	? ×
This program merges points into the selected or entered surface.	
Select DTM Surface: GROUND	
Make surface current 🛛 🗖 Clear before extract	
OK Cancel Help	

After picking the OK button you will be asked to select all the points to be used in this surface. We need all of the points on screen to form the top surface so simply press the ENTER button to grab them all.

It should report in the command prompt area;

21 points total in surface.

So far we have the points that help define the surface but we now also need the breaklines.

Under the **MicroSurvey pulldown menu -> Layer Control** pick on the **UNISOLATE** option, this brings back the breakline layer. Now Under the **MicroSurvey pulldown menu -> Layer Control** pick the **ISOLATE** option.

Select item on layer to isolate: (pick on one of the breaklines (contours) and press Enter) Now all you will see on screen are the breaklines (contours).

To extract the breaklines to the same s	urface, pick this button.
The following dialog box will appear.	Please fill it out as shown below and
then pick the OK button to continue.	

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Extract Breaklines to DTM Surface	? ×
This program merges breaklines into the selected or entered surface.	
Select DTM Surface: GROUND	[
Make surface current	
OK Cancel Help	

After picking the OK button you will be asked to select all the breaklines to be used in this surface. We need all of the linework on screen to help form the top surface so simply press the ENTER button to grab them all.

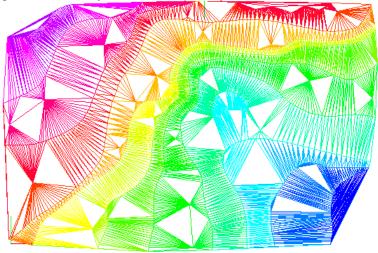
Next we need to create a TIN for this surface. **Pick this button**. from the palette.

The TIN command will ask you several questions. Answer them as follows;

Surface name <GROUND>: <Enter>

None/Show/Draw/Redraw <Show>? <Enter>

This will temporarily display the TIN so we can confirm that the TIN has been generated correctly.



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A redraw or zoom command will remove the TIN from the screen. The Tin will remain in memory.

Inputting the Horizontal Alignment

Now that we have our surface we can create our alignment.

Start by going to the **Design pulldown menu -> AutoRoute** and picking the **Design Alignment** command.

In the Command prompt area, it will ask you the following, please enter the information shown:

Enter alignment name: MAPLE

* NOTE *

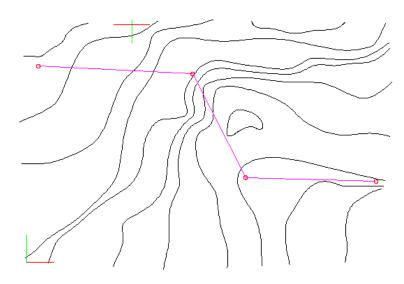
When naming a horizontal alignment, be sure to use only a single word, with no spaces, as the name, such as: ROAD1, Orange_Side_Road, Maple_Street, Pine-Street, Maple

From point: -200,100 To point: 1,90 To point: 70,-45 To point: 240,-50 To point: <Enter>

Note: It is not necessary to enter exact coordinate to create an alignment. You can also "pick" the points on screen.

The center line of the road is now drawn.

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Next you will be asked if you wish to edit the alignment:

MicroSurvey		×
? Edit th	e Alignment?	
Yes	<u>N</u> o	

Answer Yes so we can insert new curves and spirals.

Edit alignment. Add/Delete/Move/Curve/SCS: SCS

Pick POT: <pick the red circle at the FIRST bend in the road> (zoom in if you can not pick it easily. Don't miss it!)

Now you will see the following dialog box.

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Spiral - Cu	urve - Spiral	Calculatio	n					? ×
RADIU:		m/ft) - tano	(m / ft) 100 in 50 ut 0		Spiral Variat Spiral In or Theta Ts Es O	Out SP1 6 83.3768752	717101	OK Cancel Help
0	Calculate Spiral	Variables) [
Station	Degree	Radius	S. Length	DeltaX	Delta Y	Deflection	C. Distanc	ce
### First 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	5,73 5,73 11,46 17,19 22,92 28,65 34,38 40 11	ents. In equ 1000.00 500.00 333.33 250.00 200.00 166.67 142.95	al SCS, secon 5.00 10.00 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 25.00	d spiral is i 5.00 10.00 15.00 20.00 24.99 29.98 24.95	gnored since 0.00 0.03 0.11 0.27 0.52 0.90 1.42	it's the same 0.1432 0.5730 1.2892 2.2918 3.5810 5.1566 7.0197	properties 1 5.00 10.00 15.00 20.00 25.00 29.99 24.00	
	Г	Send Repo	rt to Log File	Name of	f this SCS 🛛			

Fill in the top left corner of the dialog, as shown above, and then pick the **Calculate Spiral Variables** button to calculate the rest of the fields in the dialog box. Pick the **OK** button to place the spirals and curve on the screen.

Pick POT: <Enter>

Edit alignment. Add/Delete/Move/Curve/SCS: Curve

Pick POT: <pick the red circle at the SECOND bend in the road> (zoom in if you can not pick it easily. Don't miss it!)

Enter curve radius: 50

Pick POT: <Enter>

Edit alignment. Add/Delete/Move/Editcurve/Newcurve: <Enter>

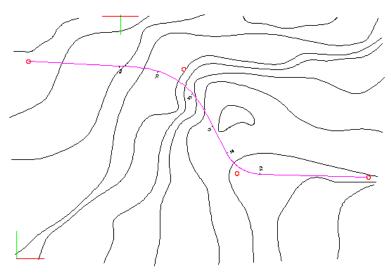
Now you will be asked if you wish to continue and profile the existing ground surface?

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MicroSurvey 🔀
Profile the Alignment?
Yes No

Pick NO for now.

At this point your job should look like this:



Stationing and Saving the Horizontal Alignment

Before we continue with the profile lets label the stationing along the alignment.

Go to the **Design pulldown menu -> AutoRoute** pick on the **Label Alignment** option

Label alignment. Stations/Offsets/NewPoint/ExistingPoints/Report:

STATIONS

There are many options to label and create points along the alignment and on offsets, as well as reports.

We are going to simply label points along the centerline in this example.

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Enter Beginning	Station	? ×
Enter Begin	nning Station	0
(OK)	Cancel	Help

Pick OK to continue

After picking Stations as the method you will have the following dialog box appear:

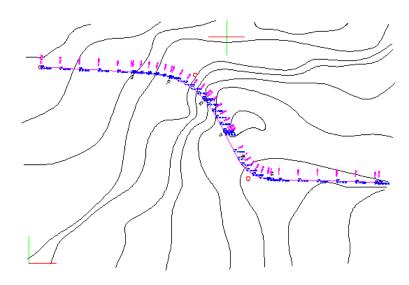
Station Labels		? ×
Tangent Interval	25	 Include Transition and End points Transition Points Only
Curve Interval	10.000000	✓ Total Length
Spiral Interval	10.0	Station Database Options
Label Offset	1	Starting Pt. Num 100
From Station	0.000	Label Option
To Station	0.000	C Parallel
Interval Decimals	2	Perpendicular
TP Decimals	2	TP (Transition Points such as BC, TS, SC)
	ОК	Cancel Help

Fill in the table as shown and pick **OK** to continue.

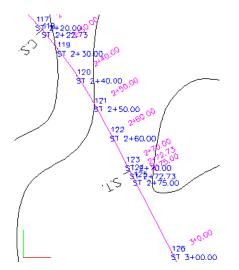
```
Label alignment.
Stations/Offsets/NewPoint/ExistingPoints/Report:
<Enter> to continue
```

Here is what you will see on screen,

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and a close up showing the labeling,



You can see that the tangent, curve and spiral have had the stationing labeled, as well as the beginning of Curve and Spiral. New points have been created along the centerline with the description set as the station. Some text overlap is apparent and a simple move command can clean this up.

Now we should save this alignment to a file to protect us and allow us to retrieve it without having to recreate it from scratch.

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Under the **Design pulldown menu -> AutoRoute** pick on the **Write .HRZ** File option.

On the command prompt window you will see the message that tells you where and what the file is called.

Alignment saved in C:\Jobs2000\MAPLE.HRZ.

Create Profile

Now that we are finished labeling and saving the horizontal alignment – lets continue with the vertical profile.

Go to the **Design pulldown menu** -> **AutoRoute** and pick the **Extract Existing Ground Profile** option.

You will be asked to pick from a list of surfaces – we want GROUND as our surface.

Surface Name	? ×
GROUND	
[OK	Cancel

Pick on the word GROUND and pick the OK button.

Next you will be shown a dialog box that will control how the profile will be drawn.

Change the settings to match this dialog:

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rofile Grid Parameters	?)
	Grid Interval
5 a	Horizontal 10
From Station 0.00	Vertical 5
To Station 505.29	Label Interval
	Horizontal 100
Top Elevation 120.00	Vertical 10
	Scales
Bottom Elevation 95.00	Horizontal 1000.00
Profile Grid Name PGRID-0	Vertical 500.00
	Exaggeration 2.00
OK Cano	cel Help

The only value you need to change is the Grid Interval Horizontal from **100 to 10**. Press the **OK** button to continue. Next you will be asked:

MicroSurvey	×
Begin grid from the	Left? (NO -> Right)
Yes	No

Pick YES to continue

Pick lower starting corner of grid: **<Pick Somewhere Appropriate – maybe Above the Alignment>**

You will be asked if you wish to create the design profile?

MicroSurvey	×
? Design a	new Vertical Profile?
Yes	<u>N</u> o

Answer NO for now.

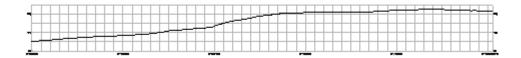
Now lets set the Profile_Grid layer to gray (color 9) for easier visibility, Go to the **Green Layer button** and pick on it. Then pick on the layer, as shown, and change the color to gray(9).

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Layer					ОК	
PROFILE_GRID						
<u>C</u> urrent <u>N</u>	rrent <u>N</u> ew			<u>R</u> ename <u>S</u> elect		
Current Layer:				Used Layers:		
PROFILE_GRID_TEXT			14 of 4096			
Properties						
		Statu	s			
Layer Name	<u>0</u> n	Unlk	Ihw			
Alphabetically Sorted	O <u>f</u> f	Lock	<u>F</u> rz	Linetype	Color	
0	On	Unl	Frz	CONTINUOUS	Black	
DESCRIPTION	On	Unl	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Cyan	
LINES MAPLE	On On	Uni Uni	Thw Thw	CONTINUOUS	Blue Yellow	
MAPLE CRV LBL	On	Uni	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Black	
MAPLE EXGRADE	Ön	Uni	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Black	
MAPLE_POT	On	Unl	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Red	
MAPLE_SCS_LBL	On	Unl	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Black	
MAPLE_STA	On	Unl	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Yellow	
MSPOINT	On On	Uni Uni	Thw Thw	CONTINUOUS	Black Cvan	
POINTS	On	Uni	Frz	CONTINUOUS	Cyan Cyan	
PROFILE GRID	On	Unl	Thw	CONTINUOUS	9	
PROFILE GRID	On	Unl	Thw	CONTINUOUS	Black	

Pick OK to continue.

Now the profile will look like this:



Design New Profile

Now that we have had a chance to look over our existing profile, we now need to create a design alignment.

Go to the **Design pulldown menu -> AutoRoute** and pick on the **Design Vertical Alignment** option. Draw new profile grid or use existing New/<Existing>: **<Enter>**

Enter vertical alignment name: <MAPLE>

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* NOTE *

When naming a Vertical alignment, be sure to use only a single word, with no spaces, as the name, such as:

ROAD1, Orange_Side_Road, Maple_Street, Pine-Street, Maple

At this point, the program will draw a rubber band line from the bottom left corner of the graph. This helps you to find the starting end of the profile. Pick on the graph where you wish to start the new profile line.

Pick first VPI location: < pick near the left edge around the existing profile>

Change the dialog box that comes up, so the station and elevation look like the following;

VPI Location	? ×
Station	0
Elevation 💿	101.250
Grade O	0.0000
OK	Help Cancel

Pick the **OK** button.

Next pick somewhere around the middle of the profile and change the dialog box so the station and elevation match the following;

VPI Location	? ×
Station	225.0
Elevation 💿	111
Grade C	4.3304
OK	Help Cancel

Pick the **OK** button.

and lastly pick over near the top right and change the settings so the station and elevation match the following.

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VPI Location	? ×
Station	505.29
Elevation 💿	117.300
Grade C	2.2481
OK	Help Cancel

Pick the **OK** button. Press **ENTER** to continue.

Next you will be asked:

MicroSu	vey 🔀			
?	Do you want to Edit the Vertical Profile Line? (Add curves or move the VPI points)			
	Yes <u>N</u> o			

Pick YES to continue.

Now you will be prompted, Add/Curve/Delete/Move: CURVE

Select VPI: <**Pick the Red Circle at the FIRST bend in the vertical alignment**> (zoom in if you need to, to be able to pick the red circle cleanly – don't miss it)

Enter or pick curve length: 150 <Enter>

Select VPI: <ENTER>

Add/Curve/Delete/Move: <ENTER>

Next you will be asked if you wish to pass our cross section template along the design alignment and create a new surface.

MicroSu	ч еу 🔀
?	Apply new profile and template to create a new surface?
	<u>Yes</u> <u>N</u> o

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Answer NO for now because we need to create the template first.

Before we do the Cross Section Template, lets label the vertical curve. Go to the **Design pulldown menu -> AutoRoute** and pick on the **Query/Label VPI** option.

Select existing VPI: <**Pick the Red Circle at the FIRST bend in the vertical alignment>** (zoom in if you need to, to be able to pick the red circle cleanly – don't miss it)

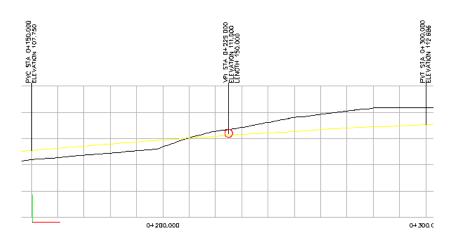
You will see the following dialog box.

Vertical Curve	? ×			
VPI Station	0+225.000			
VPI Elev	111.0000			
Grade In	4.3333%			
Grade Out	2.2477%			
Length	150.000			
Sag/Crest Sta	0+461.652			
Sag/Crest Elev	114.5025			
✓ Label Curve				
MAPLE				
OK Ca	ancel Help			

Be sure to pick the Label Curve box to turn it on. Then pick the OK button to continue.

The curve will be label as shown below:

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Select existing VPI:<enter>

Create Cross Section Template

Before we create the template let us save the Vertical Design file;

Go to the **Design pulldown menu -> AutoRoute** and pick on the **Write .VRT File** option.

The command prompt will display the following to confirm it was saved. C:\Jobs2000\PGRID-0.VRT saved.

Now lets create a template for our road cross section. Go to the **Design pulldown menu -> AutoRoute** and pick on the **Create Cross Section Template** option.

You will see a template editor on screen. This editor has many options that need to be filled out.

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Cross Section Templa	te Builder	? 🗙
Edit C Left Side C Right Side	Template Leg Leg • • 1 Width 5.00 Height -0.10	Side Slope Cut 2.0 :1 Fill 2.0 :1
Load Templat Save an		g

Set each leg to the values shown.

Template Lo	eg ▶ 1
Width	5.00
Height	-0.10

– Template L	eg
Leg 🔳	• 2
Width	1.00
Height	-1.00

-Template Lo	eg
Width	1.00
Height	1.00

delete leg 4,

Set the cut slope = 3.0 and fill slope = 2.0. Repeat legs 1 to 4 for the left side. Once completed your template should look like the following.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

cross Section Templa	te Builder	? ×
		Г
Edit C Left Side Right Side	Template Leg Leg	Side Slope Cut 3.0 :1 Fill 2.0 :1
Load Template	lete Leg Add Lo	

Pick the SAVE and EXIT button.

This will allow you to save the template for future use. Give the template the name of **MAPLE**, as shown.

Enter Templa	te Filenam	e:				? ×
Save in: 🔂	Jobs2000		- 🗈	<u></u>	d	
CONT.prj Downloads	\$					
J File <u>n</u> ame:	MAPLE					<u>S</u> ave
Save as <u>type</u> :	*.TMP			•		Cancel
						<u>H</u> elp

Pick the SAVE button to continue.

The following message is placed in the command prompt window. Cross section template file saved as C:\Jobs2000\MAPLE.TMP.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Create New Road Surface

Now that the cross section template is complete, we can now apply it to the design alignment. Go to the **Design pulldown menu -> AutoRoute** and pick on the **Create New Design Surface** option.

You will then see the following dialog box:

Select Cross	Section Template File:					? ×
Look jn: 🦳	Jobs2000	•	£	<u></u>	<u>r</u>	
CONT.prj Download: Uploads						
File <u>n</u> ame:	MAPLE.TMP		_			<u>O</u> pen
Files of type:	*.TMP			•		Cancel
						Find

Pick on our MAPLE template then pick the OPEN button to continue.

The following dialog comes up next,

Create New Surface	? ×
Existing Surface	GROUND
Horizontal Alignment Name	MAPLE
Vertical Alignment Name	MAPLE
New Surface Name	DESIGN1
Densify Break Interval	1.0
Template File to Apply to Alignmen C:\Jobs2000\MAPLE.TMP	t:
OK Hel	p Cancel

You need to confirm the surface and alignment names match the box shown above. Press the **OK** button.

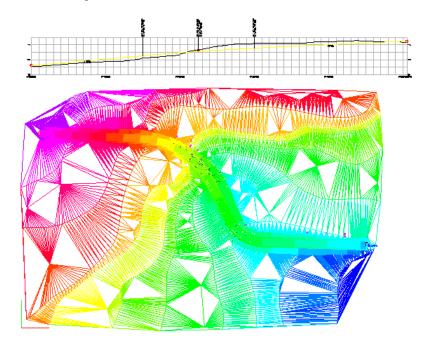
After a short period of time (a few seconds or so), the following prompt appears in the command window.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Draw or Show new TIN? Draw/Show/Noshow:

<Pick SHOW to see the TIN>

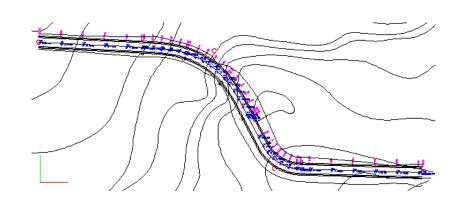
Your drawing should now look like this:



After seeing the TIN you can hit the **redraw** button to clear the TIN. The Surface does stay in memory for future use.

What you will now see on screen is the road with the template applied, showing the outer edge where the template intersects with the original surface.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002



Output Cross Sections

Now lets get some cross sections along the alignment. Go to the **Design pulldown menu -> AutoRoute** and pick on the **Extract Cross Sections from Alignment** option.

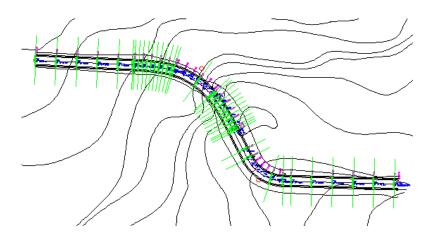
Be sure to set the next dialog box exactly as shown below to ensure you get the correct results. Special attention to ensure you select **BOTH** surfaces as shown.

Extract Cross Sections	? ×
Station	_ Interval
From: 0.00	Curve: 50
To: 509.60	Tangent: 25
Section Width	Spiral: 5
Right: 30.0	Surface Names
Left: 30.0	DESIGN1
Include End Points	DESIGN1_GROUND GROUND
🔽 Include Transition Pts	
🔽 Use Even Stations	
ОК	Cancel Help

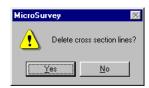
Pick the **OK** button to continue.

This will draw lines on the plan view of the alignment to show where the cross sections will be extracted from.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002



Then	•
1 mon	٠



Answer NO.



When you answer **YES** you will be shown another dialog box that controls the output of the sections. Please fill it out exactly as shown:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Cross Section Grid Parameters				
Grid Interval	Label Interval			
Elevation 5.0 Offset 10.0	Elevation 10 Offset 20			
Station Range	Grid Size			
From 0.00	All same size			
To 500.00	C Fit to section			
Offset Labels	Exaggeration 2			
C Horizontal	Sheet Width 1190.0			
• Vertical	Sheet Height 840.00			
OK Cancel Help				

Pick the **OK** button to continue.

Pick lower left corner: **<this is the starting location for the sections to be drawn>** (go to the right of the drawing so they do not overlap on screen)

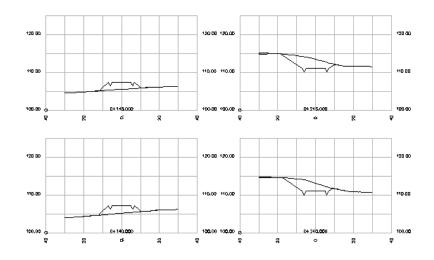
You will see the sheet size outlined and the sections draw within the sheet.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

╺╀┼┼┼┼┼┼╗╺╺╉┼┼ <mark>┥┥</mark> ╗╸┥
╡╫╫╫╫┝╼╡╫╅╞╫╎┑╡╫┿┿╡╎╸ ╡╫╅┅╪┽╷╸╢╫╪╪╫╎╸┨╫┿┿╡╎╸ ╡╫╅┅╪┽╷╺╢╢╧╎╢╎╸╴╢╵╴╴
<u><u></u><u></u></u>
│ <mark>┥</mark> ┼┼┼┼┼┼╎╴┥┼┽┥┼╎╎╴╸╎┾┽╪┽┥╎╺
│ <mark>┙<mark>┤┼┼┟┼┼┼</mark>┥┙┥┼╄╋┥╅<mark>╎</mark>╸┥┼╄╉╡╃╫╎╸</mark>
│╺ <mark>╶┼┼┼┼┼</mark> ┝╼ ╡┼┼┼┼┼ ┝╼ <mark>╡┝╋</mark> ╤╤╤╴╸ │╺ <mark>╴┎┲┲</mark> ╼╕┝╍ ╡╎╄╋╕ ╄╸┝╺ ╶╎╄╦╤ ╤╤╴╸
\ <u>++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++</u>
L

Changed the color of Layer **GRID** to gray (9) as we did above for the profile. Here is a close up of a few of the sections:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002



Be sure to save the drawing and the surfaces, as we covered in a previous tutorial.

(End of tutorial)

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House Placement Tutorial

Because of the size and complexity of this tutorial we have broken it down into 9 smaller steps to make it easier for you to follow.

Step 1) Open the Job

Step 2) Working with the Toolbox

Step 3) Entering a Lot

Step 4) Defining the Lot Sides

Step 5) Entering a House

Step 6) Defining a House

Step 7) Placing a House on the Lot

Step 8) Computing Stakes

Step 9) Staking Reports

Open the Job

Make sure the Project Manager is set to work in the **Jobs2000** folder. If it is not then use the **Set Project Directory** button to choose the correct directory.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

MicroSurvey Project Manager	? ×
Create Project Directory Set Project Directory Project Drawings:	
Drawings : Preview: COGO.FLX CONT.FLX FARMA.FLX SOKKIA.FLX VOLUMES.FLX	
Audit database and drawing on load Movi New Open Delete Help Cancel	es 10
Template Drawing:	
Set Template	

We are going to start a **NEW** job called **LOT** so pick on the **NEW** button and enter **LOT** as the job name. Pick the **OPEN** button to continue.

Enter New M	SCAD I	Pro Drawing Name:					? ×
Look in: 🦳	Jobs20	00	•	£	<u></u>	d	
Downloads Uploads COGO.flx CONT.flx FARM-A.fly	4	🔝 VOLUMES.flx					
File <u>n</u> ame:	LOT		_				<u>O</u> pen
Files of <u>type</u> :	*.flx				•		Cancel
							Find

Next you will see the following dialog box. Set the defaults as shown here

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

General Configuration Options
Data version number: 03.10 Distances: C Metric C Feet C Azimuths C South
Drawing Scale factor: 50
Default Leroy Text Size: 100
Input Scale factor: 1
Output Scale factor: 1
Point Protection Tolerance: 0.01
Set Surface File and Current Surface
MicroSurvey 10/11/12 Data File:
Browse
Job Description: Lot Design+House Placement
Client name: MicroSurvey
Miscellaneous info: Tutorial #6
🗖 Set these defaults as Permanent
OK Toggles Cancel Help

At the bottom of the above dialog box, pick on the **Toggles** button. This brings up the following dialog boxes. Set the Toggles as shown here.

Preferences		? ×
General Settings Field Note En	try CAD Drawing	Controls
AutoSave Minutes:	15	
Next Point Number:	1	
Point protection	Input scale fac	ctor
Point description	🔲 Output scale f	actor
🔽 Print Degree Symbol	🔲 COGO vertica	langle
🔽 Log File Output	🔽 AutoAdd Data	base
Clear Log File	🔲 List East, Nort	h Format
OK	Cancel	Help

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Preferences	? 🗙
General Settings Field Note Entry	CAD Drawing Controls
Mode: SideShot 💌	
Instrument/Target Heights	Description translation
Horizontal/Vertical distance	🔽 Auto Coordinate
True Azimuth Surveying	Offset shots
	Auto number points
OK	Cancel Help
Preferences	? ×
Preferences General Settings Field Note Entry	
General Settings Field Note Entry	CAD Drawing Controls
General Settings Field Note Entry	CAD Drawing Controls
CAD Lines Pop Up Draw AutoMAP Symbols Draw lines/curves Draw distances	CAD Drawing Controls CAD Curves Pop Up CAD Curves Pop Up Draw point numbers
General Settings Field Note Entry ✓ CAD Lines Pop Up ✓ Draw AutoMAP Symbols ✓ Draw lines/curves	✓ CAD Drawing Controls ✓ CAD Curves Pop Up ✓ Draw point numbers ✓ Draw descriptions
General Settings Field Note Entry CAD Lines Pop Up To Draw AutoMAP Symbols To Draw lines/curves Draw distances	✓ CAD Drawing Controls ✓ CAD Curves Pop Up ✓ Draw point numbers ✓ Draw descriptions ✓ Draw elevations
General Settings Field Note Entry CAD Lines Pop Up To Draw AutoMAP Symbols To Draw lines/curves Draw distances	✓ CAD Drawing Controls ✓ CAD Curves Pop Up ✓ Draw point numbers ✓ Draw descriptions ✓ Draw elevations
General Settings Field Note Entry CAD Lines Pop Up To Draw AutoMAP Symbols To Draw lines/curves Draw distances	✓ CAD Drawing Controls ✓ CAD Curves Pop Up ✓ Draw point numbers ✓ Draw descriptions ✓ Draw elevations
General Settings Field Note Entry CAD Lines Pop Up Toraw AutoMAP Symbols Toraw lines/curves Draw distances	✓ CAD Drawing Controls ✓ CAD Curves Pop Up ✓ Draw point numbers ✓ Draw descriptions ✓ Draw elevations

Now pick the **OK** button to return to the previous dialog and pick **OK** again to exit and save the settings in that dialog box.

If the MicroSurvey Assistant comes up on screen – pick the **EXIT** button to remove it from the screen.

Working with the Toolbox

Go to the **MicroSurvey pulldown menu -> Subdivision / House Design** and pick on the **Open Subdivision Toolbox** option.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

P1 - subdiv-s	
Block Lot Report Report	
LOT# New AREA House	
House Report	
╦╤╬╞	
$\widehat{\mathbb{M}} \widehat{\mathbb{M}}$	

The toolbox and can be dragged to any location on screen (by picking in the top bar in the Toolbox and while holding the mouse button down, drag it to the desired location) to make it easy to access but not cover the drawing.

Entering a Lot

Pick on this button:

You will now be asked if you are entering a lot or block.

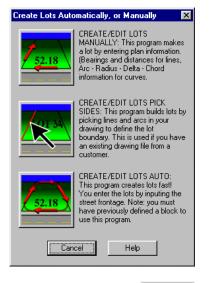
Create/Edit Bloc	ks or Lots 🛛 🗙
LOT 34	CREATE/EDIT LOTS: Choose this option if you want to create a lot or lots, either manually or automatically.
Block 12	CREATE/EDIT BLOCKS: Choose this option if you want to create a block to hold multiple lots like a subdivision plan.
Cancel	Help

In this example we will pick on the **top button** to enter a Lot.



Now you will be asked which of the 3 different ways you wish to enter the lot information.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002





Now fill out the next dialog as show, with the lot number.

Starting Boundary Information	? X
Enter Starting Information:	
Add / Edit Lot Number: 1	•
Starting Point Number: 1	
Starting Northing: 1000	
Starting Easting: 1000	
OK Cancel Help	

Pick on the OK button to continue.

You will then be given some reminders on how to enter your lot.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Start up instructions for manual creation.		
Rear Right Left Front		
- Start at the "front right" corner.		
- Enter the sides in a clockwise direction (as shown above).		
- After you have entered the sides, press the 'Finish' button.		
 You will then be asked to assign each side to either "Front", "Left", "Rear" or "Right". 		
- Press the 'OK' button below to start entering the sides.		
() Help		

Pick on the **OK** button to continue.

Now you will see the following dialog:

Create/Edit Lots:1
Feet Bearing Line Meters Azimuth Curve
Continue Here>>>> Pick Line or Curve to continue entering your lot.
Prev Next Insert Delete Close
Current Location Point # : 1
North: 1000.000 East: 1000.000
Dynamic Zoom 🔽 🕂 Redraw
Finish Cancel Help

There will be many things to enter on this dialog. To start with you need to tell the routine if you are entering a **line** or **curve** – then press **enter** to continue. Then you will be asked to fill in each piece of information on that line or curve. Press enter after each piece of info has been entered.

Here is what the first series of entries should look like:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Create/Edit Lots:1	? ×
Feet Bearing Meters Azimuth	Line Curve
Azimuth 300.3030 Distance 83.2 Next Pt. # 2	Dk Dk Ok
Prev Next: Insert I Current Location Point # : 1 North : 1000.000 East: 1000.000 Dynamic Zoom 🔽	Delete Close
Finish Cancel	Help

After entering this info – press enter and you will be given the previous dialog again, ready for new numbers. You will also see the lot taking shape in the drawing after each side is entered.

Here are the remain pieces of information for you to enter: Fill in everything, one step at a time as you go, and press enter after each item:

Create/Edit Lots:1	Create/Edit Lots:1
Feet Bearing Line Azimuth Curve	Feet Bearing Line Meters Azimuth Curve Chord Azimuth
	Method Azimuth to Radial Point
00.4054	Direction Counterclockwise
Azimuth 20.4251	Chord Azimuth 88.2020
Distance 125.28	Radius 🔽 150
Next Pt. # 3	Arc 🔽 60 Delta 🔽 0 Chord 🖵 0 EC 5
Prev Next Insert Delete Close	Chord [] 0 EL [3 Prev Next Insert Delete Close
Current Location Point # : 2	Current Location Point # : 3
North: 1042.238 East: 928.319	North: 1159.419 East: 972.631
Dynamic Zoom 🔽 🕂 Redraw	Dynamic Zoom 🔽 🕂 Redraw
Finish Cancel Help	Finish Cancel Help

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Create/Edit Lots:1	
Feet Bearing Line Meters Azimuth Curve	
Azimuth 154.2355 Dk	
Distance 80.1 Ok	
Next Pt. # 6 0k	
Prev (INext) Insert Delete Close Current Location Point # : 5	
North: 1161.147 East: 1032.207 Dynamic Zoom ✓	
Finish Cancel Help	
Create/Edit Lots:1	Create/Edit Lots:1
Feet Bearing Line Azimuth Curve Chord Azimuth Method Azimuth to Radial Point	Feet Bearing Line Meters Azimuth Curve
Clockwise Direction Counterclockwise	
Chord Azimuth 210.101	Azimuth 247.1
Radius ₩ 75 Arc ₩ 100 Bad Pt 7	Distance 21.7 Next Pt. # 9
Delta T 76.234 Chord T 92.75547 EC 8	NGALL # Jo
Prev Next Insert Delete Close	Prev Next Insert Delete Close
Point # : 8 North : 1008.720	Point # : 9 North : 1008.720 ⊕ ⊕ ⊖
East: 1020.203 Dynamic Zoom 🔽 💠 Redraw	East: 1020.203 Dvnamic Zoom 🔽 💠 Redraw
Finish Cancel Help	Finish Cancel Help

After you enter in all of the info on the last dialog – pick the **FINISH** button to continue.

You will be presented with the following:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

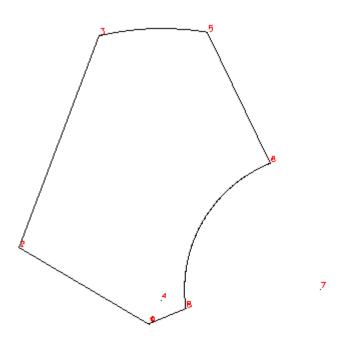


Pick the YES button to continue.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

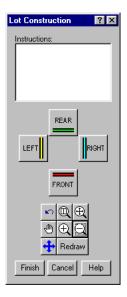
Defining the Lot Sides

At this point you have the following lot drawn.



The following dialog is on screen:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002



You need to pick on each of the 4 buttons labeled Front, Left, Rear and Right, one at a time and then pick the linework related to the button.

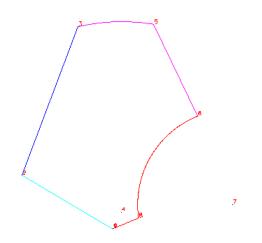
To start, pick the **FRONT** button and then pick the **first line** we drew. Then press **enter** to continue.

Then pick the **LEFT** button and pick the **second line** we drew. Then press **enter** to continue.

Then pick the **REAR** button and pick the **first curve** and the **next line** we drew. Then press **enter** to continue.

Finally pick the **RIGHT** button and pick the **second curve** and **last line** we drew. Then press **enter** to continue.

The lot sides should have changed color to match the buttons on the dialog, as shown below:



Pick the FINISH button to continue.

Next a window will appear showing you the lot report.

C:\Jobs2000\lotreport.txt					_ 🗆 ×
<u>File E</u> dit <u>F</u> ind/Replace <u>H</u> elp					
┝──┴──┴──┴──	£	<u></u>	┉щшшшщ	<u></u>	<u> </u>
C:\Jobs2000\LOT Job D 17:06:44 08/03/00	escriptio	n: Lot Desig	m+House Pla		No.: 1
Lot : 1					
From PNT Bearing Dis 1 300°30'30" i 2 20°42'51" 1: 3 88°20'20" i ARC= 60.00 RAD= 5 154°23'55" i 6 210°10'10" i ARC= 100.00 RAD= 8 247°10'00" i Square Feet : 135' Square Metres: 1260 TOTAL Traverse D: TOTAL Traverse S: CLOSURE Distance ERROR of Closure Frontage: 83.200000.	83.20 25.28 55.60 150.00 DD 80.10 92.76 75.00 DD 21.70 67.4 A .46 He istance : erimeter: tations : n :	1000.000 1042.238 1159.419 ELTA= 22.55(1161.147 1088.911 ELTA= 76.234 1008.720 cres ctares 462.64 470.28 7 214°16'54" 0.36	1000.000 928.319 972.631 1032.207 1066.818 40 - 1020.203 : 0.311 0.126	2 3 5 Area RadNum= 6 Area RadNum= 9	
INS	Page: 1	Line: 23	Col: 1		•
•					Þ

You may print it by going to the **File pulldown menu** in this window and picking the **Print** command.

You may close the window by picking the ${\bf X}$ in the top right corner of the window.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Now you will be asked (and it may have been on screen already)

MicroSurvey 🔀		
? P	rocess another lot?	
<u>Y</u> es	<u>N</u> o	

Pick on **NO** to finish the lot entry.

Entering a House

Pick on this button:

This will bring up the Building Library dialog.

Building Library		? ×
List of buildings:	Preview:	
11		New
Prize		Edit
		Delete
		Сору
		Rename
Building Name		
- Building Number		
Drawing Name		
Draftsman		Lesure 1
Info 1		Edit/Add Info
Info 2		
Date created	Wednesday, July 26, 2000, 19:08	
Date last saved	Tuesday, July 18, 2000, 20:25	
The Preview are building.	a shows a small bitmap picture of the currently	selected
	Exit Building Library Help	

This dialog will display any structures already saved in the library and if you pick on one the preview will show up as well. Pick on the **NEW** button to add one.

You will be given 2 different ways of entering house data.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002



We will pick on the first button to continue.



Next give the house a name of Tutorial and pick the OK button to continue.

Building Name and Units <table-cell> 🗙</table-cell>		
Enter name for new building:		
Tutoria		
Distance Units		
Feet		
C Meters		
	_	
OK Cancel		

At this point a new job is opened to allow you to create the house. You will need to confirm the setup just like you do for other new drawings.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

General Configura	ition Options 🛛 🔋 🗙	
Data version number: 03.10		
Distances:	Directions:	
C Metric	C Bearings (NSEW)	
Feet	Azimuths South	
Drawing	Scale factor: 100	
Default Lero	by Text Size: 100	
Input	Scale factor: 1	
Output	Scale factor: 1	
Point Protection Tolerance: 0.001		
Set Surface File and Current Surface		
MicroSurvey 10/1	1/12 Data File:	
Browse		
Job Descri	iption:	
Client name:		
Miscellaneou	s info:	
🖵 S	et these defaults as Permanent	
OK T	oggles Cancel Help	

Match the entries in the above dialog and pick the **OK** button to continue.

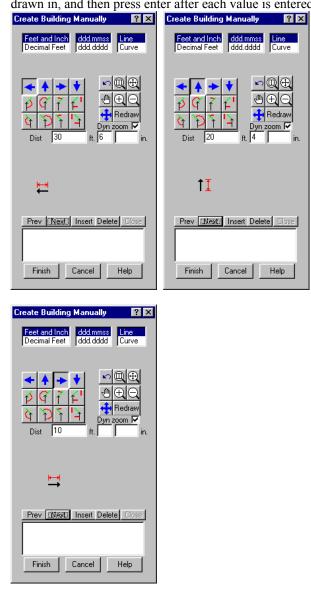
Similar to the lot entry, the following dialog is displayed as a reminder of how to enter the information.

Start up instructions for manual creation.	X
Rear Right Left Front	
- Start at the "front right" corner.	
- Enter the sides in a clockwise direction (as shown above).	
- After you have entered the sides, press the 'Finish' button.	
 You will then be asked to assign each side to either "Front", "Left", "Rear" or "Right". 	
- Press the 'OK' button below to start entering the sides.	
ОК Нер	

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

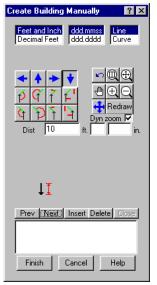
Pick the **OK** button to continue.

Pick each of the entries shown to define the units and direction the line is to be drawn in, and then press enter after each value is entered.



Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

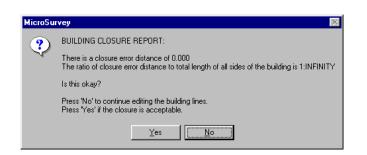
Create Building Manually 💦 🔀	Create Building Manually 💦 🔀
Feet and Inch ddd.mmss Line Decimal Feet ddd.dddd Curve	Feet and Inch ddd.mmss Line Decimal Feet ddd.dddd Curve
	Dist 20 It. 6 in.
μī	₩
Prev INEXE Insert Delete Close	Prev ENARD Insert Delete Close
Finish Cancel Help	Finish Cancel Help



Pick the **FINISH** button to continue.

You will see the following dialog:

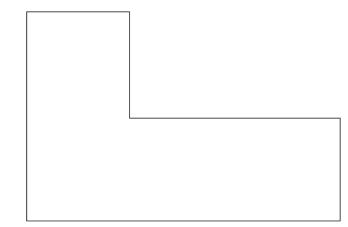
Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002



Pick **YES** to continue.

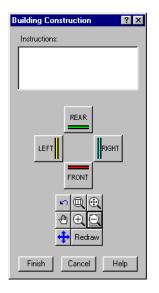
Defining a House

At this point you have the following house drawn.



The following dialog is on screen:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002



You need to pick on each of the 4 buttons labeled Front, Left, Rear and Right, one at a time and then pick the linework related to the button.

To start, pick the **FRONT** button and then pick the **first line** we drew. Then press **enter** to continue.

Then pick the **LEFT** button and pick the **second line** we drew. Then press **enter** to continue.

Then pick the **REAR** button and pick the **next 3 lines** we drew. Then press **enter** to continue.

Finally pick the **RIGHT** button and pick the **last line** we drew. Then press **enter** to continue.

Pick the FINISH button to continue.

Your house has now been saved in the house library and you are returned to the Building Library dialog. Pick on your house name and you will see the preview, as shown below:

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

uilding Library List of buildings:	Preview:	
11		New
Prize Tutorial		Edit
		Delete
		Сору
I		Rename
Building Name		
- Building Number		
Drawing Name		
Draftsman		
Info 1		Edit/Add Info
Info 2		
Date created	Thursday, August 03, 2000, 17:43	
Date last saved	Thursday, August 03, 2000, 17:43	
	allows you to take an existing building from th with a new name. The original building remain	
-	Exit Building Library Help	

Pick the Exit Building Library button to continue.

Placing a House on the Lot

Now we need to place the House on the Lot. We do this by picking this button from the toolbox.



It will bring up the following dialog box. Fill it out as shown.

Getting Started in MicroSurvey CAD 2002

Place Building on Lot ? 🗙
Building Library Name:
Tutorial 💌
Lot Number:
1
Building Reference Name:
T1
Building Point Number: 300
Building Elevation: 0
Insert Building
Help Cancel

Once you pick the **Insert Building** button, the house we designed will now be attached to your crosshair and is ready for placement.

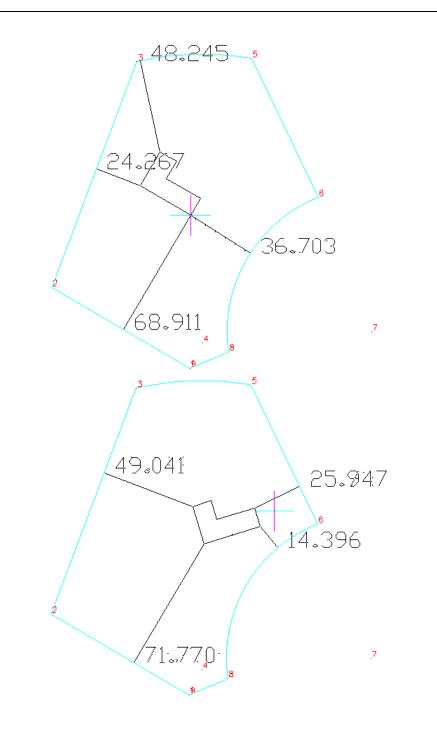
NOTE: As you move the house around you can see the side ties update dynamically. You can switch between rotating, translating and scaling the house by following the instructions on the dialog. You may move the dialog out of the way by picking the top bar and dragging it to the side.

Place Building on Lot 🛛 🔋 🗙
KEYBOARD COMMANDS:
ROTATE> 'R' + ENTER
TRANSLATE -> 'T' + ENTER
SCALE> 'S' + ENTER
PICK ON DRAWING
TO PLACE THE BUILDING IN THE
LOT.
Help Cancel

You will see the house ties update as the house is moved in any direction, giving you the closest tie to the property line, in each direction

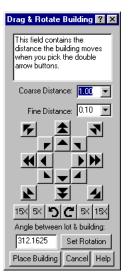
Here are a couple of examples as we move the house around and rotate it to get what we desire.

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Now we need to pick the desired location with the mouse, to place the house roughly on the lot.

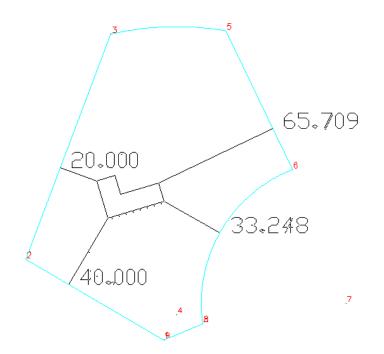


Once the house has been placed roughly on the lot, you will have the ability to fine-tune the exact location by using this **"Tuner"** dialog.

You have course and fine control with the outer and inner directional buttons. You can also specify the amount of movement for the two settings. You may also rotate the house by the rotation arrows and even set the rotation based upon the angle between the house and the lot.

You decide where you wish to place your house. Mine is set as shown.

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When you are happy with the final placement then pick the **Place Building** button to continue.

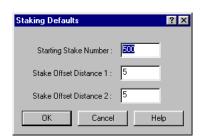
Your house is now coordinated and points are placed on the house corners based upon the starting number and elevations set earlier.

Computing Stakes

Now that you have the house on the lot, we need to add a few stakes to make it easier for the construction crew to layout the house in the field.

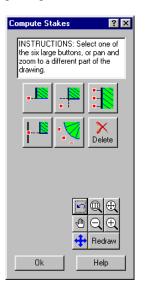
We will add a few stakes around the footprint of the house, offset back from the actual footprint. To do this we will go to the **MicroSurvey pulldown menu** \rightarrow **Coordinate Point Utilities** and pick the **Compute Stakes** option. Set the starting point number and offsets as shown below:

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Pick the **OK** button to continue.

The following dialog box will now appear to let you choose the method of placing stakes.

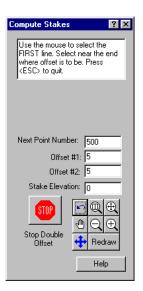


Pick this button to place stakes at the building corners, offset from each line.



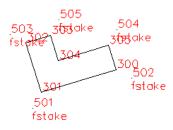
Now you will see the following dialog box:

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Confirm the starting point number and offsets and elevation of the points you are about to place.

Then pick the house sides where you wish to place points. Pick the sides so that you get points as shown below: (The white window at the top of the dialog box will give you instructions to walk you through placing points)



Pick the **STOP** button to end placing new points and return to the previous dialog. Set other points if you desire, by using some of the other routines.

Pick the **OK** button to end the command.

Staking Reports

Now that we have some stakes set, we need to generate a staking report for the field crew.

Go to the MicroSurvey pulldown menu \rightarrow Print / Edit / View Reports and pick on the Stakeout Report option.

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You will see the following dialog box:

Stake Report 🛛 🔋 🗙
This is where help is displayed to explain what each button or edit box is for, as well as telling you what to do next.
Add Pts Remove Pts
Add/Remove by Point #s:
+
► □ □ ● □ □ ● Pedraw
Coordinate Point Report
Angle/Distance Report
Print Drawing
OK Help

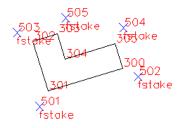
Stake Report 🛛 🛛 🔀
Enter a range of points to be added or removed. (examples: 293 for one point, and 341352 for muliple points)
Add Pts Remove Pts Add/Remove by Point #s: 500505 +
Coordinate Point Report
Angle/Distance Report
Print Drawing
OK Help

In the small white rectangle, enter in the point range for the stakes. In my example I typed **500..505**

Then pick the + sign to the right.

The points on screen should now have little yellow X's on them, like this:

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Now pick on the **Coordinate Point Report** button. Then confirm the report file location and name:

Report File Name	? ×
Enter the name of the Coordinate Report:	
c:\jobs2000\points.txt	_
	-
OK Cancel Help	1

Pick the **OK** button to continue.

The coordinate report is created and displayed in our editor. You may print this report by going to the **File pulldown menu** \rightarrow **Print**.

c:\jobs20	00\points.txt			
<u>File E</u> dit <u>F</u> i	nd/Replace <u>H</u> elp			
<u> </u>		┙┙┫╩┙┙┫┙┙╴	₋_ <u>³</u> 4	<u>5</u>
C:\JOBS200 11:51:42 0		Description: Lot	Design+House Placemen	t Page No.: 1
501,	1057.255,	967.710,	0.000, fstake	
502,	1069.083,	1006.444,	0.000, fstake	
503,	1086.265,	958.851,	0.000, fstake	
504,	1088.211,	1000.603,	0.000, fstake	
505,	1092.107,	977.979,	0.000, fstake	
INS		Page: 1 Line:	: 1 Col: 1	

You may close the window by picking the X in the top corner of the window.

Now pick on the **Angle/Distance Report** button. Then confirm the report file location and name:

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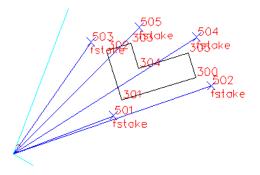
Report File Name		
Enter the name of the Angles Report:		
c:\jobs2000\angles.txt		
OK Cancel Help		

Pick the **OK** button to continue.

Stake Report 🔗 🔀
This will add the selected points to the Angle Report.
Sorting Method:
📀 Angle 🔿 Number
Setup Point: 2
Backsight Point: 3
Azimuths Only
Add Shots View Report
STOP
Coordinate Point Report
Angle/Distance Report
Print Drawing
OK Help

Enter in the **setup** and **backsight** point numbers as show, and pick on the **sorting method** (we will do **Angle** first then **Number**), then pick on the **Add Shots** button. (now do the **Number** option and pick **Add Shots** again)

The drawing will have yellow lines from the setup to each stake. They are temporary and will be removed with a **redraw** or **zoom command**.



Now pick the View Report button to see the two reports we generated.

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	Eind/Replace	— ·			4	le.
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	000\LOT 08/04/00	Job Descripti	on: Lot Desi	ign+House P		age No.: 1
etup Po		Backsight Po				
Pt#	Angle	Distance	Northing	Easting	Elevation	Description
503	14.0136	53.579	1086.265	958.851	0.000	fstake
505	24.0957	70.378	1092.107	977.979	0.000	fstake
504	36.4945	85.666	1088.211	1000.603	0.000	fstake
501	48.2503	42.157	1057.255	967.710	0.000	fstake
502	50.1919	82.610	1069.083	1006.444	0.000	fstake
takeout	report:					
etup Po	int#: 2	Backsight Po	int#: 3			
Pt#	Angle	Distance	Northing	Easting	Elevation	Description
501	48.2503	42.157	1057.255	967.710	0.000	fstake
502	50.1919	82.610	1069.083	1006.444	0.000	fstake
503	14.0136	53.579	1086.265	958.851	0.000	fstake
504	36.4945	85.666	1088.211	1000.603	0.000	fstake
505	24.0957	70.378	1092.107	977.979	0.000	fstake
NS		Page: 1	l Line: l	Col: 1		

The first was sorted by Angles the second by Point Numbers.

You may print this report by going to the **File pulldown menu** (in this window) and pick the **Print** option.

You may close the window by picking the X in the top corner of the window.

Pick the **OK** button to continue.

Save your job by going to the **File pulldown menu** and picking on the **SAVE** option.

(End of tutorial)

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